## 511

## ICOMAA 2024

## ICOMAA $=2024$

## 

ON MAGMgMLACICAL ADVANCTS ANDD ATVLCAIMOS

## ABSTRACT BOOK

Editors
Yusuf ZEREN Murat KíRișçi Adem Cengiz ÇEVIKKEL

ISBN

website

# 7th International HYBRID Conference on Mathematical Advances and Applications 

May 8-11, 2024, İstanbul / TÜRKIYE<br>Abstract Book

Prof. Dr. Yusuf ZEREN
Yıldız Technical University İstanbul, TURKEY

Prof. Dr.Adem Cengiz ÇEVİKEL
Yıldız Technical University İstanbul, TURKEY

Prof. Dr. Murat KİRİŞĊİ

İstanbul Üniversitesi-Cerrahpaşa İstanbul, TURKEY

ISBN: 978-605-69387-5-7
Yıldız Technical University, İstanbul, TURKEY -2024

## FOREWORDS

Dear Conference Participant,
Welcome to the International Hybrid Conference on Mathematical Development and Applications (ICOMAA-24) we organized the sixth. First of all, I would like to start my words by reminding one of G. H. Hardy's words:

## "Mathematics, more than any other art or science, is a young man's game."

This phrase he expressed in his book "A Mathematician's Apology" is quite meaningful. Because Newton discovered his biggest ideas, fluxions and the law of gravitation, when he was just 24 years old. He found the 'elliptic orbit' at 37 years old. Also, Galois(at twenty-one), Abel(twenty-seven), Ramanujan(thirty-three), and Riemann(at forty) had passed away in their youth.

That's why we thought we should continue this series of conferences that brings together exciting and productive young mathematicians. So, we aim to bring together scientists and young researchers from all over the world and their work on the fields of mathematics and applications of mathematics, to exchange ideas, to collaborate and to add new ideas to mathematics in a discussion environment. With this interaction, functional analysis, approach theory, differential equations and partial differential equations and the results of applications in the field of Mathematicsare discussed with our valuable academics, and in mathematical developments both science and young researchers are opened. We are happe to host many prominent experts from different countries who will present the state-of-the-art in real analysis, complex analysis, harmonic and non-harmonic analysis, operator theory and spectral analysis, applied analysis.

I would like to express my gratitude to those who see and appreciate our efforts and innovative steps that we have made to improve our conference every year, to our dear invited speakers and to all our participants. I owe a debt of gratitude to the Scientific committee, organizing committee, local organizing committee and for their efforts throughout this conference series.

The conference brings together about 211 participants and 11 invited speakers from 34 countries (Azerbaijan, India, Algeria, Bangladesh, India, Iran, Iraq, Kazakhstan, Kosovo, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Pakistan, Poland, Saudi Arabia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Yemen, United Arab Emirates, Egypt, Jordan, Kuwait, Nigeria, Bulgaria, United Kingdom, China, Thailand, Kazakhstan, United States, Oman, Czech Republic, Tunisia, Syrian Arab Republic, Poland, Tunisia, Nigeria,).

More than $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ of our participants participated from abroad. This shows that the conference meets the criteria of being international.

It is also an aim of the conference to encourage opportunities for collaboration and networking between senior academics and graduate students to advance their new perspective. Additional emphasis on ICOMAA-24 applies to other areas of science, such as natural sciences, economics, computer science, and various engineering

[^0]sciences, as well as applications in related fields. The articles submitted to this conference will be addressed on the conference web sites and, in the journals, listed below:

- Miskolc Mathematical Notes,
- Türkiye Mathematical Sciences
- Sigma Journal of Engineering and Natural Sciences,
- Istanbul Commerce University Journal of Sciences,
- Journal of Nonlinear Sciences and Applications,
- *Special Issue "Symmetries of Difference Equations, Special Functions and Orthogonal Polynomials" in Symmetry,

This booklet contains the titles and abstracts of almost all invited and contributed talks at the $7^{\text {th }}$ International EConference on Mathematical Advances and Applications. Only some abstracts were not available at the time
of printing the booklet. They will be made available on the conference website https://2024.icomaas.com/ when the organizers receive them.

We wish everyone a fruitful conference and pleasant memories throughout the online conference.

Prof. Dr. Yusuf ZEREN
On Behalf of Organizing Committee Chairman

It was a big excitement moment when Prof. Dr. Yusuf ZEREN discussed with me on the issue of "6 th International Hybrid Conference on Mathematical Development and Applications" (ICOMAA-2024) in Yıldız Technical University, Istanbul. It is a great pleasure that this conference is going to take place now. As one of the organizers of the conference, I am delighted with all the delegates, distinguished mathematicians, speakers and young researchers in this international event. It is expected that delegates and participants will benefit from this conference experience and the legacy of information dissemination will continue.

I wish all of you to have a nice and enjoyable participation in the conference.

Abdel-Aty, M., Egypt
Abdeljawad, T., Arabia
Abdullayev, F., Türkiye
Agarwal, P., India
Akin, L., Türkiye
Aktosun, T., USA
Altomare, F., Italy
Bilalov, B., Azerbaijan
Bouhamidi, A., France
Braha, N., Kosova
Burenkov, V. I., U.K.
Celik, E., Türkiye
Cevikel, A.C., Türkiye
Chalabi, A., France
Cruz-Uribe, D., U.S.A.
Diening, L., Germany
Duman, O., Türkiye
Ersoy, B.A., Türkiye
Fiorenza, A., Italy
Gasymov, T., Azerbaijan
Gogatishvili, A., Czech
Gözeri, G.K., Türkiye
Gulcu, A., Türkiye
Guliyev, V.S., Azerbaijan
Guzel, N., Türkiye
Hästö, P.A., Finland
Hristov, J., Bulgaria
Huseynli, A., Azerbaijan
Isgenderoglu, M., Türkiye
Ismayilov, M., Azerbaijan
Izgi, A., Türkiye
Jbilou, K., France
Kalantarov, V., Türkiye
Kara, E.E., Türkiye
Karakaya, V., Türkiye
Karslı, H., Türkiye
Küçükaslan, M., Türkiye
Klingler, B., France
Kokilashvili, V., Georgia

Kolatoglu, E., Türkiye
Lang, J., U.S.A.
Loeser, F., France
Mamedov, F., Azerbaijan
Mardanow, M.J., Azerbaijan
Mendez, O., USA
Monsurro, S., Italy
Mursaleen, M., India
Nieto, J. J., Spain
Nuray, F., Türkiye
Oleg, R., Russia
Ozger, F., Türkiye
Pascu, M., Romania
Phong, D. H., USA
Pinto, C., Portugal
Piskin, E., Türkiye
Rakotoson, J.M., France
Sajid, M., Saudi Arabia
Samko, S., Portugal
Sari, M., Türkiye
Savas, E., Türkiye
Secer, A., Türkiye
Serbetci, A., Türkiye
Sevli, H., Türkiye
Rezapour, S., Iranian
Sawano, Y., Japan
Shukurov, A., Azerbaijan
Simsek, N., Türkiye
Srivastava, H.M., Canada
Softova-Palagacheva, L., Italy
Soleimani-damaneh, M., Iranian
Sun-Sig, B., South Korea
Stan, A., USA
Tabachnikov, S., USA
Toprakseven, S., Türkiye
Ugur, T., Türkiye
Usta, F., Türkiye
Wang, W., China
Zeren, Y., Türkiye

## ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

Yusuf ZEREN (Chairman)(Turkey)

Misir J. MARDANOV (Azerbaijan)
Necip SIMSEK(Turkey)
Lütfi AKIN(Turkey)
Lyoubomira SOFTOVA PALAGACHEVA (Italy)
Amiran GOGATISHVILI (Czech Republic)
Bijan DAVVAZ(Iran)
Claudia CAPONE (Italy)
Naim L. BRAHA (Kosovo)
Sofiene TAHAR (Canada)
Fatih SIRIN(Turkey)
Seyma CETIN (Turkey)
Cemil KARAÇAM (Turkey)
Feyza Elif DAL (Turkey)

## LOCAL ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

Selim Yavuz, Indiana University, USA

Melih Cinar, Yildiz Technical University, Türkiye
Elif Deniz, Concordia University, Canada
Kubra Aksoy, Concordia University, Canada
Murat Kirişçi,İstanbul Üniversity-Cerrahpaşa,Türkiye
Faruk Özger, Igdır University, Türkiye
Fuat Usta, Düzce University, Türkiye
Selmahan Selim, Yildiz Technical University, Türkiye

Yunus Atalan, Aksaray University, Türkiye
Canay Aykol, Ankara University, Türkiye
Erdem Kocakuşaklı, Sinop University, Türkiye
Mustafa Gezek, Namik Kemal University, Türkiye
Arash Ghorbanalizadeh, IASBS, Iran
Ersin Şener, Kırklareli Üniversitesi, Türkiye
Harun Baldemir, Cankiri Karatekin University, Türkiye
Burhan Tiryakioğlu, Marmara Üniversitesi, Türkiye
Serkan Onar, Yildiz Technical University, Türkiye
Tuğçe Ünver Yıldız, Kirikkale University, Türkiye
Gülşen Ulucak, Gebze Technical University, Türkiye
Hülya Öztürk, Gebze Technical University, Türkiye
Mohammed Alsharafi, Yıldız Technical University, Türkiye

Abuzer Gunduz, Sakarya University, Türkiye
Seher Kaya, Ankara University, Türkiye

| Abdulhamit Küçükaslan, Yıldırım Beyazit University, <br> Türkiye | Anna Balci, University of Bielefeld, Germany |
| :--- | :--- |
| Lubos Pick, Charles University, Czech Republic | Daviti Adamadze, University of Bielefeld, Germany |
| Valdete Loku, University of Applied Sciences, Ferizaj, | Susanna Spektor, Quantitative Science Department, |
| Kosovo | Canisius University, Buffalo |
| Salvatore Tramontano, University of Salerno, Italy | Ruslan Surmanidze, Ivane Javakhishvili Tbilisi State <br> University Faculty of Exact and Natural Sciences |
| Rosamaria Rescigno, University of Salerno, Italy | Malkhaz Bakuradze, Ivane Javakhishvili Tbilisi State |
| Emilia Anna Alfano, University of Salerno, Italy | University Faculty of Exact and Natural Sciences |
| Irshaad Ahmed, Sukkur IBA University, Pakistan | Mehmet Özükanar, Yıldız Technical University, Türkiye |
| Julio S. Neves, University of Coimbra, Portugal | Elif Demir, Yıldız Technical University, Türkiye |
| Pankaj Jain, South Asian University, India | Sünnet Avezov, Yıldız Technical University, Türkiye |
| Abdu Alameri, University of Sicence and Technology, | Ani Ozbetelashvili, Ivane Javakhishvili Tbilisi State |
| Yemen | University, Georgia |
| Haifa Ahmed, Aden University, Yemen | Gulden Karshygina, Karaganda Buketov University, |
| Rakif Efendiyev, Baku State University, Azerbaijan | Elena. P. Ushakova, V.A. Trapeznikov Institute of Control |
| Tengiz Kopaliani, Tbilisi State University, Georgia | Sciences of Russian Academy of Sciences, Russia |
| Zahira Mamedova, Azerbaijan National Academy of | Edanur Ergül Arslan, Marmara University, Türkiye |
| Sciences, Azerbaijan |  |



## CONTENTS

FOREWORDS .....  .2
SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE ..... 4
ORGANIZING COMMITTEE ..... 5
LOCAL ORGANIZING COMMITTEE ..... 5
INVITED TALKS ..... 18
............................................................................... ..... 18
AleXander MESKHI ..... 18
ON WEIGHTED CESÁRO, COPSON AND TANDORI FUNCTION SPACES ..... 19
Amiran GogatishVili ${ }^{1}$, TuĞçe Ünver ${ }^{2}$ ..... 19
20....................................
David Cruz-Uribe, OFS ..... 20
DIRICHLET PROBLEM FOR A NON-UNIFORMLY ELLIPTIC EQUATION WITH $L^{1}$ DATA ..... 21
Farman MAMEDOV ${ }^{1}$, Yusuf ZEREN ${ }^{2}$, Khayala GASIMOVA ${ }^{1}$, Abdullah SALAMI ${ }^{2}$ ..... 21
ALMOST CONVERGENCE AND APPLICATIONS ..... 22
Монammad MURSALEEN ..... 22
23
Nizamettin AYDIN ..... 23
EXPONENTIAL INTEGRABILITY IN THE DEGENERATE REGIME ..... 24
Scott RODNEY ..... 24
...................... ..... 25
Sofiène TaHAR ..... 25
MIXED PROBLEM FOR A NONLINEAR PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION WITH FRACTIONAL ANALOG OF THE BARENBLATT-ZHELTOV-KOCHINA OPERATOR ..... 26
Tursun K. Yuldashev ${ }^{1,3}$, Bakhtiyor J. Kadirkulov ${ }^{2,3}$, Oigul A. Matchanova ${ }^{3}$ ..... 26
STABILIZATION OF SOLUTIONS TO SECOND ORDER IN TIME SYSTEMS OF VISCOELASTIC FLUID FLOW ..... 27
Varga KALANTAROV ..... 27
TILING MORREY SPACES AND WEIGHTED MORREY SPACES ..... 28
Yoshihiro Sawano ..... 28
CONTRIBUTED TALKS ..... 29
G ${ }^{\text {A }}$.GRILL TOPOLOGICAL SPACES ..... 29
Amin SAIF ${ }^{1}$ and A. MAHDI ${ }^{2}$ ..... 29
REFINEMENTS OF THE GENERALIZED NUMERICAL RADIUS OF HEINZ-TYPE INEQUALITIES ..... 30
Abdelrahman Yousef ${ }^{1}$ ..... 30
ON THE RETURNABILITY OF LINEAR CONTROL SYSTEMS THROUGH BOUNDED CONTROLS IN FINITE TIME ..... 31
Abdon E. Choque-Rivero1 ..... 31
TOPOLOGICAL DESCRIPTORS AND POLYNOMIALS OF HOURGLASS BENZENOID SERIES ..... 32
Abdu Alameri ${ }^{1}$, Mohammed Alsharafl ${ }^{2}$ ..... 32
FRACTIONAL MAXIMAL OPERATOR IN THE LOCAL MORREY-LORENTZ SPACES AND SOME APPLICATIONS ..... 33
Abdulhamit Kucukaslan ..... 33
EXISTENCE AND UNIQUENESS OF POSITIVE SOLUTION FOR A SINGULAR CAPUTO-FRACTIONAL BOUNDARY PROBLEM ..... 34
Aboubaker El-Saddik Bouziane ${ }^{1}$, Berrabah Bendoukha ${ }^{2}$ ..... 34
COEFFICIENT ESTIMATES FOR CERTAIN SUBCLASSES OF ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE COMBINATION OF DIFFERENTIAL OPERATORS ..... 35
Adem Kiziltepe ${ }^{1}$, Erhan Deniz ${ }^{1}$, Yücel Özkan ${ }^{1}$ ..... 35
MAJORIZATION RESULTS FOR A SUBCLASS OF MEROMORPHIC FUNCTIONS INVOLVING $q$-AL-OBOUDI DIFFERENTIAL OPERATOR ..... 36
Erhan Deniz ${ }^{1}$, Sercan Kazimoğlu ${ }^{1}$, Adem Kıziltepe ${ }^{1}$ ..... 36
A NOVEL CLASS OF PROXIMITY SPACES ..... 37
Ahmad al-Omari ..... 37
ON SEPARATION AXIOMS FOR REGULAR GENERALIZED G $\Omega$-OPEN SETS IN GRILL TOPOLOGICAL ..... 38
Ahmed M. Al-Audhahi ${ }^{1}$, Abdul-Qawe Kaed ${ }^{2}$, Suliman Dawood ${ }^{3}$ and Amin Saif ${ }^{4}$ ..... 38
FUNCTIONAL IDENTITIES WITH EPIMORPHISM ON XY = $0=\mathbf{Y}$ X IN PRIME RINGS ..... 39
All Ahmed Abdullah ..... 39
A NEW CHAOS BASED GENERATING FUNCTION OF THE MERSENNE POLYNOMIAS AND ITS APPLICATIONS ..... 40
All Boussayoud ..... 40
TIME-REVERSIBLE 5D HYPERCHAOTIC SYSTEM ..... 41
Ali A. SHUKUR ${ }^{1}$ ..... 41
EXPLORING NEIGHBORING FIBONACCI NUMBERS AND RELATED SEQUENCES ..... 42
Cemil Karaçam ${ }^{1}$,Alper Vural ${ }^{2}$,Eralp Akay ${ }^{3}$ ..... 42
THE NEW ORTHOGONAL SABAN FRAME AND THE EVOLUTION OF ORTHOGONAL SABAN FRAMED CURVES IN $\boldsymbol{s}^{2}$ ..... 43
Alperen Kizllay ${ }^{1}$, Atakan Tuğkan Yakut ${ }^{2}$ ..... 43
INDUCED SUSHILA DISTRIBUTION: STATISTICAL PROPERTIES AND APPLICATIONS ..... 44
Amer Ibrahim Al-Omari ..... 44
ON THE EXISTENCE OF SOLUTIONS FOR P(T)-LAPLACIAN FRACTIONAL BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEM VIA VARIATIONAL METHODS ..... 45
Amina Boucenna ${ }^{1}$ ..... 45
7th International HYBRID Conference on Mathematical Advances and Applications May 8-11, 2024,
ON A DIFFERENCE EQUATIONS LINKED TO GENERALIZED BALANCING NUMBERS. ..... 46
Amira Khelifa ${ }^{1}$, Yacine Halim ${ }^{2}$ ..... 46
EXISTENCE SOLUTIONS FOR FRACTIONAL BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS WITH P(T)-LAPLACIAN TYPE ..... 47
Amira Rouaghi ${ }^{1}$, Amina Boucenna ${ }^{2}$ ..... 47
ON SEVERAL NEW GENERALIZED FRACTIONAL INEQUALITIES FOR DIFFERENTIABLE FUNCTIONS ..... 48
Arslan Munir ${ }^{1}$, Hüseyin Budak ${ }^{2}$ ..... 48
A COMPREHENSIVE STUDY ON HERMITE-HADAMARD INEQUALITIES INVOLVING TEMPERED FRACTIONAL INTEGRALS ..... 49
Asia Shehzadi ${ }^{1}$, Huseyin Budak ${ }^{2}$, Wali Haider ${ }^{1}$, Fatih Hezencl ${ }^{2}$, Haibo Chen ${ }^{1}$ ..... 49
ON AN INVERSE SCATTERING PROBLEM FOR DISCONTINUOUS SECOND-ORDER DIFFERENTIAL OPERATORS WITH HERGLOTZ FUNCTION OF SPECTRAL PARAMETER IN BOUNDARY CONDITION ..... 50
Aynur Çöl ${ }^{1}$, Khanlar R. Mamedov ${ }^{2}$ ..... 50
A FINITE ELEMENT SOLUTION OF THE TWO-DIMENSIONAL BURGERS' EQUATION ..... 51
Aysenur Busra Cakay1, Selmahan Selim1 ..... 51
NONEXISTENCE OF GLOBAL SOLUTIONS FOR THE M-BIHARMONIC HEAT EQUATION ..... 52
AYşe FIDAN ${ }^{1}$, ERHAN PIŞKIN ${ }^{2}$ ..... 52
ON WEIGHTED OSTROWSKI INEQUALITIES ON TIME SCALE CALCULUS ..... 53
LÜTfi Akin ${ }^{1}$, Ayşe Sena Aball ${ }^{2}$, Hilal Orhan ${ }^{3}$ ..... 53
ON THE ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURES OF HYBRID NUMBERS WITH MATRIX THEORY ..... 54
Bahar Doğan Yazici ${ }^{1}$ ..... 54
ON THE STRONG SOLVABILITY OF A NONLOCAL BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEM FOR THE POISSON'S EQUATION IN A RECTANGULAR ..... 55
Telman Gasymov ${ }^{1}$ and Baharchin Akhmedl ${ }^{2}$ ..... 55
BLOW-UP RESULT FOR A FOURTH-ORDER WAVE EQUATION WITH DYNAMIC BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ..... 56
Begüm Çalişkan Desova ${ }^{1}$, Mustafa Polat ${ }^{2}$. ..... 56
ON THE EXTENSION OF SINGULAR Q-DIRAC TYPE OPERATORS ..... 57
Betul Yildirim ${ }^{1}$, Huseyin Tuna ${ }^{2}$ ..... 57
ORTHOGONALLY ADDITIVE MAPS ..... 58
Omer Gok ${ }^{1}$, Beyzanur Topkara ${ }^{2}$ ..... 58
NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF SOME INTEGRAL EQUATIONS ..... 59
Büşra Çelebi¹, Sebahat Ebru DAS ${ }^{2}$ ..... 59
DIFFERENT APPROACH TO DIVISIBILITY BY TWO -DIGIT PRIME NUMBERS ..... 60
Cemil Karacam ${ }^{1}$, Tunahan Dundar², Muhammed Mustafa Akyol ${ }^{3}$ ..... 60
HUFFMAN ENCRYPTION WITH AMINO ACIDS ..... 61
Cemil Karaçam ${ }^{1}$, Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{2}$, Aldin Bas ${ }^{3}$ ..... 61
STABILITY OF THE KDV EQUATION WITH DELAY ..... 62
Chahnaz Zakia Timimoun. ..... 62
A CLASS OF ENTIRE FUNCTIONS DEFINED BY HADAMARD PRODUCT ..... 63
Harrat Chahrazed ${ }^{1}$ ..... 63
ON SOME ADVANCED EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING A HOMEOMORPHISM FOR AMALGAM SPACES ..... 64
CIHAN UNAL ${ }^{1}$ ..... 64
IFS OF ORBITAL TYPE AND CONTINUITY DEPENDENCE PROPERTY ..... 65
Dariusz Wardowski ..... 65
LEVERAGING AI TECHNOLOGIES IN TEACHING MATHEMATICS ..... 66
DIANA AUDI ${ }^{1}$ ..... 66
ON REDUCING AND MINIMALITY OF EXHAUSTERS BY INCLUSION ..... 67
Didem Tozkan ..... 67
ON THE BLOW-UP SOLUTIONS TO A FOURTH ORDER PSEUDO-PARABOLIC EQUATION WITH GRADIENT NON- LINEARITY ..... 68
Dilara Karslioğlu ${ }^{1}$ ..... 68
NEW GENERATING FUNCTIONS OF THE PRODUCTS OF GAUSSIANS NUMBERS WITH SOME NUMBERS AND POLYNOMIALS ..... 69
Dounya Hamek1, All Boussayoud2 ..... 69
KOROVKIN TYPE APPROXIMATION OF Q-CONFORMABLE FRACTIONAL LINEAR POSITIVE OPERATOR ..... 70
Döne Karahan Dinsever¹, Sevilay Kirci Serenbay ${ }^{2}$ ..... 70
ON THE PREDICTION OF CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES WITH MACHINE LEARNING CLASSIFICATION ALGORITHMS ..... 71
Ebru Öztürk ${ }^{1}$, Mutlu AKAR ${ }^{2}$ ..... 71
BAER ANNIHILATOR CONDITIONS FOR NEARRINGS ..... 72
Gary F. Birkenmeier ${ }^{1}$, Nayil Kilic², Figen Takil Mutlu ${ }^{3}$, Edanur Tastan ${ }^{4}$, Adnan Tercan ${ }^{5}$, and Ramazan Yasar ${ }^{6}$ ..... 72
THE GOLDEN FIBONACCI MATRIX CALCULUS ..... 73
Efruz Özlem Mersin ${ }^{1}$, Mustafa Bahşı ${ }^{2}$ ..... 73
SOME RESULTS OF THE $(N, p, q)(E, p q)$ SUMMABILITY METHOD AND TAUBERIAN THEOREMS FOR $(N, p, q)(E, p q)$ STATISTICALLY CONVERGENCE IN M-NORMED SPACES ..... 74
Ekrem Auimi ..... 74
SOLUTION OF LANGEVIN AND P-LAPLACIAN FRACTIONAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN TEMPERED SEQUENCE SPACES ..... 75
Yusuf Zeren1, Mohammad Mursaleen2, Elif Demir3 ..... 75
RELATIVE IDEALS IN TERNARY SEMIGROUPS ..... 76
Emine Funda Okumuș ${ }^{1}$, Sultan Yamak ${ }^{2}$ ..... 76
DEVELOPING AN ORIGINAL IMAGE ENCRYPTION METHOD USING THE COLLATZ CONJECTURE AND HAPPY NUMBERS ..... 77
Erhan SOLMAZGÜL ${ }^{1}$, SAMI SEZER ARBAĞ ${ }^{2}$ ..... 77
A MULTIPLICATIVE GLUING FORMULA FOR REIDEMEISTER-FRANZ TORSION OF HIGH DIMENSIONAL CLOSED MANIFOLDS ..... 78
Esma Dirican Erdal ${ }^{1}$ ..... 78
NEW TECHNIQUE OF ADOMIAN METHOD FOR SINGULAR IVPS IN A CLASS SECOND ORDER ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS ..... 79
Esmael Ahmed Al-Junid ${ }^{1}$, Yahya Qaid Hasan ${ }^{2}$ ..... 79
DYNAMICS OF REACTION-DIFFUSION EQUATIONS WITH COSINE BASIS SET ..... 80
Esmanur Yildiz ${ }^{1}$, TAylan Şengül ${ }^{2}$, Burhan Tiryakioglu ${ }^{3}$ ..... 80
ENCRYPTION WITH TRIBONACCI NUMBERS AND INTEGRAL TRANSFORM ..... 81
Esra Göv ${ }^{1}$, Fatih Ulaş ${ }^{2}$, UĞur Tuğra Kızılöz ${ }^{3}$, Ali Eren Karakulak ${ }^{4}$ ..... 81
COMPUTING FUZZY $F$-INDEX OF FUZZY ZERO DIVISOR GRAPHS OF $\mathbb{E}_{n}$ ..... 82
ELIF ERYAŞAR ${ }^{1}$, ESRA ÖZTÜRK SÖZEN ${ }^{2}$ ..... 82
ON NONLOCAL P-LAPLACIAN EQUATION WITH DYNAMICAL BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ..... 83
EyLem Öztürk ${ }^{1}$ ..... 83
APPLICATION OF DIFFERENT MATHEMATICAL SERIES TO PHOTONIC CRYSTAL DESIGNS AND THEIR COMPARISONS .....  84
EzGi Engin Kiraç ${ }^{1}$, ÇıĞdem Seçkin Gürel ${ }^{2}$ ..... 84
SOME NEW BERNSTEIN TYPE OPERATORS ..... 85
Faruk Özger ..... 85
BEYOND CLASSICAL BERNSTEIN: NOVEL OPERATORS FOR IMPROVED APPROXIMATION ..... 86
Faruk Özger ..... 86
EXISTENCE AND UNIQUENESS SOLUTIONS OF THE NON-HOMOGENEOUS NONLINEAR VOLTERRA FACTIONAL EQUATIONS ..... 87
Faten H. Damag ${ }^{1,2}$ ..... 87
ON THE BASICITY OF THE SYSTEM OF EIGENFUCNTIONS FOR A DISCONTINUOUS DIFFERENTIAL OPERATOR IN GRAND VARIABLE LEBESGUE SPACES ..... 88
Fatil Sirin ${ }^{1}$ ..... 88
WIENER-HOPF SOLUTION OF MIXED BOUNDARY-VALUE PROBLEM FOR DIELECTRIC LOADED COAXIAL WAVEGUIDE 89 Feray Hacivelioglu ..... 89
the boundedness of commutators of a class of sublinear operators with rough kernel on herz triebel-Lizorkin spaces with Variable exponent ..... 90
FERIT GÜRbüZ ${ }^{1}$ ..... 90
POINCARÉ AND SOBOLEV INEQUALITY IN DEGENERATE SOBOLEV SPACES ..... 91
Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{1}$, David Cruz-Uribe ${ }^{2}$, Feyza Elif Dal ${ }^{1,3}$ ..... 91
THE SCHOUTEN-VAN KAMPEN CONNECTION WITH RESPECT TO THE CHEEGER-GROMOLL METRIC .....  .92
FILIz Ocak ${ }^{1}$ ..... 92
DYNAMICAL ANALYSIS OF CONFORMABLE FRACTIONAL ORDER LOTKA-VOLTERRA PREDATOR-PREY MODEL ..... 93
Fuat Gurcan ..... 93
ROUGH ^-STATISTICAL CLUSTER POINTS OF SEQUENCES OF FUZZY NUMBERS ..... 94
Funda Babaarslan ${ }^{1}$, Oktay Deveci ${ }^{2}$ ..... 94
THE CONES OF MONOTON FUNCTIONS GENERATED BY GENERALIZED POTENTIALS ..... 95
Gulden Karshygina ..... 95
EXPLOSIVE AND EXPONENTIAL GROWTH IN AN R(X)-TRIHARMONIC EQUATION ..... 96
GÜlistan Butakin ${ }^{1}$, Erhan PIȘKIN ${ }^{2}$ ..... 96
BLOW-UP AND EXPONENTIAL GROWTH IN A M(X)-BIHARMONIC EQUATION ..... 97
GÜlistan Butakin ${ }^{1}$, Erhan PIşisin ${ }^{2}$ ..... 97
APPLICATION OF SUPERIORIZATION METHOD TO LINEAR INVERSE PROBLEMS VIA A GRADIENT PROJECTION ALGORITHM ..... 98
Müzeyyen Ertürk1, Gülşah Paf Şahin2 ..... 98
MULTIVALUED THEORY WITH MEASURE OF NONCOMPACTNESS FOR FRACTIONAL DIFFÉRENTIAL INCLUSIONS ..... 99
Habib Djourdem. ..... 99
ON THE HOP DOMINATION NUMBER OF FUZZY GRAPHS ..... 100
Halfa Ahmed ${ }^{1}$, Mohammed Alsharafl ${ }^{3}$, Sadd Tobaill ${ }^{2}$ ..... 100
EXISTENCE, UNIQUENESS RESULTS AND STABILITY FOR COUPLED SYSTEM OF FRACTIONAL HYBRID DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS WITH MIXED FRACTIONAL DERIVATIVES AND LAPLACIAN OPERATORS AND THREE-POINT BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ..... 101
Hamid Beddani ${ }^{1}$ ..... 101
CONSTRUCTING THE ASYMPTOTICS OF THE SOLUTION TO A QUASILINEAR ELLIPTIC TYPE EQUATION WITH RESPECT TO A SMALL PARAMETER ..... 102
Ramazan Eyyubov ${ }^{1}$, Haqiqat Ashirova ${ }^{2}$ ..... 102
SOME GENERALIZATIONS OF S-IDEALS IN NONCOMMUTATIVE RINGS ..... 103
Hatice Çay ${ }^{1}$, Bayram All Ersoy ${ }^{2}$, Funda Özdemir ${ }^{3}$ ..... 103
A THEOREM ON ABSOLUTE RIESZ SUMMABILITY. ..... 104
Hikmet Seyhan Özarslan ${ }^{1}$, Bağdagül Kartal Erdoğan ${ }^{2}$ ..... 104
SIMULATING TIME DELAYS AND SPACE-TIME MEMORY INTERACTIONS: AN ANALYTICAL APPROACH ..... 105
Imad Jaradat ${ }^{1}$ ..... 105
SOLUTION OF DELAY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS USING EXTREME LEARNING MACHINE ..... 106
ImRan Talib ..... 106
HERMITE COLLOCATION APPROACH FOR THE SOLUTION OF A CLASS OF FRACTIONAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS ..... 107
İlknur ERDURMUş¹, Pinar ALBAYRAK² ..... 107
FREDHOLM AND FRAME-PRESERVING WEIGHTED COMPOSITION OPERATORS ..... 108
Jasbir Singh Manhas ${ }^{1}$, Ruhan Zhao ${ }^{2}$ ..... 108
ON BANACH FRAMENESS OF DEGENERATE EXPONENTIAL SYSTEM IN LEBESGUE SPACES ..... 109
Migdad I. ísmailov ${ }^{1}$, Kader Şimşir Acar ${ }^{2}$ ..... 109
DYNAMICS OF A PLANKTON SYSTEM WITH DELAY-DIFFUSION AND STOCHASTIC EFFECT: A MATHEMATICAL STUDY ..... 110
Kalyan Das ..... 110
CONSTRUCTING AND COMPARING NOVEL MUSICAL SYSTEMS USING MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES ..... 111

[^1]Cemil Karaçam ${ }^{1}$, Halil Yakit ${ }^{2}$, Kayra Ege Altun $^{3}$, Şerif Efe Dartar ${ }^{4}$ ..... 111
EXPLORING COUNTEREXAMPLES TO HAMADA'S CONJECTURE: INSIGHTS FROM NONISOMORPHIC DESIGNS ..... 113
Kevser Soytürk ${ }^{1 *}$, Mustafa Gezek ${ }^{2}$ ..... 113
Q-STIRLING SEQUENCE SPACES ASSOCIATED WITH Q-BELL NUMBERS ..... 114
Koray İbrahim Atabey ${ }^{1}$, Muhammed Çinar ${ }^{2}$, Murat Karakas ${ }^{3}$, Mikail Et ${ }^{4}$ ..... 114
AN APPLICATION OF TIME SCALE WITH CALCULUS OF VARIATIONS ..... 115
LÜTFI AKIN ..... 115
GENERALIZATION OF SZASZ OPERATORS INVOLVING MULTIPLE SHEFFER POLYNOMIALS ..... 116
Mahvish All ..... 116
PERFECT CODES ON THE ZERO-DIVISOR CAYLEY GRAPHS ASSOCIATED TO THE RESIDUE CLASS RING MODULON ..... 117
Mahwash Imtiaz ${ }^{1}$, Hazzirah Izzati Mat Hassim ${ }^{2}$, Nor Haniza Sarmin ${ }^{3}$, Mohammad Hassan Mudaber ${ }^{4}$ ..... 117
ANALYTICAL APPROXIMATE SOLUTIONS OF ( $\mathbf{N + 1 ) - D I M E N S I O N A L ~ F R A C T I O N A L ~ G E N E R A L I Z E D ~ M - B U R G E R S ~ E Q U A T I O N ~}$ VIA VARIATIONAL HOMOTOPY PERTURBATION METHOD ..... 118
Md. Asaduzzaman ${ }^{1}$, Adem Kilicman ${ }^{2}$, Faruk Özger ${ }^{3}$ ..... 118
WEIGHTED AND VORONOVSKAJA TYPE APPROXIMATION BY Q-SZ'ASZ-KANTOROVICH OPERATORS INVOLVING APPELL POLYNOMIALS ..... 119
Md. NASIRUZZAMAN ..... 119
ON BASICITY OF THE EXPONENTIAL SYSTEM IN GRAND VARIABLE EXPONENT LEBESGUE SPACES ..... 120
Mehmet Özükanar ${ }^{1}$, Fatih Şırin ${ }^{2}$, Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{3}$ ..... 120
INVESTIGATING THE MESH INTENSITY EFFECT AND ORTHOGONAL SYMMETRY ON CUP DRAWING SIMULATIONS WITH AN EMPHASIS ON SOLUTION TIME AND EARING PERSPECTIVE ..... 121
Melih Çaylak ${ }^{1,2}$, Toros Arda AkŞen ${ }^{1}$, Yasin Kuddusi Kutucu ${ }^{1}$, GÖrkem Özçelik ${ }^{2,3}$,Mehmet Firat ${ }^{1}$ ..... 121
ON A SYSTEM OF DIFFERENCE EQUATIONS OF FIFTH-ORDER ..... 122
Melike Dilbeyen ${ }^{1}$, Merve Kara ${ }^{2}$ ..... 122
SAMPLING ALGORITHMS FOR THE PATTERN-AVOIDING INVERSION SEQUENCES ..... 123
Melis Gezer ${ }^{1}$, Gökhan Yildirim ${ }^{2}$ ..... 123
A NEW ANALYTIC FRAMEWORK FOR ARITHMETIC INTEGRALS: PROVING THE PRIME NUMBER THEOREM ..... 124
Metehan Turan ${ }^{1}$, Serkan Onar ${ }^{2}$ ..... 124
HIGHER ORDER OF CONFORMABLE FRATIONAL SHEHU TRANSFORM, GENERALIZATION AND ITS APPLICATION ..... 125
Mohamed Elarbi Benattia ..... 125
HALPERN-TYPE INERTIAL ITERATION METHODS WITH SELF-ADAPTIVE STEP SIZE FOR SPLIT COMMON NULL POINT PROBLEM. ..... 126
MOHAMMAD DILSHAD ..... 126
LUPAS BERNSTEIN-KANTOROVICH OPERATORS USING JACKSON AND RIEMANN TYPE (P, Q)-INTEGRALS ..... 127
Mohammad Iliyas, Rameez A. Bhatt, Asif Khan, M. Mursaleen ..... 127
ON $S_{l}$-OPEN SETS IN IDEAL TOPOLOGICAL SPACES ..... 128
Mohammed JaAdan ${ }^{1}$, Amin SAIF ${ }^{2}$ ..... 128
7th International HYBRID Conference on Mathematical Advances and Applications May 8-11, 2024,
SOLVING AL-HASANI DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION BY ADOMIAN DECOMPOSITION METHOD ..... 129
Mohammed Mohsen ${ }^{1}$, Yahya Qaid ${ }^{2}$ ..... 129
ON THE HOP DOMINATION NUMBER OF FUZZY GRAPHS ..... 130
Haifa Ahmed ${ }^{1}$, Mohammed Alsharafi ${ }^{3}$, Sadd Tobaill ${ }^{2}$ ..... 130
MODIFIED ADOMIAN DECOMPOSITION METHOD FOR THE SOLUTION OF THE PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN THE FIRST-ORDER ..... 131
Mubark Saleh Yahya Raana ${ }^{1}$, Yahya Qaid Hasan ${ }^{2}$ ..... 131
NUMERICAL STUDY OF NANOFLUID FLOW THROUGH A POROUS STRETCHABLE SURFACE IN THE EXISTENCE MOTILE MICROORGANISMS SUBJECT TO CONVECTIVE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ..... 132
Muhammad Abdul Basit ${ }^{1}$, Muhammad Imran ${ }^{2}$ ..... 132
GENERALIZATION OF HERMITE-HADAMARD-MERCER TYPE INEQUALITIES FOR GENERALIZED CONVEX FUNCTIONS ON THE CO-ORDINATES WITH THEIR COMPUTATIONAL ANALYSIS ..... 133
Muhammad Toseef ${ }^{1 *}$, Abdul Mateen ${ }^{1}$ and Huseyin Budak ${ }^{2}$ ..... 133
ON GENERALIZED I.V-M CONVEX FUNCTIONS AND ASSOCIATED FRACTIONAL INTEGRAL INEQUALITIES ..... 134
Muhammad Zakria Javed ${ }^{1}$, Muhammad Uzair Awan ${ }^{2}$ ..... 134
THE RISK ASSESSMENT OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT WITH AN INTEGRATED DECISION-MAKING METHOD ..... 135
Murat Kirişal ${ }^{1}$ ..... 135
MULTI-CRITERIA GROUP DECISION-MAKING WITH APPLICATION: FERMATEAN FUZZY SOFT SETS APPROACHES ..... 136
Murat Kirişc| ${ }^{1}$ ..... 136
A NOTE ON $A_{a}^{J}$-STATISTICAL CONVERGENCE ..... 137
Mustafa Gülfirat ${ }^{1}$ ..... 137
A RESULT CONCERNING THE SUMMABILITY ..... 138
Mustafa Gülfirat ${ }^{1}$ ..... 138
DEFERRED STATISTICAL CONVERGENCE IN PARTIAL METRIC SPACES ..... 139
Nazlim Deniz Aral ${ }^{1}$, Hacer Şengül Kandemir${ }^{2}$, Mikail $\mathrm{ET}^{3}$ ..... 139
LAND PRICE PREDICTION USING MACHINE LEARNING ..... 140
Nebiye Gedik ${ }^{1}$, Özgür YiLDIRIM ${ }^{2}$ ..... 140
DIFFERENT CONSTRUCTIONS OF THE PENTAGON FRACTAL BY ESCAPE TIME ALGORTIHM ..... 141
NisA ASLAN ..... 141
EXISTENCE RESULTSFOR MIXED TYPE FRACTIONAL BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEM ..... 142
Noureddine Bouteraa ..... 142
CONJUGATE GRADIENT METHOD ASSOCIATED WITH SMOOTHING TECHNIQUE TO SOLVE IMAGE RESTORATION PROBLEMS ..... 143
Nurullah Yilmaz ${ }^{1}$ ..... 143
A SMOOTHING NEWTON ALGORITHM FOR SOLVING NONLINEAR COMPLEMENTARITY ..... 144
Nurullah Yilmaz ${ }^{1}$, Pinar Değirmencl ${ }^{2}$ ..... 144
DIRECT SCATTERING PROBLEM OF DISCONTINUOUS STURM-LIOUVILLE OPERATOR ON THE POSITIVE HALF LINE ..... 145

[^2]Özge Akçay ${ }^{1}$, Nida Palamut Koşar² ..... 145
COMPUTATION OF H-BASES VIA FULL QR DECOMPOSITION ..... 146
Özlem Altunbezel¹, Sibel Cansu ${ }^{2}$, Uğur Ustaoğlu ${ }^{3}$, Erol Yilmaz ${ }^{4}$. ..... 146
TRACE REGULARIZATION PROBLEM FOR A FOURTH ORDER DIFFERENTIAL OPERATOR ON SEPARABLE BANACH SPACE ..... 147
Özlem Bakşı ${ }^{1}$, Yonca Sezer ${ }^{2}$, Seda Kizllbudak Çalişkan ${ }^{3}$ ..... 147
DICKSON COLLOCATION METHOD FOR APPROXIMATE SOLUTIONS OF MASS-SPRING SYSTEM WITH TWO FREEDOM DEGREE. ..... 148
SuAyip Yuzbasi ${ }^{1}$, OzLem Karaagacli ${ }^{2}$. ..... 148
A NEW APPROACH TO OSTROWSKi INEQUALITIES ON TIME SCALE WITH NABLA CALCULUS ..... 149
Lütfi Akin ${ }^{1}$, Öznur Çitrik ${ }^{2}$, Ayşe Sena Aball ${ }^{3}$ ..... 149
NORMAL DIFFERENTIAL OPERATORS FOR FIRST ORDER IN THE WEIGHTED HILBERT SPACES ..... 150
Pembe Ipek Al ${ }^{1}$, Zameddin I. Ismallov ${ }^{2}$ ..... 150
MATHEMATICAL MODELING BY MACHINE LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT SUGGESTIONS ..... 151
Filiz Kanbay ${ }^{1}$, Pinar Dasdemir ${ }^{2}$ ..... 151
ON MULTIPLICATION MODULE OVER NON-COMMUTATIVE RINGS ..... 152
BAYRAM ALI ERSOY ${ }^{1}$, QUSSAI HAJ HUSSEIN ${ }^{1,2}$ ..... 152
ON THE SOLUTIONS OF A HIGHER-ORDER DIFFERENCE EQUATION WITH QUADRATIC TERM ..... 153
F. Hilal Gümüş ${ }^{1}$ and Raafat Abo-Zeid ${ }^{2}$ ..... 153
MULTIDIMENSIONAL LACUNARY STATISTICAL CONVERGENCE OF ROUGH VARIABLES IN TRUST ..... 154
RABIA SAVAŞ. ..... 154
generalization of asymptotically deferred equivalent theorems ..... 155
Rabia Savaş ..... 155
GENERATION OF JULIA SETS, MANDELBROT SETS AND BIOMORPHS USING A NEW APPROXIMATION METHOD ..... 156
Rimsha Babar ${ }^{1}$, Wutiphol Sintunavarat ${ }^{1}$ ..... 156
A NEW GENERATING FUNCTIONS FOR PRODUCTS OF SOME NUMBERS WITH SYMMETRIC FUNCTIONS ..... 157
Rokiya SAHALI ${ }^{1}$, ALI Boussayoud ${ }^{2}$ ..... 157
APPLIED MODEL FOR INCREASING THE SECURITY OF WORK FILES USED IN THE INDUSTRY 4.0 ..... 158
Golev Angel ${ }^{1}$, Hristev Rosen ${ }^{2}$ ..... 158
HOPF BIFURCATION ANALYSIS OF TIME-DELAY ZIKA VIRUS MODEL ..... 159
Rukiye Kara ${ }^{1}$, Müge Meyvaci ${ }^{2}$ ..... 159
A STUDY ON THE APPROXIMATION BY GENERALIZED MAX-PRODUCT BLEIMANN-BUTZER-HAHN OPERATORS OF FUZZY NUMBERS ..... 160
Saleem Yaseen Majeed ${ }^{1}$, Sevilay Kirci Serenbay ${ }^{2}$ ..... 160
STEPANOV-LIKE PSEUDO ALMOST PERIODIC SOLUTION FOR COMPETITIVE AND COOPERATIVE NICHOLSON’S BLOWFLIES SYSTEM ..... 161
HajJajl Salsabil ${ }^{1}$, Chérif Farouk ${ }^{2}$ ..... 161
AN INVESTIGATION OF ENTIRE TOPOLOGICAL INDICES IN SELECTED GRAPH FAMILIES. ..... 162
Sarah Alraddadi ${ }^{1}$, Buthinah A. Bin Dehaish ${ }^{2}$, Anwar Saleh ${ }^{3}$ ..... 162
SOLVING CONGRUENCE EQUATIONS THROUGH IMPRIMITIVE ACTIONS ..... 163
Seda Öztürk ..... 163
ON THE ASYMPTOTIC BEHAVIOUR OF THE UNSTABLE BLOCH EIGENVALUES OF A POLYHARMONIC MATRIX OPERATOR ..... 164
Sedef Karakiliç ${ }^{1}$, Sedef Özcan ${ }^{2}$, Setenay Akduman ${ }^{3}$ ..... 164
EMPOWERING PRESERVICE TEACHERS: INTEGRATING DIGITAL TOOLS FOR COLLEGE-LEVEL MATHEMATICS INSTRUCTION ..... 165
Selim Yavuz ..... 165
A NOVEL PENTAGONAL FORMATION: EXPLORING THE PROPERTIES OF THE ISOSCELES PENTAGON AND ISOSCELES PENTAGON PRIZM (BIRD HOUSE) ..... 166
Selim Yavuz ..... 166
APPROXIMATION OF SCHWARTZ DIFFERENTIABLE FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES BY THE SEQUENCE OF INTEGRAL OPERATORS ..... 168
Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{1}$, Senanur Benli² ..... 168
INVESTIGATION OF TRAVELING WAVE SOLUTIONS OF COMBINED PKP-BKP EQUATION. ..... 169
Sercan Şen ${ }^{1}$, Melih ÇINAR², Yusuf ZEREN ${ }^{3}$ ..... 169
A HIGH-ORDER HYBRID COMPUTATIONAL SCHEME FOR SOLVING THE RLW EQUATION ..... 170
Emre Kirli ${ }^{1}$, Serpil Cikit ${ }^{2}$ ..... 170
RELATION-THEORETIC FIXED POINT RESULTS FOR NONLINEAR RATIONAL CONTRACTIONS WITH AN APPLICATION ON ITS DISLOCATED METRIC SPACES ..... 171
Shahbaz All ${ }^{1}$ ..... 171
EXITENCE OF SOLUTION OF INTEGRAL EQUATIONS IN CONE METRIC SPACES ..... 172
Shiv Kant Tiwari ${ }^{1}$ ..... 172
MAIN CONCEPTS OF ULAM STABILITY TO DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS ..... 173
Snezhana Hristova ${ }^{1}$ ..... 173
A FINITE DIFFERENCE SCHEME FOR TWO-POINT FRACTIONAL BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEM OF CONFORMABLE FRACTIONAL DERIVATIVE ..... 174
SUAYIP TOPRAKSEVEN ${ }^{1}$ ..... 174
ON EXTENSION OF A N-WAVE SOLUTION PROCEDURE ..... 175
SUKRI KHARENG ${ }^{1}$, Ömer ÜnsAL² ..... 175
LUCAS DIFFERENCE SEQUENCE SPACES DEFINED BY ORLICZ FUNCTION IN 2-NORMED SPACES ..... 176
Sunil K. Sharma ..... 176
SOLVABILITY PROBLEMS OF ELLIPTIC EQUATIONS IN NON-STANDART BANACH SOBOLEV FUNCTION SPACES ..... 177
Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{1}$, Seyma Cetin ${ }^{1,2}$ ..... 177
STABILITY OF PERTURBED SET DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS RELATED TO UNPERTURBED SET DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS WITH INITIAL TIME DIFFERENCE ..... 178
CoşKun YAKAR ${ }^{1}$,TUBA SATILMIŞ² ..... 178
ON THE ANNIHILATORS OF HOLONOMIC D-MODULES ..... 179
TuĞBA MAHMUTÇEPOĞLU ${ }^{1}$ ..... 179
WEIGHTED HARDY INEQUALITIES - EQUIVALENT CHARACTERIZATIONS ..... 180
TuĞçE ÜNVER ${ }^{1}$ ..... 180
IMPROVEMENT OF ROUGH APPROXIMATIONS USING SOMEWHAT OPEN SETS ..... 181
Ümit Can KÖMÜR ${ }^{1}$, Oya Bedre ÖZBAKIR² ..... 181
ON THE EXISTENCE AND UNIQUENESS OF A SOLUTION TO A MIXED PROBLEM FOR ONE CLASS OF EQUATIONS ..... 182
Vagif Mastaliyev ${ }^{1,2,3}$ ..... 182
${ }^{3}$ AZERBAIJAN STATE OIL AND INDUSTRY UNIVERSITY ..... 182
NOVEL PERSPECTIVES ON HERMITE-HADAMARD INEQUALITIES WITH TEMPERED FRACTIONAL INTEGRALS. ..... 183
Wali Haider ${ }^{1}$, Huseyin Budak ${ }^{2}$, Asia Shehzadi ${ }^{1}$, Fatih Hezencl ${ }^{2}$, Haibo Chen ${ }^{1}$ ..... 183
AN INTERCONNECTED SYSTEM OF DIFFERENCE EQUATIONS WITH COEFFICIENTS LINKED TO FIBONACCI NUMBERS 184
Yacine Halim ${ }^{1}$, Amira Khelifa ${ }^{2}$, Mehmet GÜmüs ${ }^{3}$ ..... 184
GENERALIZED COMPLEX FRANCOIS NUMBERS ..... 185
Yasemin ALP ${ }^{1}$ ..... 185
INTERACTION BETWEEN GRAINS AND SURROUNDING FLUID: IMPACT PHENOMENA ..... 186
Yasin Sefa Aslan ${ }^{1}$, Samire Yazar ${ }^{2}$ ..... 186
ASYMPTOTIC BEHAVIOR AND BLOW UP OF SOLUTIONS FOR A P-BIHARMONIC EQUATION WITH LOGARITHMIC SOURCE TERM ..... 187
Yavuz Dinç ${ }^{1}$, ..... 187
HEART SOUND TIME-FREQUENCY FEATURE EXTRACTION FOR IMPROVED HEART DISEASE DETECTION USING THE SHORT-TIME FOURIER TRANSFORM, S-TRANSFORM, AND MFCCS ..... 188
Zaied Al-Haj ${ }^{12}$, Mahmut Ozturk ${ }^{1}$, and Mohammed Alsharafl ${ }^{2}$ ..... 188
MATHEMATICAL MODELLING OF THE EFFECTS ON EDUCATIONAL SUCCESS BY MACHINE LEARNING ALGORITHMS ..... 189
Zeynep Bakan ${ }^{1}$, Flilz Kanbay ${ }^{2}$. ..... 189
SOME DUNFORD-PETTIS OPERATORS IN BANACH LATTICES ..... 190
Omer Gok ${ }^{1}$, Zeynep Yavuz² ..... 190
INDEX ..... 191


# On weighted Cesáro, Copson and Tandori function spaces 

Amiran Gogatishvilil, Tuğçe Ünver²<br>${ }^{1}$ Institute of Mathematical of the Czech Academy of Sciences<br>Žitná 25, 11567 Prague, Czech Republic<br>gogatish@math.cas.cz<br>${ }^{2}$ Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Kirikkale University, 71450, Yahsihan, Kirikkale, Turkey tugceunver@kku.edu.tr


#### Abstract

The main objective of this talk is to provide a comprehensive demonstration of recent results regarding the structures of Cesàro, Copson, and Tandori function spaces. The definitions of these spaces involve local and global weighted Lebesgue norms, in other words, the norms of these spaces are generated by positive sublinear operators and by weighted Lebesgue norms.

Our main approach to studying these spaces will be the so-called discretization technique. Our technique will develop the approach initiated by K.G. Grosse-Erdmann in [1], enabling us to obtain the characterization in previously unavailable situations, thereby solving longstanding open problems. We will present the main tools of the discretization technique, and with this approach, we will obtain equivalent representations of these spaces. We will show that these spaces contain Herz spaces and Wiener Amalgam spaces as special cases by choosing particular (exponential and power type) weights or parameters.

We investigate the relation (embeddings) between these spaces and present the associate spaces' characterizations. We are going to show that the problem of characterizing pointwise multipliers between weighted Cesàro, Copson, and Tandori function spaces reduces to that of characterizing embeddings between weighted Cesàro, Copson, and Tandori function spaces.


Keywords: Cesaro space, Copson space, Tandory spaces, Hardy operator, Embedding theorems, associate space, Cesaro and Copson operators

## References:

1. K.-G. Grosse-Erdmann. The blocking technique, weighted mean operators, and Hardy's inequality, Volume 1679 of Lecture Notes in Mathematics. Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1998.
2. A. Gogatishvili, R. Mustafayev, and T. Ünver. Embeddings between weighted Copson and Cesàro function spaces. Czechoslovak Math. J., 67(142)(4):1105-1132, 2017.
3. A .Gogatishvili, R. C. Mustafayev, and T. Ünver. Pointwise multipliers between weighted Copson and Cesàro function spaces. Math. Slovaca, 69(6):1303-1328, 2019.
4. T. Ünver. Embeddings between weighted Cesàro function spaces. Math. Inequal. Appl., 23(3):925-942, 2020.
5. A . Gogatishvili, L. Pick, and T. Ünver. Weighted inequalities involving Hardy and Copson operators. J. Funct. Anal., 283(12): Paper No. 109719, 50, 2022.

David Cruz-Uribe, OFS
The University of Alabama


7th International HYBRID Conference on Mathematical Advances and Applications May 8-11, 2024,
İstanbul / TÜRKİYE

# Dirichlet problem for a non-uniformly elliptic equation with $L^{1}$ data 

Farman MAMEDOV ${ }^{1}$, Yusuf ZEREN ${ }^{2}$, Khayala GASIMOVA ${ }^{1}$, Abdullah SALAMI ${ }^{2}$<br>(mfarmannn@gmail.com; yzeren@yildiz.edu.tr; khayala.gasimova21@gmail.com; abdullahselami1991@gmail.com)<br>${ }^{1}$ Institute of Mathematics and Mechanics, Ministry of Science and Education of Azerbaijan<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, Turkey


#### Abstract

The topic existence of solutions of uniformly elliptic equations with $L^{1}$ data was started by Stampacia [2]. On the study the $L^{1}(D)$ or $f(z)$ to be a measure $\mu$ of bounded variation the Dirichlet problem for elliptic and parabolic equations (also nonlinear) we quote the series of works by Boccardo and his coauthors [1]. In this note we have


 considered such problem in the setting of non-uniform elliptic equation$$
\begin{equation*}
\Sigma_{i j=1}^{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i}}\left(a_{i j}(z) \frac{\partial u}{\partial z_{j}}\right)+\sum_{i=1}^{N} b_{i}(z) \frac{\partial u}{\partial z_{i}}+c(z) u=f(z) \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

satisfying the conditions of non-uniform ellipticity

$$
\begin{equation*}
C_{1}\left(w(x)\lfloor\xi\rfloor^{2}+\lfloor\eta\rfloor^{2}\right) \leq \sum_{i j=1}^{w} a_{i j}(z) \zeta_{i} \zeta_{j} \leq C_{2}\left(w(x)\lfloor\xi\rfloor^{2}+\lfloor\eta\rfloor^{2}\right) \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

for $\forall \zeta \in \mathbb{R}^{N}$ with $\zeta=(\xi, \eta)$ and $\xi \in \mathbb{R}^{n}, \eta \in \mathbb{R}^{m} ; n, m \geq 1$. Where $z=(x, y) \in D$ and $D \subset \mathbb{R}^{N}$ is a bounded subdomain. A sufficient condition is proposed on the functions $b_{i}(\varepsilon), c(d), w(x)$ in order to the very weak solution existence for the homogeneous Dirichlet problem for the equation (1), $u \|_{\partial D}=0$.

The proofs are based on the Sobolev-Poincare type non-uniform gradient inequality [3, 4]

$$
\left(\frac{1}{\left|Q_{R}^{z_{0}}\right|} \int_{D}|f(z)| d z\right)^{1 / q} \leq C R\left(\frac{1}{w\left|Q_{R}^{z_{0}}\right|} \int_{D}\left[w(x)\left|\nabla_{x} f\right|^{2}+\left|\nabla_{y} f\right|^{2}\right] d z\right)
$$

for a fixed $z_{0}=(a, b) \in D$ and all $f \in \operatorname{Lip}_{0}(\bar{D})$ valid under the conditions $w \in A_{2}\left(\mathbb{R}^{n}\right)$-Muckenhoupt class and being satisfied by some $q \geq 2$

$$
\left(\int_{K_{R}^{x}} w(s) d s / \int_{K_{R}^{x}} w(s) d s\right)^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{m}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{q}\right)} \geq C(r / R)^{1-\frac{m(n+2)}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{q}\right)}
$$

for all $r \in(0, R), x \in K_{R}^{a}$ - the $n$-dimensional Euclidean ball centered in $a-$ of radius $R$.

## References:

1. L. Boccardo,T.Gallouet, Nonlinear elliptic and parabolic equations involving measure data, J. Funct. Anal.87, (1989),149-169.
2. G. Stampacchia, Le probleme de Dirichlet pour les equations elliptiques du second ordre a coefficients discontinus, Ann. Inst. Fourier Grenoble 15, (1965), 189-258.
3. F.I. Mamedov, A Poincare's inequality with non-uniformly degenerating gradient, Monatsh. fur Math. 194, (2021), 151-165.
4. F.I. Mamedov and S.Monsurro, Sobolev inequality with nonuniformly degenerating gradient, Electronic J. Qualitative Theory of Diff. Equ. (24), (2022), 1-19.

Almost Convergence And Applications<br>Mohammad MURSALEEN<br>Aligarh Muslim University, Department of Mathematics, Aligarh 202002, India<br>mursaleenm@gmail.com

## Abstract

The methods of almost summability and statistical summability have become an active area of research in recent years. The significance of the concept of summability has been strikingly demonstrated in various contexts, e. g. in Fourier Analysis, Analytic Continuation, Quantum Mechanics, Fixed Point Theory, Probability Theory and Approximation Theory [1].
In this talk we deal exclusively with the study of regular and almost regular summability methods and their applications to study the summability of Taylor series.

## References:

1. M. Mursaleen, Applied Summability Methods, Springer Briefs, Heidelberg New York Dordrecht London, 2014.
2. G. G. Lorentz, A contribution to the theory of divergent sequences, Acta Math., 80 (1948) 167-190.
3. J. P. King, Almost summable sequences, Proc. Amer. Math. Soc. 17 (1966) 1219-1225.



7th International HYBRID Conference on Mathematical Advances and Applications May 8-11, 2024, İstanbul / TÜRKİYE

# Exponential Integrability in the Degenerate Regime 

Scott RODNEY<br>scott.rodney@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this talk I will discuss exponential integrability results obtained with D. Cruz-Uribe in 2018. Following this, I will describe possible generalizations and open questions.


Keywords: Exponential Integrability, degenerate elliptic equations, Sobolev Spaces

## References:

1. D. Cruz-Uribe and S. Rodney, Bounded Weak Solutions to Elliptic Equations with Data in Orlicz Spaces, J. Diff. Eq. Vol. 297, pp. 409-432 (2021)
2. G. DiFazio, M-S Fanciullo, D. Monticelli, S. Rodney, and P. Zamboni, Matrix Weights and Regularity for Degenerate Elliptic Equations, Nonlinear Analysis, Vol 237 (2023).
3. D. Cruz-Uribe, M. Penrod, and S. Rodney, Poincaré Inequalities and Neumann Problems for the Variable Exponent Setting , Mathematics in Engineering, Vol. 4, issue 5, pp. 1-22 (2022)


Sofiène Tahar


7th International HYBRID Conference on Mathematical Advances and Applications May 8-11, 2024,
İstanbul / TÜRKİYE

# Mixed Problem for a Nonlinear Partial Differential Equation with Fractional Analog of the Barenblatt-Zheltov-Kochina Operator 

Tursun K. Yuldashev ${ }^{1,3,}$, Bakhtiyor J. Kadirkulov ${ }^{2,3}$, Oigul A. Matchanova ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{\prime}$ Department of Applied Mathematics, Tashkent State University of Economics,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics and Information Technology, Tashkent State University of Oriental Studies,<br>${ }^{3}$ Laboratory of Differential Equations and Applications, V. I. Romanovskii Institute of Mathematics, tursun.k.yuldashev@gmail.com, kadirkulovbj@gmail.com, oygul87-87@mail.ru


#### Abstract

The problems of unique regular solvability and the construction of the solution of a mixed problem for nonlinear differential equations that contain the fractional analog of the Barenblatt-Zheltov-Kochina operator are studied. The method of a Fourier series based on the separation of variables is used. Corresponding spectral problem is solved. A countable system of nonlinear integral equations is obtained. Sufficient coefficient conditions for the unique solvability of the countable system are established. The method of successive approximations combined with the method of compressing mapping are applied in the proof of existence and uniqueness of countable system. The solution of mixed problem is constructed in the form of Fourier series. Absolute and uniform convergence of Fourier series is proved.


Keywords: Mixed problem, nonlinear differential equations, fractional analog of Barenblatt-Zheltov-Kochina operator, Hilfer fractional operator, rehular solvability.

## References:

1. V. M. Aleksandrov and E. V. Kovalenko, Problems of continuum mechanics with mixed boundary conditions. Nauka, Moscow, 1986.
2. V. A. Il'in, On the solvability of mixed problems for hyperbolic and parabolic equations, Uspekhi Mat. Nauk, 15 (2). 97-154 (1960).
3. V. A. Chernyatin, Justification of the Fourier method in a mixed problem for partial differential equations. MSU, Moscow, 1992.
4. A. Vagabov, Generalized Fourier method for solving mixed problems for nonlinear equations, Differ. Equations, 32 (1), 90-100 (1996).
5. G. I. Chandirov, Mixed problem for quasilinear equations of hyperbolic type. Diss. ... Doc. Physics and Mathematics. Azerb. State Univers., Baku, 1970.


# Stabilization of solutions to second order in time systems of viscoelastic fluid flow 

Varga KALANTAROV
Department of Mathematics, Koç University , Istanbul


#### Abstract

The talk will be devoted to the initial boundary value problem for the second order in time equations modelling the dynamics of viscoelastic fluids. Our man goal is to prove existence of an exponential attractor of the semigroup generated by the considered problem and investigate the problem of stabilization of the system by controllers depending on finitely many parameters.




# Tiling Morrey spaces and weighted Morrey spaces 

Yoshihiro Sawano<br>yoshihiro-sawano@celery.ocn.ne.jp


#### Abstract

We consider the boundedness property of the operator on weighted Morrey spaces. It is still an open problem to have a complete Muckenhoupt type characterization for Morrey spaces. This talk is address to this problem together with some related observations. We use tiling Morrey spaces.


Keywords: tiling Morrey spaces, weighted Morrey spaces

## References:

1. Y. Sawano and H. Tanaka, Tiling Morrey spaces - as a dyadic toy model, in preparation
2. G. Di Fazio, D.I. Hakim and Y. Sawano, Morrey Spaces, Vol. I. Introduction and applications to integral operators and PDE's. Monographs and Research Notes in Mathematics. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL, 2020. 479 pp. ISBN: 978-1-4987-6551-0; 978-0-429-08592-5 46-02
3. G. Di Fazio, D.I. Hakim and Y. Sawano, Morrey spaces. Vol. II., Introduction and applications to integral operators and PDE's. Monographs and Research Notes in Mathematics. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL, 2020. 409 pp. ISBN: 978-0-367-45915-4; 978-1-00-302907-6 46-02
4. S. Nakamura, Y. Sawano and H. Tanaka, The fractional operators on weighted Morrey spaces, J. Geom. Anal., 28, no. 2, 1502--1524 (2018)
5. S. Nakamura, Y. Sawano and H. Tanaka, Weighted local Morrey spaces, Ann. Acad. Sci. Fenn. Math..45, no. 1, 67--93 (2020)


## CONTRIBUTED TALKS

G ${ }^{\boldsymbol{\omega}}$-Grill Topological Spaces<br>Amin Saif ${ }^{l}$ and A. Mahdi ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Taiz University Yemen<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, University of Saba Region, Mareb, Yemen.<br>alsanawyamin@yahoo.com,<br>ahidere@gmail.com


#### Abstract

This work is centered around the concept of expanding topological spaces. In this study, we introduce and examine novel operators namely $\Phi^{\alpha}{ }_{\omega}$ and $\Psi^{\omega}{ }_{\omega}$, along with their connection to the grill. We explore various topological properties associated with these operators, as well as their relationships with other established operators. Furthermore, we extend the notion of Fedral topological spaces by introducing $\mathrm{G}^{\alpha}{ }_{\omega}$ - grill topological spaces, which are induced by the operators $\Phi^{\boldsymbol{\alpha}}{ }_{\omega}$ and $\Psi^{\alpha}{ }_{\omega}$.


Keywords: Grill topological space, Induced topology, operators, Fedral topological spaces.

## References:

1. B. Roy and M. N. Mukherjee, On a typical topology induced by a grill, Soochow J. Math., 33(4), (2007), 771-786.
2. Saif, A. Mahdi, K. M. Hamadi., Ga $\omega$-open Open sets in Grill Topological Spaces, International Journal of Computer Applications, 183, (2021), 0975-8887.
3. Saif, M. Al-Hawmi and B. Al-Refaei, On G $\omega$-open sets in grill topological spaces, Journal of Advance in Mathematics and Computer Science, 35(6), (2020), 132-143.
4. Saif, A. Mahdi., Some Properties of Grill Topological Spaces Via G $\alpha \omega \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{X})$., Conference Proceeding Science and Technology, 6(1), 2023, 1-10.,
5. A.A. Nasefa, A. A. Azzamb, Some topological operators Via grills., Journal of Linear and Topological Algebra, 5(03), (2016), 199- 204.


# REFINEMENTS OF THE GENERALIZED NUMERICAL RADIUS OF HEINZ-TYPE INEQUALITIES 

Abdelrahman Yousef ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, American University of Sharjah, afyousef@aus.edu


#### Abstract

In this talk, we improve the generalized numerical radius version of the Heinz means inequalities by employing convexity and the Hermit-Hadamard inequality. Moreover, we present novel proofs for the generalized numerical radius of Heinz-type inequalities.


Keywords: Heinz inequality, unitarily invariant norm, numerical radius, generalized numerical radius, Hermit-Hadamard inequality.

## References:

1. A. Abu-Omar and F. Kittaneh, A generalization of the numerical radius, Linear Algebra Appl. 569(2019), 323-334.
2. R. Bhatia, C. Davis, More matrix forms of the arithmetic-geometric mean inequality, SIAM J. Matrix Anal. Appl. 14 (1993) 132-136.
3. T. Yamazaki, On upper and lower bounds of the numerical radius and an equality condition, Studia Math. 178(1) (2007), 8389.


# On the Returnability of Linear Control Systems through Bounded Controls in Finite Time 

 Abdon E. Choque-Rivero 1${ }^{1}$ Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Michoacan University of Saint Nicholas of Hidalgo, Morelia, Mexico
abdon.choque@umich.mx


#### Abstract

We study the two-dimensional Brunovsky system. Given an initial point x 0 in $\mathrm{R}^{\wedge} 2$, we consider the problem of finding a set of bounded controls that allows to return to the state x 0 in finite time $\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{x} 0)$, see [1]. The Korobov's controllability function (CF) method [2], [3] is used. In particular, the case where CF represents the motion time from x0 to the same point. Additionally, we present the solution of the aforementioned problem with the condition that the objective is achieved in the optimal time.


Keywords: Brunovsky system, bounded control, controllability function, optimal time control.

## References:

1. Choque-Rivero A. E., Mullisaca E. C. and González G. A. Returning to the same point through bounded controls in finite time, 2022 IEEE International Autumn Meeting on Power, Electronics and Computing (ROPEC), Ixtapa, Mexico, (2022), 1-4.
2. Choque-Rivero A.E. Extended set of solutions of a bounded finite-time stabilization problem via the controllability function. IMA Journal of Mathematical Control and Information (2021), 1-14.
3. Choque-Rivero A.E.; Korobov's Controllability Function as Motion Time: Extension of the Solution Set of the Synthesis Problem, accepted to appear in Journal of Mathematical Physics, Analysis, Geometry. 19(3), (2022) 556-586.


# Topological Descriptors and Polynomials of Hourglass Benzenoid Series 

Abdu Alameri ${ }^{1}$, Mohammed Alsharafi ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Biomedical Engineering, University of Science and Technology, Yemen, ${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, Turkey

a.alameri2222@gmail.com
alsharafi205010@gmail.com


#### Abstract

Topological indices and coindices, numerical quantities derived from the chemical graph of a molecule, are widely employed in modeling the physicochemical properties of molecular compounds. This research focuses on the investigation of various topological descriptors of the Hourglass Benzenoid series $H B_{k}$. Specifically, we compute and analyze a range of topological descriptors for the $H B_{k}$ series, including well-established indices such as the generalized modified Zagreb indices. Additionally, we derive the polynomial indices of the molecular graphs associated with the $H B_{k}$ series.


Keywords: Topological indices and coindices, Hourglass Benzenoid series HBk, polynomial indices.

## References:

1. Alameri, M. Alsharafi, et. al., A note on Topological indices and coindices of disjunction and symmetric difference of graphs, Discrete Applied Mathematics 304, (2021), 230-235.
2. M. Alsharafi, M. Shubatah, A. Alameri, The First and Second Zagreb Index of Complement Graph and Its Applications of Molecular Graph, Asian Journal of Probability and Statistics. 8(3), (2020), 15-30.
3. Y. Zeren, A. Alameri, M. Alsharafi, A. Ayache, M. Kamran Jamil. Degree-Based Molecular Descriptors of Chain Biphenylene, Biointerface Research in Applied Chemistry, Vol. 13, no. 5, (2023); 496.
4. Ayache, A. Alameri, M. Alsharafi, Hanan Ahmed, The second Hyper-Zagreb coindex of chemical graphs and some applications, Journal of Chemistry, (2021), 2021.
5. M. Alsharafi, Yusuf Zeren, A. Alameri, The second Hyper-Zagreb index of Complement Graph and Its Applications of Some Nano Structure, AJPAS. 15(4), (2021), 54-75.
6. M. Alsharafi, M. Akar, Y. Zeren, and A. Alameri. Degree-Based Topological Descriptors of Hexaphenylbenzene Molecule Graphs. Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds, (2023), 1-20.
7. M. Alsharafi, A. Alameri, Y. Zeren, M. Shubatah, A. Alwardi, The Y-Index of Some Complement Graph Structures and Their Applications of Nanotubes and Nanotorus, Journal of Mathematics, vol. 2024, Article ID 4269325, 17 pages, 2024.


# Fractional maximal operator in the local Morrey-Lorentz spaces and some applications 

Abdulhamit Kucukaslan<br>Department of Aerospace Engineering, Ankara Yıldırım Beyazıt University<br>a.kucukaslan@aybu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this study, we obtain the necessary and sufficient conditions for the boundedness of the fractional maximal operator in the local Morrey- Lorentz spaces. We use sharp rearrangement inequalities while proving our result. We apply this result to the Schrödinger operator for the nonnegative potential belongs to the reverse Hölder class. The boundedness of Schrödinger-type operators in the local Morrey- Lorentz spaces are obtained.


Keywords: Local Morrey-Lorentz spaces, fractional maximal operator, Schrödinger operator.

## References:

1. V.S. Guliyev, C. Aykol, A. Kucukaslan and A. Serbetci, Maximal operatör and Calder'on-Zygmund operators in local Morrey-Lorentz spaces, Integral Transforms Spec. Funct. 27 (2016), no. 11, 866-877.
2. Guliyev, V.S., Kucukaslan, A., Aykol, C., Serbetci, A.: Riesz potential in the local Morrey-Lorentz spaces and some applications. Georgian Math. J. (2020). https://doi.org/10.1515/gmj-2018-0065.
3. Kucukaslan, A., Maximal and Fractional maximal operators in the Lorentz-Morrey spaces and their applications to the Bochner-Riesz and Schrödinger-type operators. Journal of Interdisciplinary Mathematics, cilt.25, sa.4, ss.963-976, 2022


# Existence and Uniqueness of Positive solution for a Singular Caputo-Fractional Boundary Problem 

Aboubaker El-Saddik Bouziane ${ }^{1}$, Berrabah Bendoukha ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Abdelhamid Ibn Badis University, aboubaker27@gmail.com bbendoukha@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this work, some existence and uniqueness results are presented for a certain singular Caputo-fractional differential equation with integral boundary conditions. The problem is firstly transformed to an equivalent fractional integral equation and well-known fixed-point theorems such that Banach and Schauder are then applied. In addition, the contractive form of the Krasnosel'skii cone theorem is used in order to prove existence of positive solutions for the problem.


Keywords: Banach and Schauder fixed point, Completely continuous operator, Fractional differential.

## References:

. D. Baleanu, Fractional variational principles in action, Physica scripta., 2009 (T136) (2009).
2. M. A. Krasnosel'skii, Positive solutions of operator equations, Groningen: Noordhoff, 1964.
3. S. Kumar, R. K. Vats, H. K. Nashine, Existence and uniqueness results for three-point nonlinear fractional (arbitrary order) boundary value problem, Matematicki Vesnik., 70(4) (2018), 314-325.
4. Sh. Rezapour, M. Shabibi, A singular fractional differential equation with Reimann-Liouville integral boundary condition, Journal of Advanced Mathematical Studies., 8 (4)(2015), 80-88.
5. S. G. Samko, A. A. Kilbas, O. I. Marichev, Fractional integrals and derivatives, Theory and applications, Gordon and Breach Science Publishers., Amsterdam, 1993. Engl. transl.from Russian, Integrals and derivatives of fractional order and some of their applications, Nauka i Tekhnika., Minsk, 1987.


# Coefficient Estimates for Certain Subclasses of Analytic Functions Associated with The Combination of Differential Operators 

Adem Kızlttepe ${ }^{1}$, Erhan Deniz ${ }^{1}$, Yücel Özkan ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science and Letters, Kafkas University, Kars-Turkey,<br>admkzltp@gmail.com<br>edeniz36@gmail.com<br>y.ozkan3636@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this study, we introduce and study some new subclasses of analytic functions defined by the combination of Al-Oboudi differential and Noor integral operators, and obtain coefficient estimates and Fekete-Szegö inequalities for


 these new subclasses.Keywords: Fekete-Szegö problem, Analytic functions, Starlike and convex functions of complex order, Al-Oboudi differential operator, Noor integral operator.

## References:

1. Al-Oboudi, F. M. (2004). On univalent functions defined by a generalized Sălăgean operator. Int. J. Math. Math. Sci. 27, 1429-1436.
2. Çağlar, M. and Orhan, H. (2021). Fekete-Szegö problem for certain subclasses of analytic functions defined by the combination of differential operators. Bol. Soc. Mat. Mex., 27, 41.
3. Fekete, M. and Szegö, G. (1933). Eine Bemerkung über ungerade schlichte Funktionen. J. Lond. Math. Soc., 8, 85-89.
4. Kazımoğlu, S. and Deniz, E., (2020). Fekete-Szegö problem for generalized bi-subordinate functions of complex order. Hacettepe Journal of Mathematics and Statistics, 49(5), 1695-1705.
5. Noor, K. I. (1999). On new classes of integral operators. J. Nat. Geometry, 16, 71--80.


# Majorization Results for a Subclass of Meromorphic Functions Involving $q$－Al－Oboudi Differential Operator 

Erhan Deniz ${ }^{1}$ ，Sercan Kazımoğlu ${ }^{l}$ ，Adem Kızıltepe ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics，Faculty of Science and Letters，Kafkas University，Kars－Turkey<br>edeniz36＠gmail．com<br>srcnkzmglu＠gmail．com<br>admkzltp＠gmail．com


#### Abstract

In this study，we investigate several majorization results for a subordination class of meromorphic functions of complex order，defined by $q$－Al－Oboudi differential operator．Moreover，we point out some new or known consequences of our result，which is in the form of corollaries．


Keywords：Meromorphic functions，Majorization problem，Starlike functions of complex order，Subordination，$q$－Al－ Oboudi differential operator．

## References：

1．Arif，M．，Ul－Haq，M．，Barukab，O．Khan，S．A．and Abullah，S．（2021）．Majorization results for certain subfamilies of analytic functions．Journal of Function Spaces，2021，1－6．
2．Janowski，W．（1973）．Some extremal problems for certain families of analytic functions．Ann．Pol．Math．，28，297－326．
3．Khan，N．，Arif，M．and Darus，M．（2022）．Majorization Properties for Certain Subclasses of Meromorphic Function of Complex Order．Complexity，2022，Article ID 2385739， 6 pages．
4．MacGregor，T．H．（1967）．Majorization by univalent functions．Duke Mathematical Journal，34（1），95－102．
5．Tang，H．，Srivastava，H．M．，Li，S．H．and Deng，G．T．（2020）．Majorization results for subclasses of starlike functions based on the sine and cosine functions．Bulletin of the Iranian Mathematical Society，46（2），381－388．


# A Novel Class of Proximity Spaces 

Ahmad al-Omari<br>Al al-Bayt University, Faculty of Sciences, Department of Mathematics<br>Mafraq 2511, Jordan<br>omarimutah1@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

Proximity space is a frequent concept in mathematics, computer science, and pattern recognition. Acharjee et al. have presented a new mathematical framework called "primal." Thus, the primary goal of this work is to present and investigate the primal-proximity spaces. Furthermore, we build two novel operators using primal proximity spaces and study some of their essential characteristics. Additionally, the new operators create a weaker topology compared to the previous one. Furthermore, we explore some of their qualities and augment with specific instances. Keywords: Primal, grill, primal-space, proximity space, primal-proximity spaces.


## References:

1. A. Al-Omari, M. Ozkoc, S. Acharjee, Primal-Proximity Spaces arXiv:2306.07977 [math.GN] 2023
2. A. Al-Omari, M. H. Alqahtani, Primal structure with closure operators and their applications, Mathematics, 11 (2023), 4946.
3. W.J. Thron, Proximity structures and grills, Math. Ann., 206 (1973), 35-62.
4. A. Kandil, O.A. Tantawy, S.A. El-Sheikh and A. Zakaria, New structures of proximity spaces, Information Sciences Letters, 3(3) (2014), 85-89.


# ON SEPARATION AXIOMS FOR REGULAR GENERALIZED G $\omega$-OPEN SETS IN GRILL TOPOLOGICAL 

Ahmed M. Al-Audhahi ${ }^{1}$, Abdul-Qawe Kaed ${ }^{2}$, Suliman Dawood ${ }^{3}$ and Amin Saif ${ }^{4}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Education and Sciences, University of Saba Region, Mareb, Yemen<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Applied Science, University of Thamar, Thamar, Yemen<br>${ }^{3}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Education, Hodeidah University, Hodeidah, Yemen<br>${ }^{4}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Sciences, Taiz University, Taiz, Yemen<br>aludhaiahmed2021@gmail.com<br>dabouan@yahoo.com<br>Sulimandawoodhassan1975@gmail.com<br>4alsanawyamin@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

In this paper, we introduce and study some weak forms of separation axioms via generalized $\mathbf{G}^{\omega}$-open sets called, $G_{g}^{\omega}-T_{2}$-space, , $G_{r g}^{\omega}-T 3$-space and , $G_{r g}^{\omega}-T_{4}$-space in grill topological space $(X, \tau, G)$ which are weak forms of $T_{2}$-space, $T 3$-space and $T_{4}$-space in ( $X, \tau$ ), respectively. We introduce weak forms of separation axioms via regular generalized $\mathbf{G}^{\omega}$-open sets, called $G_{r g}^{\omega}-T_{2}-$ space, $G_{r g}^{\omega}-T 3$-space and $G_{r g}^{\omega}-T 4$-space which are weak forms of $G_{g}^{\omega}-T_{2}$-space, $G_{g}^{\omega}-T 3-$ space and $G_{g}^{\omega}-T 4-$ space, respectively in grill topological space $(X, \tau, G)$.


Keywords: Generalized closed sets; Regular closed sets; Grill topological spaces.

## References:

. J. Dugundji, Topology, Allyn and Bacon, New Jersey, (1966).
2. S. Dawood, A. M. Al-Audhahi and A. Saif, On continuity of grill topological spaces via regular generalized $\mathbf{G}^{\boldsymbol{\omega}}$-closed sets, Asian Research Journal of Mathematics, 18(11), (2022), 77-91.
3. H. Z. Hdeib, ${ }^{\omega}$-closed mappings, Revista Colombiana de Matematicas, 16, (1982), 65-78.
4. A. Saif, M. Al-Hawmi and B. Al-Refaei, On $\mathbf{G}^{\boldsymbol{\omega}}$-open sets in grill topological spaces, Journal of Advance in Mathematics and Computer Science, 35(6), (2020), 132-43
5. A. Saif, A. M. Al-Audhahi and K. M. Al-Hamadi, regular generalized $\mathbf{G}^{\boldsymbol{\omega}}$-closed sets in grill topological spaces, 183(26), (2021), 1-4.
6. S. Willard, General Topology, Addison-Wesely, Reading, Mass, USA, (1970).


# FUNCTIONAL IDENTITIES WITH EPIMORPHISM ON XY = $0=\mathbf{Y} X$ IN PRIME RINGS 

Ali Ahmed Abdullah<br>Department of Mathematics, Bioinformatics and Computer Applications, Maulana Azad National Institute of Technology, Bhopal, India.<br>aliamugh7573@gmail.com


#### Abstract

Let $\xi$ be an involution of a non-commutative unitary prime ring R with the maximal symmetric ring of quotients and the extended centroid of $R$ denoted by $\mathrm{Qms}_{\mathrm{ms}}(\mathrm{R})$ and C , respectively. Consider the additive maps, G and $\mathrm{H}: \mathrm{R} \rightarrow \mathrm{Qms}(\mathrm{R})$ with epimorphism $\xi$ and if $\mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{g}) \mathrm{h}+\mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{h}) \mathrm{g}+\mathrm{g}^{\xi} \mathrm{T}(\mathrm{h})+\mathrm{h}^{\xi} \mathrm{T}(\mathrm{g})=0$ for all $\mathrm{g}, \mathrm{h} \in \mathrm{R}$ satisfying gh $=0=\mathrm{hg}$, then we worked out the characterization of the maps Q and T . By active implementation of the FI-theory and solving the challenging case of low dimensions, we apprehended the forms of these maps as generalized X -inner unless $\operatorname{dim}_{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{RC} \leq 4$. Moreover, an important application is also included as an independent sections which speaks about the worth of the work.


Keywords: Prime ring, involution, derivation, idempotent element, (weak)
Jordan *-derivation, maximal symmetric ring of quotients, polynomial identity (PI), functional identity (FI).

## References:

1. Lee, T. K. and Wong, T.L., Right centralizers of semiprime rings, Communications in Algebra, 42, (2014), 2923-2927.
2. Lee T.K., Bi-additive maps of $\zeta$-Lie product type vanishing on zero products of XY and Y X, Comm Algebra, 45(8), 2017, 3449-3467.
3. Lin, J. H., Weak Jordan derivations of prime rings, Linear Multilinear Algebra, 69(8), (2019), https://doi.org/10.1080/03081087.2019.1630061.


# A New chaos based generating function of the Mersenne polynomias and its applications 

Ali Boussayoud<br>${ }^{1}$ LMAM Laboratory, Department of Mathematics, Mohamed Seddik Ben Yahia University, aboussayoud@yahoo


#### Abstract

In this paper, we propose a generating function for Mersenne polynomials with typical period doubling to chaos. In this context, the bifurcation diagram and Lyapunov exponent proved that the proposed generating function is a deterministic system that exhibits chaotic behavior for specific values of the control parameters. As an application, this proposed generating function is used as a chaos-based cryptosystem to encrypt different images..

\section*{Keywords:}

Mersenne polynomials, Generating functions, Cryptosystem, Bifurcation diagram.


## References :

1. N. Louzzani, A. Boukabou, H. Bahi, A. Boussayoud, A novel chaos based generating function of the Chebyshev polynomials and its applications in image encryption, Chaos Solitons Fractals. 151 (111315), 1-10, (2021).
2. N. Saba, A. Boussayoud, Gaussian Mersenne Lucas numbers and polynomials, 10.48550/arXiv.2303.03802, 11page, (2023).
3. N. Saba, A. Boussayoud, K.V. Venkata Kanuri, Mersenne Lucas numbers and complete homogeneous symmetric functions, J. Appl. Math. Comput. Sci. 24(1),127-139, (2022).
4. N. Saba, A. Boussayoud, On the bivariate Mersenne Lucas polynomials and their properties, Chaos Solitons Fractals. 146 (110899), 1-6 , (2021).


# Time-Reversible 5D Hyperchaotic System 

Ali A. Shukur ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Mathematics, University of Kufa, shukur.math@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this talk, we present a newly proposed hyperchaotic system constructed by five differentional equations which is time-reversible. The stability analysis of the proposed system shows either hidden attractor or self-excited with a very complicated nature of equlibirum points. Some of the recent interesting hyperchaotic systems were presented in the references below.


Keywords: Hyperchaotic system, time-reversible, bifurcation.

## References:

1. A.A. Neamah, A. A. Shukur, A Novel Conservative Chaotic System Involved in Hyperbolic Functions and Its Application to Design an Efficient Colour Image Encryption Scheme, Symmetry, 15, 1511, (2023).
2. A.A. Shukur, M. AlFalooji, V.T. Pham, Asymmetrical novel hyperchaotic system with two exponential functions and an application to image encryption, Nonlinear Engineering, 13: 20220362, (2024).
3. N.A. Saeed, H.A. Saleh, W.A. El-Ganaini, M. Kamel, M. S. Mohamed, On a New Three-Dimensional Chaotic System with Adaptive Control and Chaos Synchronization, Shock and Vibration, ID 1969500, 19, (2023).
4. Shukur, A.A., AlFallooji, M.A. (2023). Hidden Attractor in a Asymmetrical Novel Hyperchaotic System Involved in a Bounded Function of Exponential Form with Image Encryption Application. Smart Innovation, Systems and Technologies, 371, 2023.


# Exploring Neighboring Fibonacci Numbers and Related Sequences 

Cemil Karaçam ${ }^{1}$,Alper Vural ${ }^{2}$,Eralp Akay ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Mugla Art and Science Center<br>cemil-karacam@ hotmail.com<br>eralpakay2009@gmail.com<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Computer Engineering, Bogazici University, vuralalperalper2005@gmail.com<br>Abstract


#### Abstract

Considering the strong bond between Fibonacci and Lucas numbers, we named the family of number sequences formed by successively increasing the initial value of Fibonacci numbers as neighbors of Fibonacci numbers. We created similar families of number sequences, which we call neighors....Number sequences, from the number sequences we call Narayana numbers, Cyclic numbers, Tribonacci numbers, and Generalized numbers. General representations of these number sequences were obtained. Some properties of Fibonacci numbers, especially the Cassini feature, were investigated in the neighbors Fibonacci numbers. Some identities have been obtained and these identities have been proven. Some identities have been obtained from the determinants of matrices produced from neighboring Fibonacci numbers. Inspired by the Q matrix, which is the Fibonacci generator matrix, two different matrices that produce elements in a certain order for neighboring Fibonacci number sequences were identified, and the elements produced by the powers of these matrices were determined. In the section we call multi-representation arrays, the necessary algorithm for the representation of an array based on different numbers of elements has been created.


Keywords:Generalized Fibonacci sequences, multi-representation sequences,k-Fibonacci numbers

1. Al-Juboori, A. S., \& Al-Zawi, H. A. (2020). Generalizations of Fibonacci and Lucas Numbers. Al-Qadisiyah Journal for Computer Science and Mathematics, 12(1), 23-38.
2. Horadam, A. F. (1963). Basic properties of a certain generalization of the Fibonacci sequence. The Fibonacci Quarterly, 1(4), 359-360.
3. Koshy, T. (2011). Fibonacci and Lucas Numbers with Applications. John Wiley \& Sons.
4. Vajda, S. (1989). Fibonacci \& Lucas Numbers, and the Golden Section: Theory and Applications. Dover Publications.
5. Zayed, A. E. (2005). Generalized Fibonacci and Lucas Sequences. Fibonacci Quarterly, 43(2), 144-156.

# The New Orthogonal Saban Frame and The Evolution of Orthogonal Saban Framed Curves in $s^{2}$ 

Alperen Kızılay ${ }^{l}$, Atakan Tuğkan Yakut ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Niğde Ömer Halisdemir University, alperenkizilay@ohu.edu.tr sevaty@ohu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this paper we define the modified orthagonal Saban frame with curvature in $\boldsymbol{S}^{2}$ and show that the modified orthagonal Saban frame is a generalisation of the Saban frame. We study the evolution of curves on modified orthagonal Saban frame and we obtain the necessary conditions for the inextensible flow of curves on modified orthogonal Saban frame.


Keywords: Saban Frame, Modified Orthagonal Saban Frame, Evolution, Inextensible Flow.

## References:

1. J. J. Koenderink, Solid shape, MIT press (1990) 181-183.
2. S. Honda and M. Takahashi Evolutes and focal surfaces of framed immersions in the Euclidean space, Proc R Soc Edinburgh Sect A: Math. 150(1) (2019) 497-516.
3. D. Y. Kwon and F. C. Park, Evolution of inelastic plane curves, Applied Mathematics Letter 12 (1999) 115-119.
4. D. Latifi, and A. Razavi, Inextensible flows of curves in Minkowskian space, Advanced Studies in Theoretical Physics 2(16) (2008) 761-768.
5. T. Sasai, The fundamental theorem of analytic space curves and apparent singularities of fuchsian differential equations, The American Mathematical Monthly 36 (1984), 17-24.


# Induced Sushila Distribution: Statistical Properties and Applications 

Amer Ibrahim Al-Omari<br>${ }^{(2)}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science, Al al-Bayt University, Mafraq, Jordan. alomari_amer@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

In this article, as a modification of the base Sushila distribution (SD) the induced Sushila distribution (ISD) is suggested. Various statistical properties of the ISD are established and proved as the survival function, odds function, hazard function, cumulative hazard function, reverse hazard function and mean inactivity times. Also, the moments, moment generating function, coefficient of skewness, coefficient of kurtosis, and coefficient of variation are obtained and investigated numerically. Also, the stress-strength reliability, distribution of order statistics and some entropies are obtained. The distribution parameters are estimated using the maximum likelihood method with some simulations. The proposed model is compared with some competitors in fitting real data set to illustrate its usefulness in the field.


Keywords: Sushila distribution; Induced distribution; Weighted distribution; Reliability analysis; Rényi entropy; Lifetime distribution.

## References:

1. Patil, G. P., \& Rao, C. R. (1978). Weighted distributions and size-biased sampling with applications to wildlife populations and human families. Biometrics, 34(2), 179.
2. Pushkarna, N., Saran, J., \& Sehgal, S. (2022). Exact moments of order statistics and parameter estimation for Sushila distribution. Journal of Statistical Theory and Applications, 21(3), 106-130.
3. Rao, C. R. (1965). On discrete distributions arising out of methods of ascertainment. Sankhyā: The Indian Journal of Statistics, Series A, 27(2/4), 311-324.
4. Shanker, R., Shambhu, S., Uma, S., \& Ravi, S. (2013). Sushila distribution and its application to waiting times data. International Journal of Business Management, 3(2), 1-13.
5. Singh, B. P., \& Das, U. D. (2020). On an induced distribution and its statistical properties. https://doi.org/10.48550/ARXIV.2010.15078


# On the existence of solutions for $p(t)$-laplacian fractional boundary value problem via variational methods 

Amina Boucenna ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Laboratery of fixed point theory and application, Departements of mathematics, ENS-Kouba, Algiers, Algeria<br>${ }^{2}$ LAMDA-RO Laboratery, Departements of mathematic, University of Blida 1, Algeria<br>amina. boucenna@g.ens-kouba.dz<br>rouaghiamira4@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The aim of this work is to study the existence of results for boundary value problem with fractional derivative and the


 equation of $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{t})$-laplacian type. We use the variational method to prove the solutions of our problem.Keywords: Fractional derivative equation, nonlinear boundary value problem, fractional integral and fractional derivative, variational methods.

## References:

1. Yan Qiao, Fangqi chen, yukun An. Nontrivial solutions of a class of fractional differentiale quations with p-Laplacian via variational methods. Qiao et al. Boundary Value Problems 2020.
2. M. Badial, E. Serra. Semilinear elliptic equations for beginners. Springer-Verlag. New York, 2011.
3. E.W.C. Van Groesen. Variational methods for nonlinear operator equations. Mathematisch Centrum. Amsterdam, 1979.


# On a difference equations linked to generalized Balancing numbers 

Amira Khelifa ${ }^{1}$, Yacine Halim ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Mohamed Seddik Ben Yahia University, Jijel, Algeria, ${ }^{2}$ Abdelhafid Boussouf University Center of Mila, Algeria,

amkhelifa@yahoo.com
halyacine@yahoo.fr


#### Abstract

In this work we propose theoretical explanations regarding how solutions are represented for higher-order difference equations, connecting these solutions to generalized Balancing numbers. Furthermore, we explore the stability traits and asymptotic tendencies of this equation.


Kyewords: General solution, generalized Balancing numbers, stability, difference equations.

## References:

1. A. Behera and G. K. Panda, On the reuare roots of triangular numbers, Fibonacci Querntely, 37(2), 98-105 (1999).
2. Y. Halim, A. Khelifa, M. Berkal and A. Bouchair, On a solvable system of p difference equations of higher order. Periodica Mathematica Hungarica, 85, 109-127 (2022).
3. A. Khelifa, Y. Halim and M. Berkal, On the solutions of a system of $(2 p+1)$ difference equations of higher order. Miskolc Mathematical Notes. 22 (2), 331-350 (2021).
4. A. Khelifa, Y. Halim, A. Bouchair and M. Berkal, On a system of three difference equations of higher order solved in terms of Lucas and Fibonacci numbers. Mathematica Slovaca. 70(3), 641-656 (2021).


# Existence solutions for fractional boundary value problems with $\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{t})$-Laplacian type 

Amira Rouaghi ${ }^{1}$, Amina Boucenna ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ LAMDA-RO Laboratery, Departements of mathematics, University of Blida 1, Algeria<br>${ }^{2}$ Laboratery of fixed point theory and applications, Departements of mathematics, ENS-Kouba, Algiers, Algeria<br>rouaghiamira4@gmail.com<br>amina. boucenna@g.ens-kouba.dz


#### Abstract

In this work is to study the existence of the solutions to a boundary value problem with $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{t})$-Laplacian type, and the second term of this problem is non linear function. By using the fixed point theorem, which guarenties the solutions of our problem.


Keywords: Fractional differential equation, fractional derivative and integrale, existence fixed point theory.

## References:

1. EL Mafadel, S. Melliani, M. Elomari. Existence and uniqueness results for phi-caputo fractional boundary value problem. U.P.B. Sci. Bull., Series A, Vol. 84, Iss. 1, 2022.
2. A.A. Kilbas, H.M. Srivastava and J.J. Trujillo. Theory and applications of fractional differencial equations. Elsevier science, Amesterdam, 2006.
3. Podlubny. Fracional differencial equations. Academic press, San Diego, 1999.


# On Several New Generalized Fractional Inequalities For Differentiable Functions 

Arslan Munir ${ }^{1}$, Hüseyin Budak ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, COMSATS University Islamabad, Sahiwal Campus, Sahiwal 57000, Pakistan<br>2 Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Arts and Sciences, Duzce University, Konuralp Campus, 81620, Düzce, Türkiye<br>munirarslan999@gmail.com<br>hsyn.budak@gmail.com


#### Abstract

Inequalities involving fractional operators have also been an active area of research. These inequalities play a crucial role in establishing bounds, estimates, and stability conditions for solutions to fractional integrals. I will explore numerical integration methods, specifically Midpoint rule and Trapezoid rule. I will also discuss adaption of these inequalities for various function classes, demonstrating how these inequalities suite different mathematical scenarios. Moreover, we will explore their version in fractional integrals, showcasing their flexbility in handing diverse fractional calculus operations. Furthermore, we have improved the error bounds of Trapezoid-type inequality.


Keywords: Midpoint-type inequalities; Trapezoid-type inequalities; Caputo-Fabrizio fractional integrls.

## References:

1. U. S. Kirmaci, Inequalities for differentiable mappings and applications to special means of real numbers and to midpoint formula. Applied mathematics and computation, 147(1), 2004, 137-146.
2. S. S. Dragomir and R. Agarwal, Two inequalities for differentiable mappings and applications to special means of real numbers and to trapezoidal formula. Applied mathematics letters, 11(5),
3. M.Caputo, M. Fabrizio, A new definition of fractional derivative without singular kernel. Progress in fractional differentiation applications. 1(2), (2015), 73-85


# A Comprehensive Study on Hermite-Hadamard Inequalities involving Tempered Fractional Integrals 

Asia Shehzadi ${ }^{l}$, Huseyin Budak ${ }^{2}$, Wali Haider ${ }^{l}$, Fatih Hezenci ${ }^{2}$, Haibo Chen ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ School of Mathematics and Statistics, Central South University, Changsha 410083, China,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science and Arts, Duzce University, Duzce-Turkey,

ashehzadi937@gmail.com
hsyn.budak@gmail.com
haiderwali416@gmail.com
fatihezenci@gmail.com
math_chb@csu.edu.cn


#### Abstract

In the current investigation, upper and lower limits are determined for inequalities of midpoint-type and trapezoid-type which incorporate Tempered fractional integral operators. These bounds are derived through the utilization of mappings characterized by bounded second derivatives. These inequalities encompass previously established results such as Riemann integrals and Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals. Additionally, we establish the Hermite-Hadamard inequality, which incorporates Tempered fractional integrals, utilizing the condition $F^{v}(\sigma+\rho-x) \geq F^{0}(x)$, for all $x \in\left[\sigma, \frac{\sigma+p}{2}\right]$, rather than relying on the convexity of the function.


Keywords: Hermite-Hadamard inequality, integral inequalities, bounded functions, Tempered fractional integrals.

## References:

1. Budak, H., Hezenci, F., Tunc, T., \& Kara, H. (2024). On new versions of Hermite-Hadamard-type inequalities based on tempered fractional integrals. Filomat, 38(7), 2361-2379.
2. Chen, F. (2016). Extensions of the Hermite-Hadamard inequality for convex functions via fractional integrals. J. Math. Inequal, 10(1), 75-81.
3. Dragomir, S. S., Cerone, P., \& Sofo, A. (1998). Some remarks on the midpoint rule in numerical integration. RGMIA research report collection, 1(2).
4. Dragomir, S. S., Cerone, P., \& Sofo, A. (1999). Some remarks on the trapezoid rule in numerical integration. RGMIA research report collection, 2(5).
5. Kara, H., Budak, H., \& Hezenci, F. (2022). New extensions of the parameterized inequalities based on Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals. Mathematics, 10(18), 3374.

# On an Inverse Scattering Problem for Discontinuous Second-Order Differential Operators with Herglotz Function of Spectral Parameter in Boundary Condition 

Aynur Çöll, Khanlar R. Mamedov ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics and Science Education, Sinop University aynurcol@sinop.edu.tr<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Iğdır University<br>hanlar.residoglu@igdir.edu.tr


#### Abstract

We consider a boundary value problem generated by second-order differential operators on the half line ( $0 \leq x<\infty$ ) with a discontinuous coefficient and Herglotz function of the spectral parameter in the boundary condition. This work aims to investigate the inverse scattering problem. In the process, an integral equation is derived from the given scattering data, and its unique solvability is proved. As a result, we present the reconstruction of the potential function.


Keywords: Second-order differential operators, boundary value problem, scattering data, spectral parameter, discontinuous coefficient.

## References:

1. Marchenko V.A. Sturm-Liouville Operators and Applications, Birkhauser Verlag, Basel, 1986.
2. Mamedov Kh.R. (2010) On an inverse scattering problem for a discontinuous Sturm-Liouville equation with a spectral parameter in the boundary condition. Boundary Value Problems, 2010: 171967.
3. Çöl, A. (2015). Inverse spectral problem for Sturm-Liouville operator with discontinuous coefficient and cubic polynomials of spectral parameter in boundary condition. Advances in Difference Equations, 2015:132.


# A Finite Element Solution of The Two-Dimensional Burgers' Equation 

Aysenur Busra Cakay1, Selmahan Selim1
${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, busra.cakay@std.yildiz.edu.tr sselim@yildiz.edu.tr


#### Abstract

This study focuses on the investigation of numerical solutions of the two-dimensional Burgers' Equation. To achieve that aim, the study offers two-point discretization in time and the Galerkin Finite Element Method. In the present method, the backward finite difference in time and the finite element method in space are applied to solve the two-dimensional Burgers' equation, and then the resulting system of the nonlinear ordinary differential equations obtained at each time step is solved by using computer codes generated in MATLAB. To show the efficiency of the presented method, the numerical solutions evaluated for various values of viscosity at different times are stated in terms of the error norms. These methods are seen to be a very good choice to obtain a high degree of accuracy for the numerical solution of the Burgers' equation in two dimensions.


Keywords: Two-Dimensional Burger's equation, time discretization, the backward finite difference, Galerkin finite element method.

## Acknowledgements

This study has been supported by Yildiz Technical University Scientific Research Projects Unit (BAP) under Grant No. FDK-2023-5821.

## References:

1. R.C. Mittal, A. Tripathi, Numerical solutions of two-dimensional Burgers’ equations using modified Bi-cubic B-spline finite elements, Engineering Computations, 32 (5) (2015), 1275-1306.
2. S. Kutluay, N. M. Yagmurlu, The Modified Bi-quintic B-Splines for solving the two-dimensional unsteady Burgers'" equation, European International Journal of Science and Technology, 1 (2) (2012).
3. J.N. Reddy, Applied Functional Analysis and Variational Method in Engineering, McGraw-Hill Book Com. New York (1986).
4. D. L. Logan, A first course in the Finite Element Method, 4th edition, Thomson, Toronto, 2007.


# Nonexistence of Global Solutions for the m-Biharmonic Heat Equation 

Ayşe Fidan ${ }^{1}$, Erhan Pişkin ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Dicle University, Institute of Natural and Applied Sciences, Department of Mathematics, Diyarbakr, Turkey afidanmat@gmail.com,<br>${ }^{2}$ Dicle University, Department of Mathematics, Diyarbakrr, Turkey episkin@dicle.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Inthispresentation, weconsiderthem-Biharmonic heat equationwithvariablecoefficients.This type problem occurs in many mathematical models of applied science, such as heat transfer, chemical reactions.Undersuitableconditions on variablecoeffcients, weprovetheblowup of solutions. Weestablishtheblow-up time using a differentialinequalityargumenttodeterminewhenblow-upoccurs.


Keywords:Heat equation, m -Biharmonic equation, Nonexistence.

## References:

1. A. E. Ahma, M. Mohamed Remarks on Blow-Up Phenomena in p-Laplacian Heat Equation with Inhomogeneous Nonlinearity, Part. Diff. Eq., 34(1) (2021) 42-50.
2. E. Pişkin, Blow up of Solutions of Evolution Equations, Pegem Publishing, 2022.
3. E. Pişkin, A. Fidan, Finite time blow up of solutions for the m-Laplacianequation with variable coefficients, Al-Qadisiyah Journal of Pure Science, 28(1)(2023) 7-11.
4. E. Pişkin, A. Fidan, Nonexistence of global solutions for the strongly damped wave equation with variable coefficients, Universal Journal of MathematicsandApplications, 5 (2) (2022) 51-56.
5. E. Pişkin, B. Okutmuştur, An Introduction to Sobolev Spaces, Bentham Science, 2021.


# On Weighted Ostrowski Inequalities on Time Scale Calculus 

Lütfi Akın ${ }^{1}$, Ayşe Sena Abalı², Hilal Orhan ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Business Administration, Mardin Artuklu University, lutfiakin@artuklu.edu.tr aysenabali45@gmail.com<br>h_sndg@hotmail.com


#### Abstract

The theory of time scales is one of the important cornerstones of functional analysis and operator theory. Recently, it has been the subject of many studies from different disciplines. For example, it has become the field of study of many researchers working in mathematics, economics, physics, optics, engineering, and other fields. In this study, a new approach to the weighted Ostrowski-type inequality is presented using nabla calculus on time scales.


Keywords: Weighted function, Time scale, Ostrowski inequality.

## References:

1. Bohner, M., Peterson, A.,"Dynamic equations on time scales: An introduction with applications", Birkhäuser, Boston, 178 (2001).
2. Agarwal, R.P., Bohner, M., O'Regan, D., Peterson, A., "Dynamic eguations on time scales: Asurvey", Journal of Computational and Applied Matematics, 141(1-2): 1-26 (2002).
3. Agarwal, R.P., Bohner, M., "Basic Calculus on time scales and some of its applications", Results Math, 35(1-2): 3-22 (1999).
4. Martins N., Torres D. F. M. (2009). Calculus of variations on time scales with nabla derivatives. Nonlinear Analysis 71, 763-773.
5. Hardy, G.H., Littlewod, J.E., Polya, G., "Inequalities", Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 139-143 (1959).


# On the Algebraic Structures of Hybrid Numbers with Matrix Theory 

Bahar Doğan Yazıcı ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Bilecik Şeyh Edebali University, bahar.dogan@bilecik.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Hybrid number system is defined as a non-commutative number system that includes complex, hyperbolic and dual numbers in special cases. In this study, we introduce nilpotent, idempotent and zero divisor elements for hybrid numbers with the help of $2 \times 2$ hybrid matrices. In addition, we obtain nilpotent hybrid numbers are lightlike parabolic pure hybrid numbers and idempotent hybrid numbers are lightlike hybrid numbers. Moreover, similar cases exist for zero divisor hybrid numbers, and we present examples supporting the theory.


Keywords: Hybrid number, nilpotent element, idempotent element, zero divisor element.

## References:

1. Adkins, W. A., Weintraub S. H. (2012). Algebra: An Approach via Module Theory. Springer Science \& Business Media.
2. Andreescu, T., \& Andrica, D. (2006). Complex Numbers from A to... Z. Springer.
3. Aydın, A. (2020). Split Kuaterniyonların $2 \times 2$ Reel Matris Temsili ve Uygulamaları. Master's Thesis. Necmettin Erbakan University Graduate School of Natural and Applied Sciences.
4. Miller, W., \& Boehning, R. (1968). Gaussian, Parabolic, and Hyperbolic Numbers. The Mathematics Teacher, (61)4, 377-382.
5. Özdemir, M. (2018). Introduction to Hybrid Numbers. Adv. Appl. Clifford Algebras, (28)1, 1-32.


# On the strong solvability of a nonlocal boundary value problem for the Poisson's equation in a rectangular 

Telman Gasymov ${ }^{1}$ and Baharchin Akhmedli ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics and Mechanics, Baku State University, telmankasumov@rambler.ru<br>${ }^{2}$ Institute of Mathematics and Mechanics, Baku, Azerbaijan<br>a_beherchin@mail.ru


#### Abstract

The following nonlocal problem for the Poisson's equation in a rectangular domain is considered: $$
\begin{gather*} u_{x x}+u_{y y}=f(x ; y), 0<x<2 \pi, 0<y<h  \tag{1}\\ u(x, 0)=\varphi(x), u(x, h)=\psi(x), 0<x<2 \pi  \tag{2}\\ u_{x}(0, y)=0, u(0, y)=u(2 \pi, y), 0<y<h . \tag{3} \end{gather*}
$$


Such problems have specific features in comparison with problems with local conditions. For the Laplace equation in an unbounded domain, a similar problem was considered in [1,2], where the classical solution of the problem is studied. The homogeneous case of this equation was considered in [3] in a bounded domain in weighted Sobolev spaces.

Earlier in [4], problems with nonlocal boundary conditions for a shifted equation were considered. For elliptic equations, nonlocal problems were considered in [5].

In this paper, we study problem (1)-(3) in a weighted Sobolev space with a weight from the Mackenhoupt class. The notion of a strong solution of this problem is defined. Using the Fourier method, under certain conditions on the functions $\varphi(x), \psi(x)$ and $f(x ; y)$ we prove the correct solvability of this problem.

Keywords: Laplace equation, nonlocal problem, weighted Sobolev space, strong solution.
This work was supported by the Azerbaijan Science Foundation-Grant № AEF-MCG-2023-1(43)-13/06/1-M-06.

## References:

1. E.I. Moiseev, On the solution of a nonlocal boundary value problem by the spectral method. Differents. Uravneniya, v. 35, No. 8 (1999), 1094-1100.
2. M.E. Lerner, O.A. Repin, On Frankl'-type problems for some elliptic equations with degeneration of various types. Differents. Uravneniya, v. 35, No. 8 (1999), 1087-1093.
3. T.Gasymov,B.Akhmadli,Ü.Yıldız.On strong solvability of one nonlocal boundary value problem equation in rectangle.Turkish Journal of Mathematics:Vol.48:No.1,Article 4.
4. Frankl F.I. Selected works on gas dynamics, Moscow, 1973, 711 p.
5. Bitsadze A.V., Samarsky A. A. On some simplest generalizations of linear elliptic boundary value problems // Reports of the USSR Academy of Sciences, v. 185, No. 4 (1969), 739-740.

# Blow-up Result for a Fourth-Order Wave Equation with Dynamic Boundary Conditions 

Begüm Çallşkan Desova ${ }^{1}$, Mustafa Polat ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Information Security Technology, Yeditepe University, begum.caliskan@yeditepe.edu.tr<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Yeditepe University, mpolat@yeditepe.edu.tr


#### Abstract

\section*{Abstract}

The paper aims to study the following fourth-order partial differential equation of quasi-linear type with bihyperbolic characteristics under dynamic boundary conditions: where $a, b, t \geq 0, x \in \Omega$ and $\Omega$ is an open bounded connected region in $\mathbb{R}^{n}(n \geq 1)$ with a smooth boundary $\Gamma=\partial \Omega$. We employ a concavity approach based on the blow-up lemma by M. O. Korpusov [1] to establish the blow-up result under positive initial energy.


$$
\begin{cases}u_{t t}+\Delta^{2} u-\Delta u=b f(-\Delta u)_{+}, & \text {in } \Omega \times(0, T) \\ \Delta u=0, \quad a \frac{\partial u_{t}}{\partial \eta}=\Delta^{2} u & \text { on } \Gamma \times(0, T) \\ u(x, 0)=u_{0}(x), \quad u_{t}(x, 0)=u_{0}(x) & \end{cases}
$$

Keywords: Blow-up, fourth-order wave equation, dynamic boundary conditions, positive initial energy.

## References:

1. M. O. Korpusov, Blow-up of the solution of strongly dissipative generalized Klein-Gordon equations, Izvestiya: Mathematics, 325-353, 2013.
2. V. Bayrak, M. Can, Nonexistence of global solutions of a quasi-linear bi-hyperbolic equation with dynamic boundary conditions, Elec.J. of Qualitative Theory of Diff. Eq., 1-10, 1999.
3. O. A. Ladyzhenskaya, V. K. Kalantarov, Blow-up theorems for quasilinear parabolic and hyperbolic equations, Zap. Nauchn. SLOMI. Steklov, 77-102, 1977.
4. V. Barbu, Nonlinear Semigroups and Differential Equations in Banach Spaces, Nordhoff, 1976.


# On the Extension of Singular Q-Dirac Type Operators 

Betul Yildirim ${ }^{1}$, Huseyin Tuna ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Mehmet Akif Ersoy University, 15030 Burdur, Turkey,<br>betulyldrmm33@gmail.com hustuna@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this work, we consider a singular q-Dirac type operator. We construct a space of boundary values. Later, we


 give a description of all maximal dissipative, self-adjoint and other extensions of these operators.Keywords: Singular q-Dirac type operators, a space of boundary values, extensions.

## References:

1. A. N. Kochubei, Extensions of symmetric operators and symmetric binary relations, Mat. Zametki 17, (1975),41-48; English transl. in Math. Notes 17(1975),25-28.
2. B. P. Allahverdiev and H. Tuna, One dimensional q-Dirac equation, Math. Meth. Appl. Sci., 40 (2017), 7287-7306.
3. M. L. Gorbachuk and V.I. Gorbachuk, Boundary Value Problems for Operator Differential Equations, Naukova Dumka, Kiev, 1984; English transl. 1991, Birkhauser Verlag.
4. M. L. Gorbachuk, V. I. Gorbachuk and A. N. Kochubei, 1989. The theory of extensions of symmetric operators and boundary-value problems for differential equations', Ukrain. Mat. Zh. 41, (1989),1299-1312; English transl. in Ukrainian Math. J. 41(1989),1117-1129. pp.174-183 in: Theory of operators in function spaces and its applications, Naukova Dumka, Kiev.

# Orthogonally Additive Maps 

Omer Gok ${ }^{1}$, Beyzanur Topkara ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, gok@yildiz.edu.tr<br>beyzanur.topkara@std.yildiz.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this study, we define and explore orthogonally additive maps. Our main result claims that, order continous orthogonally additive maps in vector lattices associated with laterally to order continuity refers its order continuity.


Keywords: Orthogonally additive maps, Order continous, Laterally order continuity.

## References:

1. Abasov N, Pliev M. Disjointness-preserving orthogonally additive operators in vector lattices. Banach Journal of Mathematical Analysis 2018; 12 (3): 730-750.
2. Aliprantis CD, Burkinshaw O. Positive Operators. London, UK: Academic Press, 1985.
3. Erkurşun-Özcan N, Pliev M. On orthogonally additive operators in C-complete vector lattices. Banach Journal of Mathematical Analysis 2022; 16(1): Paper No. 6, 25pp.
4. Pliev M, Popov M. Narrow orthogonally additive operators. Positivity 2014; 18 (4): 641-667.
5. Turan B. On ideal operators. Positivity 2003; 7: 141-148.


# Numerical Solution of Some Integral Equations 

Büşra Çelebi ${ }^{l}$, Sebahat Ebru DAS ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, celebi_bsra@hotmail.com eyeni@yildiz.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In many areas related to engineering and brunches of sciences, differential and integral equations have an important place. Many complicated problems arising from these areas are expressed with these equations. In our work, we consider a class of an integral equation and worked on the numerical solution of these integral equation class. Results are given by table and graphically.


Keywords: Numerical solution, Integral equation, Collocation methods.

## References:

1. Press, W.H., Teukolsky, S.A., Vetterling, W.T., and Flannery, B.P., Numerical Recipes in Fortran 77: The Art of Scientific Computing Second Edition, Cambridge University Press Publishers. 1992.
2. Baleanu, D., Diethelm, K., Scalas, E., and Trijullo, A., Fractional Calculus: Models and Numerical Methods., World Scientific Publishing Co. Pte. Ltd., Singapore, 2012.
3. Li, C., and Zeng, F., Numerical Methods for Fractional Calculus, Chapman and Hall/CRC Publishers, 2015.
4. Akgönüllü, N., and Ayaz, F., 2018. Hermite collocation method for fractional order differential equations, An International Journal of Optimization and Control: Theories and Applications, 8(2):228-236.
5. Lazarevic, M.P., Rapaic, M.R., and Sekara, T.B., 2014. Introduction to Fractional Calculus with Brief Historical Background, Published by WSEAS Press, Serbia.


# Different approach to divisibility by two -digit prime numbers 

Cemil Karacam ${ }^{1}$, Tunahan Dundar ${ }^{2}$, Muhammed Mustafa Akyol ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Mugla Art and Science Center<br>cemil-karacam@hotmail.com<br>tunahandundar09@gmail.com<br>muhammetmustafaakyol@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this study, divisibility by two-digit prime numbers has been examined from a different perspective. Generalizations of divisibility that are suitable for all types of groupings have been created by the system that we call the prime resiude circle of the prime number.


Keywords: Prime numbers, divisibility, remainder groups

## References:

1. Erdös P.(1996)Sets of Primes Numbers Satisfying a Divisibility Conditions" Journal of Number Theory v.61 Issue 39-43
2. Eric L. McDowell (Berry College),(2018) "Divisibility Tests: A History and User's Guide - Zbikowski.DivisibilityTests,"
3. Tianjin Daxue Xuebao(2021) (Ziran Kexue yu Gongcheng Jishu Ban)/ Journal of Tianjin University Science and Technology ISSN (Online): 0493-2137 E-Publication: Online Open Access Vol:54 Issue:07DOI 10.17605/OSF.IO/ 5KGVY


# Huffman encryption with amino acids 

Cemil Karaçam ${ }^{1}$, Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{2}$, Aldin Baş ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Mugla Art and Science Center<br>cemil-karacam@hotmail.com<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University,<br>yzeren@yildiz.edu.tr<br>${ }^{3}$ Kabatas High School<br>aldinbasofficial@gmail.com


#### Abstract

As an alternative to the DNA encryption that exists in the literature, it consists of three organic bases an encryption algorithm was created based on amino acid groups. This algorithm 441 different amino acids are based on cartesian multiplications of amino acid groups when creating the pair is formed. Our character set is made by binary conversions of Ascii codes the character set has been translated to base 2. 256 Of the extended Ascii codes are with this system it was created. The cartesian multiplications of amino acids by Decumbering them between 0 and 20 are it was created. Amino acids will express the digits of Ascii values in the base 21 it is grouped in this way. Since some amino acids arise with more than one codon(degeneration) can convert the resulting amino acid sequence into a list of organic bases in more ways than one. This means that if we want, if we choose the codons of amino acids in a certain way, we can calculate the numbers A, T, G, C we can partially change it. Using this, Huffman will give us the shortest value when we apply we have created a list of organic bases.




Keywords: DNA, cryptology, Huffman coding,

1. Grumbach S., Tahi F. (1994), Biocompress, "The first algorithm to compress genetic sequences", 30(6) https://who.rocq.inria.fr/Stephane.Grumbach/biocompress.html
2. Hany H. Hussein, (2019)"DNA Computing for RGB image Encryption with Genetic Algorithm", https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9068136
3. Soni R. , Johar A., Soni V. (2013), "An Encryption and Decryption Algorithm for Image based on DNA", https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/6524442

# Stability of the KdV equation with delay 

Chahnaz Zakia Timimoun

Department of Mathematics, Université Oran1 Ahmed Ben Bella, c.timimoun@yahoo.fr


#### Abstract

In this work, we study the well-posedness and the exponential stability of the Korteweg-de Vries equation with internal feedback without delay and a boundary feedback with delay under some assumption on the length of the spatial domain using a Lyapunov functional approach.


Keywords: KdV equation, time delay, well-posedness, exponential stability, Lyapunov functional.

## References:

1. L. Baudouin, E. Crépeau and J. Valein, Two approaches for the stabilization of nonlinear KdV equation with boundary time-delay feedback, IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control. 64, (2019) 1403-1414.
2. E. Cerpa, Control of a Korteweg-de Vries equation : a tutorial, Math. Control. Relat. Fields, 4(1), (2014) 45-99.
3. A. Pazy, Semigroups of linear operators and applications to partial differential equations. Applied Mathematical Sciences, Springer-Verlag, New York, (1983).
4. J. Valein, On the asymptotic stability of the Korteweg-de Vries equation with time-delayed internal feedback, Math. Control. Relat. Fields, 12(3), (2022) 667-694.


# A class of entire functions defined by Hadamard product 

Harrat Chahrazed ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Sciences, University of Sciences and Technology "M.B"of Oran, Laboratory of, Fundamental and Applied Mathematics of Oran (LMFAO), University Oran 1 Algeria,

## harratchahrazed@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this paper we obtained some results for entire functions defined by Atshan and Rafid operator. Let $\Phi$ be the class of entier univalent functions of the form: $$
f(z)=\left(z-z_{0}\right) \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} a_{k}\left(z-z_{0}\right)^{k},
$$ if the function satifies the following condition : $$
\sum_{k=2}^{m} K(k, \theta, \mu)[1+\lambda(k-1)][(k-1)(1-2 \alpha)+|k-2 \beta+1|] b_{k} \sigma_{k} R^{k-1} \leq 2(\beta-1)
$$ then $$
f(z) E_{\mu}^{\theta}(f, g, \lambda, \beta, \alpha)
$$

Keywords: Entire function, hadamart prodact, Atshan and Rafid operator. 


## References:

1. W. G. Atshan and H. B. Ra.d, Fractional calculus of a class of univalent functions with negative coeficients defined by Hadamard product with Rafid operator, Vol.4, No.2,2011,162 173.
2. M. K. Aouf, A. O. Mostafa and F. Y. Al-Quhali, Subordinating results a class of analytic functions defined by Hadamard product and Atshan and Rafid operator, Surveys in Mathematics and its Applications,Volume 16 (2021), 1 .11. ISSN 1842-6298 (electronic), 1843-7265.
3. M. K. Aouf, A. Shamandy, A. O. Mostafa and E. A. Adwan, Subordination results for certainclass of analytic functions de.ned by convolution, Rend. Cire. Mat., 60(2011), 255-262. Zbl1231.30003.
4. C. Harrat and B. Djebbar, Holomorphic functions of several complex variables. Jordan Journal of Mathematics and Statistics 10 (4), 2017, pp 281-295.
5. C. Harrat and B. Djebbar, Complexity of Separately Harmonic Function and Application to Arithmetical Entire Functions, Int. J. Open Problems Complex Analysis, Vol. 9, No. 1, March 2016.

# On Some Advanced Expressions Involving a Homeomorphism for Amalgam Spaces 

Cihan Unal ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Sinop University, cihanuna188@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this work, the author considers an amalgam space $\left(L^{p}, l^{q}\right)$ with $1 \leq p, q \leq \infty$. Moreover, the multipliers and completion properties of these spaces are investigated. Finally, the author shows an isomorphism between the space of multipliers and amalgam space.


Keywords: homeomorphism, amalgam space, approximate identity.

## References:

1. R.C. Busby and H.A. Smith, Product-convolution operators and mixed-norm spaces, Trans. Amer. Math. Soc. 263(2) (1981), 309-341.
2. H. Cartan, Differential Calculus, Herman, Paris-France, 1971.
3. C. Duyar and A.T. Gurkanli, Multipliers and the relative completion in $\mathbf{L}_{\mathrm{w}}^{\mathrm{p}}(\mathbf{G})$, Turk. J. Math. 31 (2007), 181-191.
4. H.G. Feichtinger and K.H. Gröchenig, Banach spaces related to integrable group representations and their atomic decompositions I, J. Funct. Anal. 86(2) (1989) 307-340.
5. E. Hewitt and K.A. Ross, Abstract Harmonic Analysis v. I, II, Berlin-Heidelberg-New York, Springer-Verlag, 1979.
6. H.E. Krogstad, Multipliers of Segal algebras, Math. Scand. 38 (1976), 285-303.
7. T.S. Liu and A. Van Rooij, Sums and intersections of normed linear spaces, Math. Nach. 42 (1969), 29-42.
8. G.N.K. Murthy and K.R. Unni, Multipliers on weighted spaces, Funct. Anal. Appl., Springer-Verlag, Lecture Notes in Math., Vol. 399 (1974), 272-291.
9. J. Stewart, Fourier transforms of unbounded measures, Canad. J. Math. 31(6) (1979), 1281-1292.
10. L.Y.H. Yap, Ideals in subalgebras of the group algebras, Studia Math. 35 (1970), 165-175.


# IFS of Orbital Type and Continuity Dependence Property 

Dariusz Wardowski<br>Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science, Department of Nonlinear Analysis, University of Lodz,<br>dariusz.wardowski@wmii.uni.lodz.pl


#### Abstract

We discuss on some class of iterated function systems satisfying the condition of orbital type and present some of their properties. Next we provide the sufficient conditions guaranteeing the continuity dependence property. The attractors of the considered IFSs change continuously with respect to the change of parameters. Illustrating examples will be presented.


Keywords: Iterated function system, Continuity dependence, Attractor, Hausdorff metric.

## References:

1. Barnsley M.F., Fractals everywhere, Academic Press, New York, 1988.
2. Barnsley M.F., Leśniak K., On the continuity of the Hutchinson operator, Symmetry 2015, 7(4), 1831-1840.
3. Miculescu R., Mihail A., Savu I., Iterated function systems consisting of continuous functions satisfying Banach's orbital condition, Analele Universităţii de Vest, Timişoara, Seria Matematică-Informatică LVI, 2, (2018), 71-80.
4. N.A. Secelean, D. Wardowski, On a certain class of IFSs and their attractors, Qual. Theory Dyn. Syst. 21, 162 (2022)
5. D. Wardowski, Continuity dependence of iterated function systems of orbital type (submitted).


# Leveraging AI Technologies in Teaching Mathematics 

Diana Audi ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics \& Statistics, American University of Sharjah, UAE<br>Daudi@aus.edu


#### Abstract

Mathematics education is a cornerstone of college curricula, yet many students struggle with its abstract concepts and complex problem-solving techniques. Traditional teaching methods often fail to adequately address individual learning needs and engagement levels. AI technologies offer promising solutions to these challenges by providing personalized learning experiences, adaptive feedback mechanisms, and innovative instructional tools. This research explores the integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies into mathematics education at university level by delving into the current landscape, challenges, and opportunities associated with employing AI in teaching mathematics, focusing on its impact on student learning outcomes, pedagogical approaches, and the role of instructors. The research employs a mixedmethods approach, combining quantitative analysis of student performance data with qualitative examination of instructor and student experiences. The study focuses on a sample of college-level mathematics courses where AI technologies, such as intelligent tutoring systems, automated grading systems, and virtual assistants, are integrated into the curriculum. Preliminary findings indicate that AI-enhanced mathematics instruction leads to improved learning outcomes, increased student engagement, and enhanced instructor efficiency. AI algorithms can adapt content delivery based on individual student progress, offering personalized remediation and enrichment activities. Automated grading systems streamline assessment processes, providing timely feedback to students and reducing instructor workload. Virtual assistants equipped with natural language processing capabilities facilitate interactive learning experiences, allowing students to ask questions and receive instant explanations. However, challenges persist in the implementation of AI technologies in mathematics education. Concerns regarding data privacy, algorithm bias, and accessibility need to be addressed to ensure equitable learning opportunities for all students.


Keywords: AI, Teaching Mathematics, Tecnology in Teaching \& Learning, AI Challenges.

## References:

1. Al Darayseh, A. (2023). Acceptance of artificial intelligence in teaching science: Science teachers' perspective. Computers and Education: Artificial Intelligence, 4(100132), 100132.
2. Al-qiam, H. A. A., AL-Derabseh, R. A. S., Alarifi, N. A. H., Shater, A., Al-lawama, H. I., \& Darawsheh, S. R. (2023). Artificial intelligence and its relationship to teaching school and university mathematics in Jordan. Int. Journal of Mem. Science and Tech., 10(2), 1972-1980.
3. Li, X., Wang, S., Li, J., \& Li, Z. (2024). A study of artificial intelligence-assisted teaching on the cultivation of students' creative ability. Applied Mathematics and Nonlinear Sciences, 9(1).
Wang, W., \& Huang, S. (2024). The application of artificial intelligence teaching software in college English teaching. Applied Mathematics and Nonlinear Sciences, 9(1).

# On Reducing and Minimality of Exhausters by Inclusion 

Didem Tozkan<br>Department of Mathematics, Eskisehir Technical University, Eskişehir, Turkey<br>dtokaslan@eskisehir.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Exhausters are effective tools to present optimality conditions and determine steepest descent and ascent directions for nonsmooth and nonconvex optimization problems. Moreover, reduction and minimality of an exhauster is a leading problem because of its non-unique structure. In this work, we present some results on reducing exhausters by means of $\theta \rho$-representations of compact convex sets. For this purpose, namely, to reduce the number of sets in a given exhauster, we define the set of all active angles of each set according to the $\theta \rho$-representations and we propose a technique to decide whether a set is required for the exhauster or not. Finally, we discuss the minimality (by inclusion) of an exhauster.


Keywords: Exhausters, Reduction of exhausters, Positively homogeneous functions, Nonconvex functions, Nonsmooth optimization problems.

## References:

1. Demyanov, V.F., Roshchina, V.A., Optimality conditions in terms of upper and lower exhausters, Optimization. 55(5-6) (2006) 525-540.
2. Roshchina, V.A., Reducing exhausters, J. Optim. Theory Appl. 136 (2008) 261-273.
3. Roshchina, V.A., On conditions for minimality of exhausters, J. Convex Anal. 15(4) (2008) 859-868.
4. Abbasov, M.E., Geometric conditions of reduction of exhausters, J. Glob. Optim. 74(4) (2019) 737-751.
5. Tozkan, D., On reduction of exhausters via a support function representation, J. Global Optim. 82 (2022) 105-118.


# On the Blow-up Solutions to a Fourth Order Pseudo-Parabolic Equation with Gradient NonLinearity 

Dilara Karslıoğlu ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Yeditepe University, dilara.karslioglu@yeditepe.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this note, the initial and periodic boundary value problem was solved for the following fourth-order pseudoparabolic equation with gradient non-linearity and pseudo term $$
u_{\mathrm{t}}-a \Delta u_{\mathrm{t}}-\Delta u+\Delta^{2} u=-\nabla \cdot\left(|\nabla u|^{p-2} \nabla u\right)
$$ where $a \geq 0$. Local existence-uniqueness result for mild solutions was found for any initial data in $L^{2}(\Omega)$. In addition, the existence of blow-up solutions was proved and a lower bound for the blow-up time was obtained. Keywords: Fourth order pseudo parabolic equation, Gradient non-linearity, Existence-uniqueness, Blow-up, Lower blow-up time

\section*{References:} 1. Y. Cao, J. Yin, and C. Wang, Cauchy problems of semilinear pseudo-parabolic equations, Journal of Differential Equations, 246, (2009), 4568-4590. 2. Y. Feng, and X. Xu, Suppression of epitaxial thin film growth by mixing, Journal of Differenatial Equations, 317(1), (2022), 561-602. 3. M. Polat, A blow-up result for a class of fourth-order parabolic equation with positive initial energy, Turkish Journal of Mathematics, 43, (2019),1797-1807. 4. M. Polat, On the blow-up of solutions to a fourth -order pseudo-parabolic equation, Turkish Journal of Mathematics, 46, (2022), 946-952. 5. R.E. Showalter, and T.W. Ting, Pseudo-parabolic partial differential eqauations, SIAM Journal of Mathematical Analysis, 1(1), (1970), 1-26.




# New generating functions of the products of Gaussians numbers with some numbers and polynomials 

Dounya Hamek1, Ali Boussayoud2<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Mohamed Seddik Ben Yahia University, Jijel,Algeria, douniaha88@gmail.com aboussayoud@yahoo.fr


#### Abstract

In this work, by using properties of the symmetric functions, we prove a new theorem and we derive new generating functions for the product of Gaussian numbers (Gaussian Tribonacci, Gaussian Tribonacci Lucas, Gaussian Padovan), ( $p, q$ ) numbers : ( $p, q$ ) Fibonacci, ( $p, q$ )Lucas, ( $p, q$ ) Pell Lucas.


Keywords: Gaussian Tribonacci, Gassian Trobonacci Lucas, Gaussian Padovan, generating function,

## References:

1. Abderrezzak, Generalisation de la transformation d'Euler d'une série formelle. Adv. Math. 103, 180-195, 1994.
2. Boussayoud, A. Abderrezzak, Complete homogeneous symmetric functions and Hadamard product, Ars Comb., 144, 81-90, 2019.
3. Boussayoud, M. Chelgham, Generating functions of generalized Trionacci and Tricobsthal polynomials, Montes Taurus J. Pure App. Math, 2 (2), 7-37, 2020.
4. Y.Soykan, E.Tasdemir, I.Okumus and M.Gocen, Gaussian generalized Tribonacci numbers, Journal of Progressive Research inMathematics.14(2), 2373--2387, (2018).


# Korovkin type approximation of q-conformable fractional linear positive operator 

Döne Karahan Dinsever ${ }^{1}$, Sevilay Kırcı Serenbay ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Harran University, dkarahan@harran.edu.tr<br>skserenbay@harran.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Conformable fractional calculus and q-calculus are mathematical concepts that have been studied in various fields. The conformable fractional q-derivative is a new deformation and generalization of the natural integral transform [1]. It has been used to solve linear differential equations with given initial conditions [2]. The study of conformable qfractional calculus has led to the definition of conformable fractional q-derivative and q-integral, and their fundamental theorems have been proved [3]. The q-calculus derivative is a continuous approximation of the fractal derivative of a fractal function [4]. Fractional calculus, including conformable fractional calculus, is widely used in various fields such as biology, control systems, and engineering to describe physical phenomena more accurately.

In this study, q-calculus and conformable fractional calculus are used in the theory of approximations. A new sequence of linear positive operators is defined using the derivative and integral definitions of $q$-calculus and conformable fractional calculus. The Korovkin type approximation theorem is proved for this operator.


Keywords: Linear positive operators, q-calculus, conformable fractional derivative, Korovkin type theorem.

## References:

1. O. Herscovici, T. Mansour, q-Deformed Conformable Fractional Natural Transform, Ukrainian Mathematical Journal, 74(8) (2023), 1287-1307.
2. N. Kamsrisuk, P. Srisilp, T. Botmart, J. Tariboon, J. Piyawatthanachot, W. Chartbupapan, K. Mukdasai, Uniform asymptotic stability of q-deformed conformable fractional systems with delay and application, Journal of Mathematics and Computer Science, 30(1) (2023), 38-47.
3. A. Deppman, E. Megías, R. Pasechnik, Fractal Derivatives, Fractional Derivatives and q-Deformed Calculus, Entropy. 25(7) (2023), 1008.
4. M, Lijun, Exact Solutions of Three Types of Conformable Fractional-Order Partial Differential Equations, Computational Intelligence and Neuroscience, (2022), 1-8.
5. P.P. Korovkin, On convergence of linear positive operators in the space of continuous functions, Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR (N.S.) 90 (1953), 961-964.


# On the Prediction of Cardiovascular Diseases with Machine Learning Classification Algorithms 

Ebru Öztürk ${ }^{1}$, Mutlu Akar ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Yildiz Technical University, College of Arts \& Sciences, Department of Mathematics, Davutpasa Campus, 34210, Esenler/Istanbul/Türkiye

ozturkebru99@gmail.com makar@yildiz.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Cardiovascular disease constitutes $37 \%$ of non-communicable disease deaths, leading to the highest number of deaths and disabilities worldwide. Early diagnosis of cardiovascular diseases, which cause a large majority of deaths, has become important. With the advancement of technology, the amount of data in the health sector has increased today. The classification of data using machine learning techniques and the extraction of meaningful information through predictive analyses with this increasing amount of data in the health sector is important for the early diagnosis of cardiovascular diseases. This study aims to contribute to the early diagnosis of the disease by reaching the most successful classification prediction algorithm applied to a dataset with 11 features created from 70,000 real patient data. Initially, the dataset was analyzed, and the PCA (Principal Component Analysis) method was applied. It has been determined which features may cause cardiovascular diseases, and the features have been visualized comparatively. With feature engineering, the patient's blood pressure was categorized as normal, high blood pressure, optimal, and hypertension. Subsequently, cardiovascular disease detection was performed using logistic regression, decision tree, random forest, support vector machines, k-nearest neighbors, XGBoost, gradient boosting, LightGBM, AdaBoost, and ExtraTree methods. The XGBoost method was found to be more successful than other methods with an accuracy rate of $96.60 \%$. This method was followed by LightGBM with an accuracy rate of $91.21 \%$ and ExtraTree with $90.26 \%$. After the classification process, a confusion matrix was used to understand whether the model's accuracy reflects reality. The accuracy rate of the XGBoost method has been interpreted graphically with the ROC (receiver operating characteristic) curve, one of the methods for evaluating the success of classification models. The AUC (Area under the ROC Curve) score, which is the area under the ROC curve, has been calculated.


## Keywords: Machine Learning, Cardiovascular Disease, Data Analysis, Classification Algorithms.

## References:

1. Kaba, G. and Kalkan, S. B. (2022). Comparison Of The Machine Learning Classification Algorithms In The Cardiovascular Disease Prediction. İstanbul Commerce University Journal Of Science, 21(42), 183-193.
2. Coşar, M., Deniz, E. (2021). Detection of Heart Diseases Using Machine Learning Algorithms. European Journal of Science and Technology, (28), 1112-1116.
3. Hagan, R., H., Gillan, C. J. and Mallett, F. (2021). Comparison of machine learning methods for the classification of cardiovascular disease. Elsevier, 24.

# Baer Annihilator Conditions for Nearrings 

Gary F. Birkenmeier ${ }^{1}$, Nayil Kilic ${ }^{2}$, Figen Takll Mutlu ${ }^{3}$, Edanur Tastan ${ }^{4}$, Adnan Tercan ${ }^{5}$, and Ramazan Yasar ${ }^{6}$ ${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, University of Louisiana at Lafayette,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics and Science Education, Istanbul University-Cerrahpasa,<br>${ }^{3,4}$ Department of Mathematics, Eskisehir Technical University,<br>${ }^{5}$ Department of Mathematics, Hacettepe University, ${ }^{6}$ Department of Artificial Intelligence and Data Engineering, Ankara University,

gary.birkenmeier@louisiana.edu
nayil.kilic@iuc.edu.tr
figent@eskisehir.edu.tr edanurt@eskisehir.edu.tr tercan@hacettepe.edu.tr
yasarr@ankara.edu.tr


#### Abstract

A ring with unity is called Baer if the left annihilator of each nonempty set is generated by an idempotent element. This concept has been generalized to nearrings. However, the Baer concept of nearrings is divided into at least four different classes. We examine certain nearring decompositions obtained by using Baer annihilator conditions. Examples are used to demonstrate our results.


Keywords: Nearring, Baer Ring, Annihilator Conditions, Semicentral Idempotent.

This work was supported by TUBITAK (Project Number: 120F116).

## References:

1. Aichinger, E., Binder, F., Ecker, J., Mayr, P., Nöbauer, C. (2018). SONATA, System of Nearrings and Their Applications, Version 2.9.1 (2018), (Refereed GAP package) (https://gap-packages.github.io/sonata/).
2. Berberian, S. K. (1972). Baer*-Rings. Berlin: Springer-Verlag.
3. Birkenmeier, G. F., Huang, F. K. (2001). Annihilator Conditions on Polynomials. Communications in Algebra 29(5), 20972112.
4. Birkenmeier, G. F., Huang, F. K. (2004). Annihilator Conditions on Polynomials II. Monatshefte für Mathematik, 141(4), 265-276.
5. Birkenmeier, G. F., Park, J. K., Rizvi, S. T. (2013). Extensions of Rings and Modules. New-York: Birkhäuser.


# The Golden Fibonacci Matrix Calculus 

Efruz Özlem Mersin ${ }^{1}$, Mustafa Bahşi ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Aksaray University,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics and Science Education, Aksaray University<br>efruzmersin@ @aksaray.edu.tr<br>mhvbahsi@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

In this paper, we extend the Golden Fibonacci calculus, which is an application of the Fibonacci number sequences, to matrices. We introduce the Golden exponential, Golden trigonometric and Golden hyperbolic matrix functions. We define the Golden derivative operator of matrix functions and investigate the Golden derivatives of newly defined functions.


Keywords: Fibonacci sequence, Golden-Fibonacci calculus, matrix functions.

## References:

1. Pashaev O.K., Nalci S. (2011). Golden quantum oscillator and Binet-Fibonacci calculus. Journal of Physics A: Mathematical and Theoretical, 45(1), 015303.
2. Özvatan M. (2018). Generalized Golden-Fibonacci calculus and applications. PhD Thesis. Izmir Institute of Technology (Turkey).
3. Higham N.J. (2008). Functions of matrices: Theory and Computation, Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics.


# Some results of the $(N, p, q)(E, p q)$ summability method and tauberian theorems for $(N, p, q)(E, p q)$ statistically convergence in $\mathbf{m}$-normed spaces 

Ekrem Aljimi<br>Faculty of Computer Science, Public University "Kadri Zeka", 60000 Gjilan, Kosovë,<br>ekrem.halimi@uni-gjilan.net


#### Abstract

This paper aims to generalized the Norlund-Euler summability method and introduce a novel type of convergence associated with it, termed as generalized Norlund-Euler statistical convergence. Furthermore, we establish several results pertaining to this convergence notion. Additionally, we demonstrate Tauberian theorems for the NorlundEuler summability method within the framework of statistical convergence in an m-normed space X .


Keywords: Statistical convergence; (N,p,q)(E,pq) summability method; Korovkin’s type; approximation theorem; Rate of generalized weighted ( $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ ) (E,pq) statistical convergence; Tauberian theorems for ( $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ ) (E,pq) summability method.

## References:

1. Fast, H. Sur la convergence statistique. Colloq. Math. 1951, 2, 241-244.
2. Aljimi, E.; Sirimark, P.; Ramizi, A.; Mahmuti, A. Weighted ( $\mathrm{E} \lambda, q)(\mathrm{C} \lambda, 1)$ Statistical Convergence and Some Results Related to This Type of Convergence. Symmetry 2022, 14, 2363. https://doi.org/10.3390/sym14112363.
3. D. Borwein, "On products of sequences," J. London Math. Soc., vol. 33, pp. 352-357, 1958, doi:10.1112/jlms/s1-33.3.352.
4. N. L. Braha, "Tauberian conditions under which 1-statistical convergence follows from statistical summability (V;1)," Miskolc Math. Notes., vol. 16, no. 2, pp. 695-703, 2015, doi:10.18514/MMN.2015.1254.
5. N. L. Braha, "Tauberian theorems via the generalized de la Vall'ee-Poussin mean for sequences in 2-Normed spaces," Acta Univ. Sapientiae Math., vol. 11, no. 2, pp. 251-263, 2019, doi:10.2478/ausm-2019-0019.
6. N. L. Braha and V. Loku, "Tauberian theorems via the generalized de la Vall'ee-Poussin mean for sequences in 2-Normed spaces," Submitted to journal.
7. Özger, F. Weighted statistical approximation properties of univariate and bivariate $\lambda$-Kantorovich operators. Filomat 2019, 33, 3473-3486.


# Solution of Langevin and p-Laplacian fractional differential equations in tempered sequence spaces 

Yusuf Zeren1, Mohammad Mursaleen2, Elif Demir3<br>${ }^{1,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Aligarh Muslim University, yzeren@yildiz.edu.tr<br>mursaleenm@gmail.com<br>elifdemir1317@gmail.com


#### Abstract


In this study, $\boldsymbol{l}_{n}^{\alpha}, \boldsymbol{p} \geq \mathbf{0}$ tempered sequence spaces with the Hausdorff non-compactness measure are examined. In this space, the Darbo fixed point theorem and the existence of solutions of Langevin and p-Laplacian operators in the infinite system are examined and numerical examples are given.

Keywords: Tempered sequence spaces, fractional derivative, Banach space, measure, Hausdorff measure, noncompactness, Langevin, p-Laplacian

## References:

1. Banaś, J., \& Mursaleen, M. (2014). Sequence spaces and measures of noncompactness with applications to differential and integral equations. New Delhi: Springer.
2. Haque, I., Ali, J., \& Mursaleen, M. (2023). Solvability of an infinite system of Langevin fractional differential equations in a new tempered sequence space. Fractional Calculus and Applied Analysis, 26(4), 1894-1915.
3. Mursaleen, M., \& Savaş, E. (2023). Solvability of an infinite system of fractional differential equations with pLaplacian operator in a new tempered sequence space. Journal of Pseudo-Differential Operators and Applications, 14(4), 57.
4. Abdeljawad, T., Alzabut, J., \& Jarad, F. (2017). A generalized Lyapunov-type inequality in the frame of conformable derivatives. Advances in Difference Equations, 2017, 1-10.


# RELATIVE IDEALS IN TERNARY SEMIGROUPS 

Emine Funda Kkumuşs $^{1}$, Sultan Yamak ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Karadeniz Technical University, eminefundaekinci@ktu.edu.tr<br>sultan.yamak53@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this paper, after introducing the notion of relative left (right, lateral, two sided) ideal and relative bi ( quasi ) ideal in ternary semigroups, some important properties of these ideals are studied. The smallest relative left (right, lateral, two sided, bi, quasi) ideal containing X is defined and its characterization is given. Finally, it was shown that the image and inverse image of relative ideals provide the same properties.


Keywords: relative ideals, bi ideals, left ideals, ternary semigroups.

## References:

1. R. Hermova, Relative Ideals in semigroups, Matematický časopis, 17 (3) (1967) 206-223.
2. F.M. Sioson, Ideal Theory in Ternary Semigroups, Math. Japan. 10 (1965) 63-84.
3. V. N. Dixit and S. Dewan, A note on quasi and bi-ideals in ternary semigroups, Internat. J. Math. \& Math. Sci., 18 (3) (1995), 501-508.
4. Peposhi and T. Xhillari, Some Characterizations of Ternary Semigroups by Bi-ideals, International Jour. of Algebra, 15 (1) (2021) 1-10.


# Developing an Original Image Encryption Method Using the Collatz Conjecture and Happy Numbers 

Erhan SOLMAZGÜL ${ }^{l}$, Sami Sezer $A R B A \breve{G}^{2}$<br>1,2, Istanbul Fuat Sezgin Science and Arts Center, Ministry of National Education,<br>altcgrl123@gmail.com<br>sezerarbag@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The aim of this research is to develop, implement, and evaluate an original image encryption method using the Collatz conjecture and happy numbers to ensure the security of images. Numerical values corresponding to the pixel tones of images were utilized as a tool for this purpose. New pixel tone values were obtained by applying mathematical operations based on whether these numerical values were even, odd, or happy numbers. Four distinct encryption methods were developed using the Collatz Conjecture and Happy Numbers in the Python programming language. To determine the reliability of the encryption methods against artificial intelligence applications, Google-Gemini artificial intelligence software was used. Additionally, Geogebra dynamic geometry software and Jamovi statistical program were employed to establish mathematical relationships between loop count, encryption time, and pixel count. According to the research findings, it was determined that the encryption method using only the Collatz conjecture was more successful in terms of image privacy compared to the method using only happy numbers. The encryption method utilizing both the Collatz conjecture and happy numbers was found to be superior to other methods in terms of image privacy and processing time. It was observed that increasing the loop count in the software written in Python enhanced the image privacy. It was also established that loop and pixel counts affected the encryption time of images. In the encryption algorithm utilizing both the Collatz conjecture and happy numbers, a one-unit increase in loop count resulted in a 0.46 -unit increase in time in seconds, while a 10,000 -unit increase in pixel count led to a 0.866 -unit increase in time in seconds. When the image encrypted using only the Collatz conjecture and happy numbers was tested against artificial intelligence software, some correct predictions were made, whereas in the encrypted image using both the Collatz conjecture and happy numbers, the artificial intelligence made several incorrect predictions. It is recommended that technology users or different researchers, if they choose to utilize one of the developed image-based encryption methods, opt for the Collatz conjecture-happy numbers algorithm or solely the Collatz algorithm for better performance in terms of time and privacy.


Keywords: Image Encryption, Happy Numbers, Collatz Conjecture, Programming

## References:

1. Atalay N.S., Doğan Ş., Tuncer T. ve Akbal E. (2019). İmge şifreleme Yöntem ve Algoritmaları. DÜMF Mühendislik Dergisi. 10(3), 815-831.
2. Barina, D. (2021). Convergence verification of the Collatz problem. J Supercomput 77, 2681-2688.
3. Ceyhan, M. ve Yolaçan, E. N. (2021). Görüntü Dosyalarının Şifrelenerek Güvenli Şekilde Saklanması. ESOGÜ Mühendislik Mimarlık Fakültesi Dergisi, 29 (1), 28-42.
4. Çoban Ş.K. ve Gezgin E. (2023). RC4 Key-Kavus Görüntü Şifreleme Algoritması. 2204-B Ortaokul Öğrencileri Araştırma Projeleri Yarışması. 1448.
5. Doğan N. ve Çelik H. (2022), Tarama modeli kullanan karma bir görüntü şifreleme yöntemi, Politeknik Dergisi, 25(4), 1475-1485.
6. Özdemir, F. ve Özdemir, H. (2017). Matematik Eğitiminde Sayıların Önemi: Özel Sayı ve Sistemlerinin Keşfedilmesi Örneği. Researcher: Social Science Studies. 5 (4), 290-297.
7. Özkenar, M. (2020). Collatz Konjektürü'nün bilgisayar programı ile hesaplanmasında parite sekansı yöntemi yaklaşımı. Acta Infologica, 4(2), 97-121.
8. Seval G ve Kasapbaşı M.C. (2022). Görüntüler İçin Kaotik Kriptografi Sistemi ve Performans Analizi. Avrupa Bilim ve Teknoloji Dergisi, (44), 13-20.
9. Uluyol Ç. ve Demirci M. (2022). Siber Güvenlik Lise. Türkiye Bilimsel ve Teknolojik Araştırma Kurumu.

# A Multiplicative Gluing Formula for Reidemeister-Franz Torsion of High Dimensional Closed Manifolds 

Esma Dirican Erdal ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, IsslkUniversity, esma.diricanerdal@isikun.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Let $M$ be a $2 n$-dimensional ( $n \geq 2$ ), closed, oriented, smooth manifold which is obtained by a connected sum of two closed, oriented, smooth manifolds $M_{1}$ and $M_{2}$. Milnor shows that Reidemeister-Franz torsion acts multiplicatively with respect to such gluings. Namely, the torsion of $M$ is the product of the torsions of $M_{1}, M_{2}$ a and the torsion of ( $2 n-1$ )-sphere $S^{2 n-1}$ times a corrective term $T\left(H^{*}\right)$ coming from homologies. In this work, by using homological algebra techniques, we obtain a multiplicative gluing formula for the Reidemeister-Franz torsion of $M$ with untwisted $\mathbb{R}$-coefficients so that the corrective term $T\left(H^{*}\right)$ becomes 1 . Moreover, considering a connected sum decomposition for any $2 n$-dimensional, closed, oriented, smooth manifold $W$, we develop a useful formula, without a corrective term, to compute the Reidemeister-Franz torsion of $W$ with untwisted $\mathbb{R}$-coefficients in terms of the Reidemeister-Franz torsions of its building blocks in the decomposition.


Keywords: Reidemeister-Franz torsion, connected sum, orientable closed manifolds.

## References:

1. K. Reidemeister, Homotopieringe und Linsenraume, Abhandlungen aus dem Mathematischen Seminar der Universitat Hamburg 11 (1935) 102-109.
2. W. Franz, Über die Torsion einer Überdeckung, J. Reine Angew. Math. 173 (1935) 245-254.
3. T.A. Chapman, Topological invariance of Whitehead torsion, Amer. J. Math. 96(3) (1974) 488-497.
4. R.C. Kirby and L.C. Siebenmann, On triangulation of manifolds and Hauptver-mutung, Bull. Amer. Math. Soc. 75(4) (1969) 742-749.


# New Technique of Adomian Method for Singular IVPs in a Class Second Order Ordinary Differential Equations 

Esmael Ahmed AL-Junid ${ }^{l}$, Yahya Qaid Hasan ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Sheba Region University, Yemen. asmylahmdaljonyd@gmail.com yahya217@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

This paper focuses on the Adomian Decomposition Method (ADM) with a new differential operator as a technique for solving second-order Ordinary Differential Equations(ODEs). The linear and nonlinear singular initial value problems (SIVPs) were effectively solved. Numerical examples and comparisons with exact solution demonstrate the effectiveness of the proposed approach.

Keywords: Adomian decomposition method, singular initial value problems, second order ordinary differential equations.

\section*{References:} 1. G. Adomian. Convergent series solution of non-linear equations, Journal of Computational and Applied Mathematics. 11(1984), 225-230. 2. S. A. Alaqel, Y. Q. Hasan. The general solution for singular equations of ( $\mathrm{n}+1$ ) order using Adomian decomposition method, J. Math. Comput. Sci., 6(2020), 2261-2281. 3. J. Biazar, E. Babolian, R. Islam. Solution of the system of ordinary differential equations by Adomian decomposition method, Applied Mathematics and Computation. 147(2004), 713-719. 4. M. Wazwaz. A new algorithm for calculating Adomian polynomials for nonlinear operator, Applic. Math. Comput. 111(1), (2001), 53-69.




# Dynamics of Reaction-Diffusion Equations with Cosine Basis Set 

Esmanur Yıldız ${ }^{1}$, Taylan Şengül ${ }^{2}$, Burhan Tiryakioglu ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Yeditepe University,<br>${ }^{2,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Marmara University,

esmanur.yildiz@yeditepe.edu.tr
taylan.sengul@marmara.edu.tr
burhan.tiryakioglu@marmara.edu.tr


#### Abstract

\section*{Abstract}

Dynamic transition theory aims to identify and classify transitions between various stable states of a system [1]. The dynamic transitions occurring when a one spatial dimensional reaction-diffusion equation is expressed as $u_{t}=L_{\lambda} u+g\left(u, u_{x}\right)$, incorporating second and third-order nonlinearities, have been previously investigated in the literature [2,3]. This examination was carried out for the form corresponding to the sinusoidal basis set of eigenvectors associated with the linear operator $L$. In this study, the eigenvectors of the linear operator are in the form of $\cos (n x)$, and the nonlinear operator contains higher-order nonlinearities. Under these assumptions, the first dynamic transitions of a given one spatial dimensional reaction-diffusion equation will be classified.


Keywords: Dynamic Transition Theory, Reaction-Diffusion Equations, Center Manifold Reduction

## References:

1. Ma, Tian, and Shouhong Wang, Phase transition dynamics, New York: Springer, 2014.
2. Șengül, T., \& Tiryakioglu, B. (2022). Dynamic transitions and bifurcations of 1D reaction-diffusion equations: The self-adjoint case. Mathematical Methods in the Applied Sciences, 45(5), 2871-2892.
3. Şengül, T., \& Tiryakioglu, B. (2023). Interactions of ( $m, n$ ) and ( $m+1, n$ ) modes with real eigenvalues: A dynamic transition approach. Communications in Nonlinear Science and Numerical Simulation, 127, 107526.


# Encryption with Tribonacci Numbers and Integral Transform 

Esra Göv ${ }^{1}$, Fatih Ulaş², Uğur Tuğra Kızılöz ${ }^{3}$, Ali Eren Karakulak ${ }^{4}$<br>1,2,3,4 İskenderun Tosçelik Science High School, Hatay, Turkey<br>esordulu@gmail.com<br>fulas@hotmail.com<br>u.t.kiziloz@gmail.com<br>ali1889eren@gmail.com


#### Abstract

\section*{Abstract}

In this study, a cryptographic method has introduced by using Tribonacci numbers and Elzaki integral transform. The terms of the tribonacci number sequence are encoded into numbers, letters and symbols. The encryption process was carried out with the Elzaki integral transformation of a selected hyperbolic function.


Keywords: Encryption, Tribonacci numbers, Elzaki integral transform, hyperbolic function.

## References:

1. Alladi, K. and Hoggatt, V.E. Jr. (1977). On tribonacci numbers and related functions, The Fibonacci Quarterly, 15.1, 42-45.
2. Delfs, H., Knebl, H. (2015). Introduction to Cryptography Principles and Applications. Springer, Berlin, 529s.
3. Elzaki, T. M. (2011). The New Integral Transform "Elzaki Transform", Global Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics, 7(1), 57-64.
4. Martin, K.M. (2012). Everyday Cryptography Fundemental Principles and Applications. Oxford University Press. New York, 553s.
5. Soyalıç, S. (2005). Kriptografik Hash Fonksiyonları ve Uygulamaları. (Yüksek Lisans Tezi). Erciyes Üniversitesi Fen Bilimleri Enstitüsü, Kayseri.


# Computing Fuzzy $\boldsymbol{F}$-Index of Fuzzy Zero Divisor Graphs of $\mathbb{Z}_{n}$ 

Elif ERYAŞAR ${ }^{1}$, Esra ÖZTÜRK SÖZEN ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Sinop University, eeryasar@sinop.edu.tr esozen@sinop.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this article, we focus on investigating the theoretical formulation of forgotten fuzzy topological index ( $F$ Index) of the fuzzy zero divisor graph of the commutative ring $\mathbb{Z}_{n 1}$ for some specific values of $n$. Moreover, we develop Matlab-based algorithms that directly calculate the values of the studied fuzzy graphs, such as the adjacency matrix, eigenvalues, characteristic polynomials and energies, which have an important place in the application.


Keywords: Fuzzy zero divisor graph, fuzzy topological index, forgotten topological index, adjacency matrix.

## References:

1. Anderson D.F., Livingston P.S. The zero-divisor graph of a commutative ring. J. Algeba 217 (1999), 434-447.
2. Singh P., Bhat V.K. Adjacency matrix and Wiener index of zero divisor graph $\Gamma\left(\mathbb{Z}_{n}\right)$. J. Appl. Math. Comput. 66 (2021), 717-732.
3. Kuppan A., Sankar J.R. Fuzzy zero divisor graph in a commutative ring, TWMS J. of Apl. \& Eng. Math. 11 (2021) 42-50.
4. Alsharafi, M., Akar, M., Zeren, Y. \& Alameri A. Degree-based topological descriptors of Hexaphenylbenzene molecule graphs, Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds, 44(2) (2024), 1238-1257.


# On Nonlocal p-Laplacian Equation with Dynamical Boundary Conditions 

Eylem Öztürk ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Hacettepe University, eozturk@hacettepe.edu.tr


#### Abstract

We will study on nonlocal $\infty$-Laplacian type diffusion equation obtained as the limit as $\mathrm{p} \rightarrow \infty$ to the nonlocal analogous to the p-Laplacian evolution. We deal both with smooth and with singular kernels and show existence and uniqueness of solutions.


Keywords: Mosco convergence, Nonlocal diffusion, Limit solutions

## References:

1. F. Andreu-Vaillo, J.M. Mazon, J.D. Rossi, J.J. Toledo-Melero. Nonlocal Diffusion Problems. American Mathematical Society, Real Sociedad Matematica Espanola, 2010.
2. F. Andreu, J. M. Mazon, J. D. Rossi, J. Toledo. The limit as $p \rightarrow \infty$ in a nonlocal p-Laplacian evolution equation: A nonlocal approximation of a model for sandpiles. July 2009, Calculus of Variations and Partial Differential Equations 35(3):279-316.
3. F. Andreu, C. Ballester, V. Caselles, and J. M. Mazon. The Dirichlet problem for the total variation flow. J. Funct. Anal., 180 (2001), pp. 347403.
4. J. M. Mazon, M. Solera and J. Toledo, Variational and Diffusion Problems in Random Walk Spaces. Progress in Nonlinear Differential Equations and Their Applications, Vol. 103, Birkhauser, 2023.


# Application of Different Mathematical Series to Photonic Crystal Designs and Their Comparisons 

Ezgi Engin Kıraç ${ }^{1}$, Çiğdem Seçkin Gürel ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Hacettepe University<br>eng.ezgi@gmail.com<br>cigdem@hacettepe.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Multilayered photonic crystals (PC), which have gained importance in recent years and find numerous engineering applications are designed with special arrangements of dielectric materials. These PCs can block, reflect, or transmit high-frequency signals within specific frequency ranges, depending on their structure (materials used, their orders, thicknesses etc.) In literature, the order of the layer materials is chosen according to different mathematical series such as Fibonacci series etc. each result with different operational characteristics [1, 2].

In this study, three different plasma type PC designs are proposed based on Fibonacci, Thue Morse, and Cantor series, and results are compared to investigate their advantages with respect to each other. As an example, in Fig. 1 Cantor series (a) and multilayered PC structure designed according to its second stage (b) are briefly shown.




Figure 1. a-) Obtaining the 2nd, 3rd and 4th stages of the Cantor Series by dividing the cells,b-) The multilayered PC structure created for the 2nd stage of the Cantor Series.

In this figure, A and B are layer materials and D represent the defect layer between them which are taken as dielectric and plasma. Each proposed design exhibits different operational performance due to nature of the selected mathematical series. The results of this study, even it is in the specific area, is found as valuable due to its future applicability for different areas under various scientific disciplines.

Keywords: Photonic crystals, Fibonacci, Thue Morse, Cantor series

## References:

1. King T.C., One-way absorption properties in asymmetric single-negative based Cantor photonic crystals, Chinese Journal of Physics, Vol. 64 (2020) 18-24.
2. Zhang H.F., Liu S.B. and Kong X.-K., Enlarged omnidirectional photonic band gap in one-dimensional ternary plasma photonic crystals based on a new Thue-Morse aperiodic structure, Solid State Communications, Vol. 174 (2013) 19-25.

# Some new Bernstein type operators 

Faruk Özger<br>Department of Computer Engineering, Iğdır University, 76000 Iğdır, Türkiye,

## farukozger@gmail.com


#### Abstract

This paper aims to establish a new class of Bernstein type operators via an adaptation of Bézier bases which are formulated with the inclusion of some shape parameters. We present a uniform convergence result for these operators and, subsequently, examine the convergence properties by utilizing the weighted statistical convergence notion. Furthermore, we estimate the rate of the weighted statistical convergence of these operators. We conclude our work by providing a numerical example with explanatory graphs to show their approximation behaviours.


Keywords: Computer graphics; error analysis

## References:

1. Fast, H. Sur la convergence statistique. Colloq. Math. 1951, 2, 241-244.
2. Özger, F. Weighted statistical approximation properties of univariate and bivariate $\lambda$-Kantorovich operators. Filomat 2019, 33, 3473-3486.


# Beyond classical Bernstein: Novel operators for improved approximation 

Faruk Özger<br>Department of Computer Engineering, Iğdır University, 76000 Iğdır, Türkiye,

## farukozger@gmail.com


#### Abstract

We introduce a novel class of Bernstein-type operators inspired by new bases, incorporating tunable shape parameters. These parameters offer greater control over the approximation process. We demonstrate the uniform convergence of these operators and delve deeper into their convergence properties using the concept of weighted statistical convergence. Furthermore, we quantify the rate of this convergence. Finally, a numerical example with illustrative graphs showcases the effectiveness of these operators in approximating functions.


## Keywords: Cconvergence; rate of approximation

## References:

1. Fast, H. Sur la convergence statistique. Colloq. Math. 1951, 2, 241-244.
2. Özger, F. Weighted statistical approximation properties of univariate and bivariate $\lambda$-Kantorovich operators. Filomat 2019, 33, 3473-3486.


# Existence and Uniqueness Solutions of the Non-homogeneous Nonlinear Volterra Factional Equations 

Faten H. Damag ${ }^{1,2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Sciences, Hail University, Hail, KSA.<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Applied Sciences, Taiz University, Taiz, Yemen. fat.qaaed@uoh.edu.sa


#### Abstract

By using an iterative method, this paper finds a solution of the non-homogeneous nonlinear fractional integral equation (NLFIE) and shows that this solution is unique. Next, we will use some examples to apply the theorem to a type of (NLFIE).


Keywords: Volterra fractional equation; iterative method; complete metric space.

## References:

1. Abdeljawad, T.; Agarwal, R.P.; Karapınar, E.; Kumari, P.S. Solutions of the Nonlinear Integral Equation and Fractional Differential Equation Using the Technique of a Fixed Point with a Numerical Experiment in Extended b-Metric Space. Symmetry. (2019), 11, 686.
2. Rabbani, M., Das, A., Hazarika, B., \& Arab, R. Existence of solution for two dimensional nonlinear fractional integral equation by measure of noncompactness and iterative algorithm to solve it. Journal of Computational and Applied Mathematics, 370, (2020), 112654.
3. Damag, F. H., Kilicman, A. Biological experiments based on fractional integral equations, Journal of Physics: Conference Series, IOP Publishing, 1132(1), (2018), 0120-23.
4. Damag, F. H., Kilicman, A. Sufficient conditions on existence of solution for nonlinear fractional iterative integral equation, J. Nonlinear Sci. Appl., 10, ( 2017) 368-376.
5. Podlubny, I. Fractional differential equations: an introduction to fractional derivatives,fractional differential equations, to methods of their solution and some of their applications, Academic press (198), (1998).
6. Manam, S. R. Multiple integral equations arising in the theory of water waves, Applied Mathematics. 24(8), (2011), 13691373.
7. Damag, F. H., Kilicman, A., Ibrahim, R. W. Findings of fractional iterative differential equations involving first order derivative, Int. J. Appl. Comput. Math., (2016), 1-10.


# On the basicity of the system of eigenfucntions for a discontinuous differential operator in grand variable Lebesgue spaces 

Fatih Sirin ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Halic University, fatihsirin@halic.edu.tr


#### Abstract

When a person wants to examine the vibration problem of a loaded string with fixed ends, Fourier methods gains value and then it is reached the basicity of the system of eigenfunctions in some Banach funftion spaces. These type studies have been done at various Banach space such as Lebesgue, grand-Lebesgue, and Morrey-type spaces. In this study, the basicity of the system of eigenfunctions are considered in grand variable Lebesgue space $L^{p(1) \theta}(\Omega)$. These spaces unify two non-standard function spaces: a variable exponent Lebesgue space and a grand Lebesgue space. This space will allow the basicity properties of the system to be examined in a wider space.


Keywords: grand variable lebesgue space, theory of close base, basicity, second-order discontinuous spectral problem.

## References:

1. Bilalov, Bilal T., and Zafar G. Guseynov. "Basicity of a system of exponents with a piecewise linear phase in variable spaces." Mediterranean journal of mathematics 9 (2012): 487-498.
2. Bilalov, Bilal T., Ali A. Huseynli, and Miran I. Aleskerov. "On the basicity of unitary system of exponents in the variable exponent Lebesgue spaces." (2017).
3. Meskhi, Alexander, and Yoshihiro Sawano. "Density, duality and preduality in grand variable exponent Lebesgue and Morrey spaces." Mediterranean Journal of Mathematics 15 (2018): 1-15.
4. Zeren, Yusuf, MIQDAD ISMAILOV, and FATİH Şíiin. "On basicity of the system of eigenfunctions of one discontinuous spectral problem for second order differential equation for grand-Lebesgue space." Turkish Journal of Mathematics 44.5 (2020): 1595-1611. doi:10.3906/mat-2003-20.
5. Zeren, Yusuf, Migdad Ismailov, and Fatih Sirin. "On the basis properties of a system of eigenfunctions of a spectral problem for a second-order discontinuous differential operator in the weighted grand-Lebesgue space with a general weight." Filomat 36.17 (2022): 6037-6050.


# Wiener-Hopf Solution of Mixed Boundary-Value Problem for Dielectric Loaded Coaxial Waveguide 

Feray Hacivelioglu<br>Department of Mathematics, Gebze Technical University, f.dagidir@gtu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

This study investigate the propagation of TEM waves along a coaxial waveguide with a step discontinuity on its inner wall loaded dielectric material. The main aim of this study is to give the details of the rigorous Wiener-Hopf method to solve the corresponding mixed-boundary value problem. The application of the Fourier transform to the Helmholtz equation in cylindrical coordinates leads to modified Wiener-Hopf equation whose formal solution is obtained by using the factorization and decomposition procedures. The solution of the field terms involves infinite sets of unknown coefficients satisfying infinite set of linear algebraic equations. The solution of this system is possible numerically.


Keywords: Coaxial, mixed boundary-value problem, waveguide, Wiener-Hopf method.

## References:

1. B. Noble, Methods Based on the Wiener-Hopf Technique for the Solution of Partial Differential Equations, vol. 7 of International Series of Monographs on Pure and Applied Mathematics, Pergamon Press, New York, NY, USA, (1958).
2. R.Mittra and S.W. Lee, Analytical Techniques in the Theory of Guided Waves. New York, NY, USA, McMillan, (1971). A. D. Rawlins, A bifurcated circular waveguide problem, IMA J. Appl. Math. 54 (1) (1995) 59-81.
3. Feray Hacıvelioğlu, Alinur Büyükaksoy, Analysis of a Coaxial Waveguide with Finite-Length Impedance Loadings in the Inner and Outer Conductors, Mathematical Problems in Engineering (2009) 1-18.
4. S. Aksimsek, G. Çinar, B. Nilsson, and S. Nordebo, TEM wave propagation in a coaxial cable with a step discontinuity on the outer wall, School Comput. Sci., Phys., Math., Linnaeus Univ., Väaxjö, Sweden, Tech. Rep. urn:nbn:se:Inu:diva22677, (2012).


# The Boundedness of Commutators of A Class of Sublinear Operators with Rough Kernel on Herz Triebel-Lizorkin Spaces with Variable Exponent 

Ferit Gürbüz ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Kırklareli University, Kırklareli 39100, Türkiye feritgurbuz@klu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In 2013, The Herz type Besov and Triebel-Lizorkin spaces with variable exponent were introduced in [1]. In 2023, the authors [2] first discussed the characterization of Herz Triebel-Lizorkin spaces with variable exponent via two families of operators. By this characterization, the authors proved that the Lipschitz commutators of sublinear operators is bounded from Herz spaces with variable exponent to Herz Triebel-Lizorkin spaces with variable exponent. Inspired of $[1,2]$, in this work we consider the boundedness of commutators of a class of sublinear operators with rough kernel on Herz Triebel-Lizorkin spaces with variable exponent.


Keywords: Lipschitz space, Herz Triebel-Lizorkin spaces, variable exponent, sublinear operator, rough kernel.

## References:

1. Fang C L, Wei Y Y, Zhang J. The boundedness of commutators of sublinear operators on Herz Triebel-Lizorkin spaces with variable exponent. Results Math. 78(2) (2023), 21 pp.
2. Chune SHI, Jingshi XU. Herz type Besov and Triebel-Lizorkin spaces with variable exponent. Front Math Chin., 8(4) (2013): 907-921.


# Poincaré and Sobolev Inequality in Degenerate Sobolev Spaces 

Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{1}$, David Cruz-Uribe ${ }^{2}$, Feyza Elif Dal ${ }^{1,3}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, ${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, University of Alabama,<br>${ }^{3}$ İstanbul Medipol University, yzeren@yildiz.edu.tr dcruzuribe@ua.edu feyza.dal@medipol.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Sobolev spaces without weights occur as spaces of solutions for elliptic and parabolic partial differential equations. For degenerate PDE's, which means equations with various types of singularities in the coefficients, we look for solutions in weighted Sobolev spaces. In this work, we are interested in the existence, uniqueness, boundedness and regularity of solutions of Dirichlet problems in certain degenerate Sobolev spaces. To prove these important properties of solutions we need both local type and global type Poincaré inequalities and local type and global type Sobolev inequalities.


Keywords: Poincare Inequality, Sobolev Inequality
Acknowledgement: This study was supported by the 2211-E Domestic Direct Doctoral Scholarship Program of the Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey (TUBITAK).

## References:

1. D. Cruz-Uribe and S. Rodney. Bounded weak solutions to elliptic PDE with data in Orlicz spaces. J. Differential Equations, 297:409-432, 2021.
2. D. Cruz-Uribe, S. Rodney, and E. Rosta. Poincare inequalities and Neumann problems for the ' p-Laplacian. Canad. Math. Bull., 61(4):738-753, 2018.
3. D. Gilbarg and N. S. Trudinger. Elliptic Partial Differential Equations of Second Order. Classics in Mathematics. SpringerVerlag, Berlin, 2001. Reprint of the 1998 edition.


# The Schouten-Van Kampen Connection with respect to the Cheeger-Gromoll Metric 

Filiz Ocak ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Karadeniz Technical University, filiz.ocak@ktu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this paper, we study some properties of the Schouten-Van Kampen connection associated to the Levi-Civita connection of the Cheeger-Gromoll metric on the cotangent bundle.


Keywords: Cotangent bundle, Cheeger-Gromoll metric, Schouten-Van Kampen connection.

## References:

1. F. Ağca and A. Salimov, Some notes concerning Cheeger-Gromoll metrics, Hacet. J. Math. Stat. 42 (2013) 533-549.
2. S.L. Druţă-Romaniuc, General Natural $\alpha$-Structures Parallel with Respect to the Schouten-Van Kampen Connection on the Tangent Bundle. Mediterr. J. Math.Vol. 19, No. 4 (2022): 195 (21 pages).
3. A.J. Schouten, and E.R. Van Kampen, Zur Einbettungs-und Krümmungstheorie nichtholonomer Gebilde. Mathematische Annalen. 103 (1930): 752-783.
4. K. Yano and S. Ishihara, Tangent and Cotangent Bundles. Mercel Dekker. Inc. New York. 1973.


# DYNAMICAL ANALYSIS OF CONFORMABLE FRACTIONAL ORDER LOTKAVOLTERRA PREDATOR-PREY MODEL 

Fuat Gurcan<br>Department of Mathematics, Kuwait University, fuat.gurcan@ku.edu.kw


#### Abstract

In this study, a mathematical model that describes the interaction between guava fruit and pests is discussed. The model based on Lotka-Volterra system of equations consist of conformable fractional order differential equations with piecewise constant arguments. From the solutions of the model in the subinterval leads to two dimensional discrete dynamical system. The equilibrium points of the discrete system are obtained and its stability conditions are determined by using Schur-Cohn criterion. We also deal with the theoretical analysis of the existence and direction Neimark-Sacker bifurcation of the discrete model at the positive equilibrium point. Theoretical analysis and numerical simulations show that discrete dynamical system shows complex dynamical behaviour such as stable periodic solutions Neimark-Sacker bifurcation, and chaos at the positive equilibrium point of the system according to changing the parameter $r$ that is growth rate of guava borers.


Keywords:Discretization, Neimark-Sacker bifurcation, Conformable fractional derivative, Lotka-Volterra system, Stability.

## References:

1. Sierociuk D., Skovranek T., Macias M., et al., 2015, Diffusion process modeling by using fractional-order models, Appl. Math. Comput., 257, pp. 2-11.
2. Ozturk O., 2016, A study on the damped free vibration with fractional calculus, Int. J. Appl. Mat. Elec.t Comput., 4, pp. 156-159.
3. Ziaei E., Farahi M. H., Safaie E., 2018, The approximate solution of nonlinear fractional optimal control problems by measure theory approach, Progr. Fract. Differ. Appl., 4, pp. 1-13.
4. Rihan F. A., Lakshmanan S., Hashish A. H., et al., 2015, Fractional-order delayed predator-prey systems with Holling type-II functional response, Nonlinear Dyn., 80, pp. 777-789.


# Rough $\lambda$-Statistical Cluster Points of Sequences of Fuzzy Numbers 

Funda Babaarslan ${ }^{1}$, Oktay Deveci ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Yozgat Bozok University,<br>${ }^{2}$ Graduate School of Natural and Applied Sciences, Department of Mathematics, Yozgat Bozok University

## funda.kocabiyik@bozok.edu.tr

oktaydeveci35@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this talk, first we define the concept of rough $\lambda$-statistical convergence for a sequence of fuzzy numbers. After that, we investigate the rough $\lambda$-statistical limit set of this sequence for roughness degree $r>0$. Additionally, we define the sets of rough $\lambda$-statistical limit points and rough $\lambda$-statistical cluster points for such sequences. Finally, we analyze various properties of these sets and establish inclusion relations among them.


Keywords: Fuzzy numbers, rough statistical convergence, $\lambda$-statistical convergence, statistical limit point, statistical cluster point.

## References:

1. Akçay F., Aytar S., Rough Convergence of a Sequence of Fuzzy Numbers, Bull. Math. Anal. Appl., 7(2005), 17-23.
2. Aytar S., Rough Statistical Convergence, Numer. Funct. Anal. Optim., 29 (2008), 291-303.
3. Aytar S., Rough Statistical Cluster Points, Filomat, 16 (2017), 5295-5304.
4. Babaarslan F., Tuncer A. N., Rough convergence of double sequences of fuzzy numbers, J. Appl. Anal. Comput., 10 (2020), 1335-1342.
5. Benli F. B., Lambda Statistical Limit İnferior and Limit Superior of the Sequences of Fuzzy Numbers, Int. J. Model. Optim., 3 (2013), 307-310.
6. Debnath S., Rakshit D., Rough Statistical Convergence of a Sequence of Fuzzy Numbers, Mathematica, 61 (2019), 33-39.
7. Matloka, M., Sequences of Fuzzy Numbers, Busefal, 28 (1986), 28-37.
8. Phu H.X., Rough convergence in normed linear spaces, Numer. Funct. Anal. Optim., 22 (2001), 201-224.


# The Cones of monoton functions generated by generalized potentials 

Gulden Karshygina<br>(joint work with Amiran Gogatishvili and Abek Azhar)

Karaganda Buketov University<br>Karaganda, Kazakhstan<br>karshygina84@mail.ru


#### Abstract

We present characterizations of the relations of the cones of monotone functions generated by generalized potentials modeled upon weighted Lorentz spaces. We will obtained O'Neil type inequality, using these estimates we will study boundedness of generalised potentials in weighted Lorents spaces. This problem is redusing to study boundedness of Cesaro and Copson operators in weighted Lebesgue spaces restricted on the cone of monoton functions. Aslo we will consider restrictions on the cone of double monoton functions (quasicoancave functions). We will used results obtained by Gogatishvili and Stepanov [1]. Gogatishvili and Neves [2], W.D. Evans, A. Gogatishvili and B. Opic [3]


Keywords: Cones of monoton functions, generalized potentials, Lorentz space, O'Neil type inequality, Cesaro and Copson operators

The research was partially supported by the grant project of the Ministry of Education and Science of the Republic of Kazakhstan (project no. AP14869887).

## References:

1. A.Gogatishvili and V.D.Stepanov. Reduction theorems for weighted integral inequalities for the cones of monotone functions. Russian Math. Surveys 68(2013), no. 4, 597-664.
2. A. Gogatishvili and J. S. Neves. Weighted norm inequalities for positive operators restricted on the cone $\lambda$-quasiconcave functions, Proc. Roy. Soc. Edinburgh Sect. A, 150 (2020), no. 1, pages 17 39.
3. W.D. Evans, A. Gogatishvili and B. Opic. Weighted inequalities involving $\rho$-quasiconcave operators. World Scientific Publishing Co. Pte. Ltd., Hackensack, NJ, 2018.


# Explosive and Exponential Growth in an $\mathbf{r}(\mathbf{x})$-Triharmonic Equation 

Gülistan Butakın ${ }^{1}$, Erhan Pişkin ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Dicle University, Institute of Natural and Applied Sciences, Diyarbakir, Turkey<br>${ }^{2}$ Dicle University, Department of Mathematics, Diyarbakır, Turkey<br>gulistanbutakin@gmail.com<br>episkin@dicle.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this work deal with an $\mathrm{r}(\mathrm{x})$-triharmonic equation characterized by variable exponents. We begin by establishing a criterion for finite-time blow-up and subsequently derive an upper bound estimate for the blow-up time. Moreover, we explore the exponential growth rate of solutions under specific conditions.


Keywords: $\mathrm{r}(\mathrm{x})$-Triharmonic equation, explosive, exponential growth, variable exponent.

## References:

1. E. Pişkin, G. Butakın, Blow-up phenomena for a $p(x)$-biharmonic heat equation with variable exponent, Mathematica Moravica, 27(2) (2023) 25-32.
2. H. Di, X. Qian, X. Peng, Blow up and exponential growth for a pseudo-parabolic equation with $p(x)$-Laplacian and variable exponents, Applied Mathematics Letters, 138 (2023) 108517.
3. G. Butakın, E. Pişkin, Existence and Blow up of Solutions of a Viscoelastic m(x)-Biharmonic Equation with Logarithmic Source Term, Miskolc Mathematical Notes, (in press).
4. G. Butakın, E. Pişkin, The Parabolic Equation with q(x)- Triharmonic Equation: Blow up and Growth, Bol. Soc. Paran. Mat., (in press).


# Blow-up and Exponential Growth in a m(x)-Biharmonic Equation 

Gülistan Butakın ${ }^{1}$, Erhan Pişkin ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Dicle University, Institute of Natural and Applied Sciences, Diyarbakrr, Turkey<br>${ }^{2}$ Dicle University, Department of Mathematics, Diyarbakir, Turkey<br>gulistanbutakin@gmail.com<br>episkin@dicle.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this study, we examine a $\mathrm{m}(\mathrm{x})$-biharmonic equation with variable exponents. Initially, we establish a criterion for finite-time blow-up and then proceed to obtain an upper bound estimate for the blow-up time. Furthermore, we investigate the exponential growth rate of solutions under certain conditions.


Keywords: m(x)-Biharmonic equation, blow up, exponential growth, variable exponent.

## References:

1. E. Pişkin, G. Butakın, Blow-up phenomena for a $p(x)$-biharmonic heat equation with variable exponent, Mathematica Moravica, 27(2) (2023) 25-32.
2. H. Di, X. Qian, X. Peng, Blow up and exponential growth for a pseudo-parabolic equation with $p(x)$-Laplacian and variable exponents, Applied Mathematics Letters, 138 (2023) 108517.
3. G. Butakın, E. Pişkin, Existence and Blow up of Solutions of a Viscoelastic m(x)-Biharmonic Equation with Logarithmic Source Term, Miskolc Mathematical Notes, (in press).
4. G. Butakın, E. Pişkin, Existence and Blow up of Solutions for $\mathrm{m}(\mathrm{x})$-Biharmonic equation with Variable Exponent Sources, Filomat, (in press).


# Application of superiorization method to linear inverse problems via a gradient projection algorithm <br> Müzeyyen Ertürk1, Gülşah Paf Şahin2 <br> 1,2 Department of Mathematics, Arts and Sciences Faculty, Advyaman University, merturk@adiyaman.edu.tr <br> gulsahpaf@gmail.com 


#### Abstract

Recently, a method called superiorization has been used to increase the efficiency of iterative algorithms. By allowing perturbations in iterative algorithms, it is investigated whether the perturbed algorithm fulfills the task of the original algorithm or obtains a superior output. Our aim in this study is to apply the superiorization method to linear inverse problems through a gradient projection iterative algorithm that has been shown to be resistant to perturbations.


Keywords: Superiorization method, bounded perturbation resilience, linear invers problems, gradient projection algorithm

## References:

1. Davidi, R., Herman, G. T., and Censor, Y. (2009). Perturbation-resilient block-iterative projection methods with application to image reconstruction from projections. International Transactions in Operational Research, 16(4), 505-524.
2. Censor, Y., Davidi, R., \& Herman, G. T. (2010). Perturbation resilience and superiorization of iterative algorithms. Inverse problems, 26(6)
3. Ertürk, M., and Salkim, A. (2023). Superiorization and bounded perturbation resilience of a gradient projection algorithm solving the convex minimization problem. Optimization Letters, 1-22.
4. Jin, W., Censor, Y., Jiang, M. (2016). Bounded perturbation resilience of projected scaled gradient methods. Comput. Optim. Appl. 63(2), 365-392
5. Xu, H.K., (2017). Bounded perturbation resilience and superiorization techniques for the projected scaled gradient method. Inverse Probl. 33(4)
6. Ertürk, M., Gürsoy, F., Ansari, Q., and Karakaya, V. (2018). Modified Picard type iterative algorithm for nonexpansive mappings. Journal of Nonlinear and Convex Analysis, 19(6), 919-933.


# Multivalued theory with measure of noncompactness for fractional différential inclusions 

Habib Djourdem<br>Department of Mathematics, Relizane University, Faculty of sciences and technologies<br>Algeria<br>djourdem.habib7@gmail.com


#### Abstract

We consider a nonlinear Hadamard fractional differential inclusions with three point integral boundary conditions. By using the set-valued analog of Monch fixed point theorem associated with the technique of measure of noncompactness, we prove the existence of at least one solution. We establish some Filippov's-type results for this problem.


Keywords: Differential inclusions, Hadamard fractional derivative, Measure of noncompactness, Filippov's Theorem.

## References:

1. Aghajani, J. Banas, N. Sebzali, Some generalizations of Darbo fixed point theorem and applications, Bull. Belg. Math. Soc. Simon Stevin, 20 (2013), 345-358.
2. Baleanu, D., Aydogan, S.M., Mohammadi, H., Rezapour, S.: On modelling of epidemic childhood diseases with the CaputoFabrizio derivative by using the Laplace Adomian decomposition method. Alex. Eng. J. (2020).
3. Cernea, Filippov Lemma for a Class of Hadamard-Type Fractional Differential Inclusions. FCAA 18, 163-171 (2015). https://doi.org/10.1515/fca-2015-0011.
4. H. Djourdem, Existence results for a nonlinear fractional differential inclusion. Filomat, 35(3) (2021), 927—939.


# On the Hop Domination Number of Fuzzy Graphs 

Haifa Ahmed ${ }^{l}$, Mohammed Alsharafi ${ }^{3}$, Saad Tobaili ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Aden University, Yemen<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, Turkey<br>${ }^{3}$ Department of Mathematics, Hadhramout University, Mukalla, Yemen<br>haifaahmed010@gmail.com<br>alsharafi205010@gmail.com<br>saadaltobaili@yahoo.com<br>Abstract


#### Abstract

Let $G=(V, \mu, \rho)$ a fuzzy graph. A subset $H \subseteq V(G)$ of a fuzzy graph $G$ is a hop-dominating set of $G$ if every $\nu \in V-H$ is a hop dominated by at least one vertex in $H$. The minimum cardinality of a hop-dominating set of $G$ is called a hop-domination number of $G$ and is denoted by $\gamma_{h}(G)$. In this paper, we initiate the study on the hop domination number of a fuzzy graph. We obtain some bounds on the hop domination number. We also characterize the family of paths, trees, and cyclic graphs. We determine the hop number $\gamma_{n}(G)$ for several classes of fuzzy graphs and obtain Nordhaus-Gaddum-type results for this parameter. Further, some bounds of $\gamma_{\mathrm{h}}(G)$ are investigated. Also, the relations between $\gamma_{h}(G)$ and other known parameters in fuzzy graphs are investigated.


Keywords: SI-open set, interior and closure operators, ideals.

## References:

1. S. Tobaili, H. Ahmed, M. Alsharafi. An Analysis of Hub Number in Various Fuzzy Graphs. Commun. Combin., Cryptogr. \& Computer Sci., 2, (2023), 110-119.
. V. Ramaswmy. Product fuzzy graph, Int. Jon. of Com. Sci. and Net.Sec, 9(1), (2009), pp. 114-118.
2. Q.M. Mahioub. Domination in product fuzzy graph, ACMA, 1(2), (2012), pp. 119-125.
3. E. Sampathkumar. The global Domination Number of A Graph, Jour. Math. Phy. Sci. 23(5), (1989), 377-385.
4. M. Q Shubatah, H. Ahmed. The Global Domination Number in Product Fuzzy Graphs, EPH, International Journal of Mathematics and Statistics, (2020), 60-76.
5. H. Ahmed, M. Alsharafi. Semi-Global Domination Number in Product Fuzzy Graphs. Conference Proceeding Science and Technology, 6, (2023), 128-132.


# Existence, Uniqueness Results and Stability for Coupled System of Fractional Hybrid Differential Equations with Mixed Fractional Derivatives and Laplacian Operators and ThreePoint Boundary Conditions 

Hamid Beddani ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Laboratory of Complex Systems of the Higher School of Electrical and Energy Engineering of Oran, 31000, Algeria., 2 E. N. S of Mostaganem, Department of Mathematics, 27000 Mostaganem, Algeria. beddani_hamid@esgee-oran.dz


#### Abstract

In this work we investigate the existence and uniqueness of solutions for a new class of coupled system of fractional hybrid differential equations which containing of mixed fractional derivatives between the Riemann-Liouville and the Caputo fractional derivatives of different orders with Laplacian operators, by using Leray-Schauder alternative fixed point theorem type in generalized Banach space and Banach contraction principle. The stability of the Ulam type of the proposed coupled system is also studied. At the end an example is given to illustrate the theory and results obtained.


Keywords: Mixed Fractional Derivatives; Ulam's stability; Coupled system; Laplacian operators

## References:

1. H. Beddani, M. Beddani, S. Hamouda, A new sequential proportional fractional derivative of hybrid di erential equations with nonlocal hybrid condition, Advances in the Theory of Nonlinear Analysis and its Applications 7 (2023) No. 1, 148161. https://doi.org/10.31197/atnaa. 1122002
2. B.C. Dhage, Fixed point theorems in ordered Banach algebras and applications. Panamer. Math. J. 1999, 9, 93-102.
3. A. A. Kilbas, H.M. Srivastava, J.J. Trujillo, Theory and applications of fractional differential equations, North-Holland Mathematics Studies, vol. 204. Elsevier Science, Amsterdam, 2006
4. I. Podlubny, Fractional differential equations, Acädemic Press, San Diego, 1999.


# Constructing the asymptotics of the solution to a quasilinear elliptic type equation with respect to a small parameter 

Ramazan Eyyubov ${ }^{1}$, Haqiqat Ashirova ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Odlar Yurdu University Koroglu Rehimov str.,13, AZ1072,Baku,Azerbaycan,<br>${ }^{2}$ Odlar Yurdu University Koroglu Rehimov str.,13, AZ1072,Baku,Azerbaycan eyyubov54@mail.ru<br>hagigatashirova@gmail.com


#### Abstract

Abstrac Let $G \subset R^{n}$ be a bounded domain with a rather smooth boundary and $Q=G \times[0, T]$ be a cylinder with a lateral surface $S$. In the cylinder Q we consider the following problem: $$
\begin{align*} & L_{\varepsilon} u=-\varepsilon^{p} \sum_{i=0}^{n} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{i}}\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_{i}}\right)^{p}-\varepsilon \sum_{i=0}^{n} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x_{i}^{2}}+\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_{0}}-\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x_{i}^{2}}+a u-f\left(x, x_{0}\right)=0  \tag{1}\\ & \left.u\right|_{x_{0}=0}=0,\left.u\right|_{s}=0,\left.u\right|_{x_{0}=T}=0 \tag{2} \end{align*}
$$


here $\left(x, x_{0}\right) \in G \times[0, T], x=\left(x_{1}, x_{2}, \ldots, x_{n}\right), \varepsilon \succ 0$, is a small parameter, $a \succ 0$ is a real number, $p=2 k+1 \succ n$ ( k is a natural number); $f\left(x, x_{0}\right)$ is a rather smooth function.
İn this paper, we were established the asymptotics of the approximate solution of problem (1)-(2) with respect to the small parameter and showed bounded of residual term in $W^{1}{ }_{2 k+1}(Q)$ space.

Keywords: Partial derivative, function, small parameter, asymptotic solution, degenerated problem, boundary layer type function.

## References:

1. Vishik M.I., Lusternik L.A. Regurar degeneration and boundary layer for linear differential equations with a small parameter. Uspekhi Math. Nauk. 12; 5(77), 3-122. 1957.
2. Veinberg M.M. Variational method and the method of monotone operators. M.: 1972.
3. Lions J.L. Some methods for solving nonlinear boundary value problems. M: 1972.
4. R.A.EIJUBOV. On an asymptotic solution of a boundary value problem for a nonlinear elliptic equationthat degenerates into a parabolic equation. Soviet Math.Dokl.Vol.26(1982), №3.


# Some Generalizations of S-ideals in Noncommutative Rings 

Hatice Çay ${ }^{1}$, Bayram Ali Ersoy ${ }^{2}$, Funda Özdemir ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, ${ }^{1}$ IMU Vocational School, İstanbul Medipol University<br>${ }^{3}$ Department of Software Engineering, İstinye University hcay@medipol.edu.tr ersoya@gmail.com<br>funda.ozdemir@istinye.edu.tr


#### Abstract

The notion of S-prime ideal is introduced by Hamed and Malek in commutative rings [1]. Very recently Abouhalaka defined that in noncommutative sense and give some properties of them [2]. In this work we investigate the generalizations of S-ideals in noncommutative rings.


Keywords: S-ideal, S-prime ideal, S-weakly prime ideal, S-primary ideal, m-system, noncommutative ring.

## References:

1. A., Hamed, A. Malek, S-prime ideals of a commutative ring. Beitr Algebra Geom 61, (2020) 533-542 .
2. A. Abouhalaka, S-Prime Ideals, S-Noetherian Noncommutative Rings, and the S-Cohen's Theorem. Mediterr. J. Math., (2024), 21, 43.
3. N. Groenewald, Weakly prime and weakly completely prime ideals of noncommutative rings. Int. Electron. J. Algebra 28, (2020), 43-60.
4. Abouhalaka, A., Fındık, S: Extension of almost primary ideals to noncommutative rings and the generalization of nilary ideals. Mathematics 11(8), (2023), 1917.
5. Visweswaran, S.: Some results on S-primary ideals of a commutative ring. Beitr. Algebra Geom. 63, (2022), 247-266.


# A Theorem on Absolute Riesz Summability 

Hikmet Seyhan Özarslan ${ }^{1}$, Bağdagül Kartal Erdoğan ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Erciyes University, seyhan@erciyes.edu.tr<br>bagdagulkartal@erciyes.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Let $\left(\varphi_{n}\right)$ be a sequence of positive real numbers. The series $\sum a_{n}$ is said to be summable $\varphi-\left|\bar{N}, p_{n} ; \delta\right|_{k}$, $\delta \geq 0$ and $k \geq 1$, if $$
\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \varphi_{n}^{\delta k+k-1}\left|u_{n}-u_{n-1}\right|^{k}<\infty
$$ where $u_{n}=\frac{1}{P_{n}} \sum_{v=0}^{n} p_{v} s_{v}$ and $\left(p_{n}\right)$ is a sequence of positive numbers such that $$
P_{n}=\sum_{v=0}^{n} p_{v} \rightarrow \infty, n \rightarrow \infty \quad\left(P_{-m}=p_{-m}=0, m \geq 1\right)
$$

This paper presents a new general theorem on $\varphi-\left|\bar{N}, p_{n} ; \delta\right|_{k}$ summability of the series $\sum a_{n} \lambda_{n}$. The new theorem also includes a known theorem on absolute Riesz summability factors of an infinite series.


Keywords: absolute summability, infinite series, Riesz mean, summability factors.

## References:

1. H. Bor, Absolute summability factors for infinite series, Math. Japon. 36(2) (1991) 215-219.
2. H. Bor, On the absolute summability factors of infinite series, Math. Japon.38(1) (1993) 171-175.
3. H. Seyhan, On the local property of $\varphi-\left|\bar{N}, p_{n} ; \delta\right|_{k}$ summability of factored Fourier series, Bull. Inst. Math. Acad. Sinica 25(4) (1997) 311-316.


# Simulating Time Delays and Space-Time Memory Interactions: An Analytical Approach 

Imad Jaradat ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{1}$ College of Integrative Studies, Abdullah Al-Salem University, imad.jaradat@aasu.edu.kw


#### Abstract

This study introduces an innovative analytical framework designed to elucidate the implications of incorporating the Caputo spatial and temporal memory indices, coupled with a proportional time delay, into (non)linear ( $1+2$ ) -evolutionary models. The solution is presented in the form of a Cauchy product of an absolutely convergent series which illustrates the acting of the aforementioned parameters. Using a unique extension of the differential transform method into higher-dimensional fractional space, our methodology transforms the evolution equation into a (non)linear higher-order recurrence equation to determine the coefficients of a novel fractional series expansion. We also polished theoretically our approach to illustrate the influence of the parameters under our interest. The visual analysis of the level curves for the derived solution reveals a continuous deformation from a stationary state to an integer state solution, wherein the Caputo derivative parameters function as slider controls. Furthermore, the graphical analysis highlights a perceptible analogy between the functionalities of the Caputo-time fractional derivative and the proportional time delay, thereby reinforcing the notion that Caputo derivatives effectively function as memory indices. Notably, this method has proven to be highly effective in furnishing solutions for fractional higher-dimensional extension of evolutionary equations.


Keywords: Caputo Space-time PDEs, Proportional time-delay, Multi-fractional differential transform.

## References:

1. A. Atangana, Fractional operators with constant and variable order with application to geohydrology. New York: Academic Press, 2017.
2. F. Yousef, M. Alquran, I. Jaradat, S. Momani, D. Baleanu, New fractional analytical study of three-dimensional evolution equation equipped with three memory indices. J. Comput. Nonlinear Dynam. 14(11) (2019), 111008.
3. I. Jaradat, M. Alquran, TA. Sulaiman, A. Yusuf, Analytic simulation of the synergy of spatial-temporal memory indices with proportional time delay. Chaos, Solitons \& Fractals 156 (2022), 111818.


# Solution of Delay Differential Equations Using Extreme Learning Machine 

Imran Talib<br>Department of Mathematics, Noninear Analysis Group, Virtual University of Pakistan, imrantaalib@gmail.com,imrantalib@vu.edu.pk


#### Abstract

We expand upon the orthogonal neural network-based method in combination with an Extreme Learning Machine (ELM) to tackle variable-order delay differential equations, encompassing both initial and boundary conditions. The network weights are trained via ELM, while the derivative terms within the equations are approximated using operational matrices of orthogonal polynomials. Furthermore, we investigate the numerical solution of various delay differential equations, such as pantograph and neutral delay equations. Graphical analysis reveals the impact of changing the number of neurons on solution accuracy.


Keywords: Delay differential equations, operational matrices, orthogonal polynomials, Extreme Learning Machine, Neural networks.

## References:

1. E. D. Rainville, Special functions, Chelsea Pub Co., New York, 1971
2. I.Talib, M. Bohner, Numerical study of generalized modified Caputo fractional differential equations, International Journal of Computer Mathematics, Vol. 100, No. 1 (2023), 153-176.
3. Z. Xiaoning, J. Yang, Y. Zhao, Numerical Solution of Time Fractional Black-Scholes Model Based on Legendre Wavelet Neural Network wi Extreme Learning Machine, Fractal and Fractional Vol. 6, No. 7 (2022).


# Hermite Collocation Approach for the Solution of a Class of Fractional Differential Equations 

İlknur ERDURMUŞ ${ }^{1}$, Pinar ALBAYRAK ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, ilknur.erdurmus@std.yildiz.edu.tr pkanar@yildiz.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In the brunches of engineering and sciences, differential equations are commonly used for expressing many complicated problems arising from these areas.

In this work, we work on the approximate solution of a class of a fractional differential equation class. We expressed the matrix form of the system and MATLAB are used for the solution of this algebraic system. Results are given by table and graphically.


Keywords: Hermite Polynomial, Fractional differential equation, Collocation methods

## References:

1. Miller, K.S., Ross, B.; An Introduction to the Fractional Calculus and Fractional Differential Equations, John Wiley \& Sons, New York, USA; 1993.
2. Ganaie, I.A., Kukreja, V.K.; Numerical solution of Burgers' equation by cubic Hermite collocation method, Applied Mathematics and Computation, 237, 571-581, 2014.
3. Parand, K., Dehghan, M., Rezaei, A.R., Ghaderi, S.M.; An approximation algorithm for the solution of the nonlinear LaneEmden type equations arising in astrophysics using Hermite functions collocation method, Computer Physics Communications, 181, 1096-1108, 2010.
4. Diethelm, K., Ford, N.J.; Multi-order fractional differential equations and their numerical solution, Applied Mathematics and Computation, 154, 621-640, 2004.
5. Kumar. P., Agrawal, O.P.; An approximate method for numerical solution of fractional differential equations, Signal Processing, 86, 2602-2610, 2006.
6. Baleanu, D., Diethelm, K., Scalas, E., Trijullo, A.; Fractional Calculus: Models and Numerical Methods., World Scientific Publishing Co. Pte. Ltd., Singapore, 2012.


# Fredholm and Frame-Preserving Weighted Composition Operators 

Jasbir Singh Manhas ${ }^{1}$, Ruhan Zhao ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Sultan Qaboos University, Muscat, Oman<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, SUNY Brockport, USA<br>manhas@squ.edu.om<br>rzhao@brockport.edu


#### Abstract

Let $\mathbb{C}^{n}=\mathbb{C} \times \cdots \times \mathrm{C}$ be the n -dimensional complex Euclidean space. Let $\Omega$ be a bounded domain in $\mathbb{C}^{n}$ and let $\mathrm{H}(\Omega)$ be the space of all holomorphic functions on $\Omega$. We denote by $H$, a complex Hilbert space of functions in $\mathrm{H}(\Omega)$. In this paper we generalize the results of $\mathrm{Cao}, \mathrm{He}$ and $\mathrm{Zhu}[1]$ to the case of weighted composition operators and characterize Fredholm and frame-preserving weighted composition operators on some general Hilbert spaces of holomorphic functions in bounded domains in $\mathbb{C}^{n}$


Keywords: Weighted composition operators, Frodholm operators, frames, Hilbert spaces of holomorphic functions

## References:

1. G. Cao, L. He and K. Zhu, Fredholm composition operators and proper holomorphic mappings, Bull. London Math. Soc. 51 (2019), 1104-1112.
2. O. Christensen, An Introduction to Frames and Riesz Bases, 2nd rev. ed., Appl. Numer. Harmon. Anal., Birkh"auserSpringer, New York, NY, 2016.
3. R. J. Duffin and A. C. Schaeffer, A class of nonharmonic Fourier series, Trans. Amer. Math. Soc. 72 (1952), 341-366.
4. J. S. Manhas, G. T. Prajitura and R. Zhao, Weighted composition operators that preserve frames, Integr. Equ. Oper. Theory (2019) 91:34.


# On Banach frameness of degenerate exponential system in Lebesgue spaces 

Migdad I. İsmailov ${ }^{1}$, Kader Şimşir Acar ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Baku State University migdad-ismailov@ rambler.ru<br>${ }^{2}$ Graduate School of Natural and Applied Sciences, İstanbul Ticaret University<br>ksacar@ticaret.edu.tr


#### Abstract

This study deals with the frameness of weighted exponential system $E(\omega, Z)=\left\{\omega(t) e^{i n t}\right\}_{n \in Z}$ in the space $L_{p}(-\pi, \pi), p>1$, with the weight function $\omega(t)$ of general form. Theorem on a property of expansion system and criterion of Banach frameness for $E(\omega, Z)$ in $L_{p}(-\pi, \pi), p>\mathbb{1}_{s}$ were proved. In particular, it is proved that the system $E(\omega, Z)$ with defect cannot form atomic decomposition for $L_{p}(-\pi, \pi), p>1$. The obtained results are the generalizations of those on the atomic decomposition of power weighted exponential system in $L_{p}(-\pi, \pi), p>1$, and the frameness of weighted exponential system in $L_{2}(-\pi, \pi)$.


Keywords: frameness, basicity, completeness, minimality, weighted exponential system.

## References:

1. B. T. Bilalov and F. Guliyeva, On the frame properties of degenerate system of sines, J. Funct. Space Appl., 2012, Art. ID 184186, pp. 1-12.
2. B. T. Bilalov and Z. V. Mamedova, On the frame properties of some degenerate trigonometric systems, Dokl. Nats. Akad. Nauk Azerb., 2012, 68(5), 14-18. (in Russian)
3. A.Sh. Shukurov, Basic properties of weighted exponential systems with excess, Bulletin of Samara University. Vestn. SamGU. Natural Science Ser., 2018, Issue 24(1), 14-19.
4. Golubeva E.S., The system of weighted exponentials with power weights, in: Vestnik Sam. GU Estestvenno-Nauchnaya Ser. 83:2 (2011), 15-25. (in Russian)
5. G.J. Yoon, C. Heil, Duals of Weighted Exponential Systems. Acta Appl Math 119, 2012, 97-112.


# Dynamics of a plankton system with delay-diffusion and stochastic effect: a mathematical study 

Kalyan Das<br>Department of Interdisciplinary Sciences<br>National Institute of Food Technology Entrepreneurship and Management<br>Kundli, Haryana, India<br>daskalyan27@gmail.com


#### Abstract

We investigated a nonlinear model of the interaction between Algae-Zooplankton Species, which was addressed using a pair of Holling type - II- Ratio dependent functional response interaction impacted with discrete delay and stochastic perturbation along with diffusion. Based on numerical analysis, we studied the model without delay, stochastic impact and diffusion. We analyzed the model using a linear analysis technique and found that the delay, stochasticity and diffusion could affect the system. If the delay parameter exceeded a certain critical value, the stable state became unstable. Furthermore, the impact of environmental fluctuation and diffusion in our model which has great role to shape the dynamics of the considering system. Finally numerical simulation results are compared with the analytical findings. All of these results are expected to be useful in the study of plankton dynamics in aquatic ecosystems.


Keywords: Algae-zooplankton, stability, delay, stochasticity, difussion.

## References:

1. Caughley, G., Lawton, J.H., Plant -Herbivore systems, Theoretical ecology, principles andapplicationsEdited by R.M.May. Blcakwell Scientific publications, Oxford, U.K, 1981, 132-166.
2. Kot, M., 2001. Elements of mathematical ecology. Cambridge University Press.
3. Rosenzweig, M.L.,Paradox of enrichment: destabilization of expoitation ecosystems in ecological time. Science (Washington, D.C.), 1971, 171,385-387.
4. J. D. Murray, Mathematical Biology, 3rd edition, 1993.
5. E. Venturino and S. Petrovskii, Spatiotemporal behavior of a prey-predator system with a group defense for prey, Ecological Complexity, 14, 37-47, 2013.
6. R.M.Nisbet, W.S.C.Gurney, Modelling fluctuating populations, New York, John Wiley, 1982.
7. R. May, Stability and complexity in model ecosystems with a new introduction by the author, Princeton University Press, 1973.
8. B.D. Hassard, N.D. Kazarinoff, Y.H. Wan, Theory and Application of Hopf Bifurcation, Cambridge University, Cambridge, (1981).
9. Kuang Y. Delay differential equations with applications in population dynamics. Boston: Academic Press Inc.; 1993.
10. K. Das and S. Ray, "Effect of delay on nutrient cycling in phytoplankton-zooplankton interactions in estuarine system," Ecological Modelling, vol. 215, no. 1-3, pp. 69-76, 2008.

# Constructing and Comparing Novel Musical Systems using Mathematical Structures 

Cemil Karaçam ${ }^{1}$, Halil Yakıt², Kayra Ege Altun ${ }^{3}$, Şerif Efe Dartar ${ }^{4}$<br>1,2,3,4 Kabatas Erkek High School,<br>Beşiktaş, Istanbul, Türkiye<br>cemil-karacam@hotmail.com<br>halilyakit@gmail.com<br>altunkayra07@gmail.com<br>dserif.efe@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The connection between mathematics and music, much like its correlation with other disciplines, is well understood. Therefore, the increasing focus on research exploring the relationship between mathematics and music is considered to be of significant importance. In this context, the aim is to investigate and compare the usage of mathematical concepts such as Lucas Numbers, Tribonacci Numbers, Metallic Ratios, and certain irrational numbers, each holding considerable importance in mathematics, in the frequency values planned to be created within the project. Additionally, our intention is to compose music using these generated frequencies and study their effects on the psychology of healthy individuals through medical testing methods such as EEG (Electroencephalography) in the future.


Keywords: Lucas Numbers, Metallic Ratios, Music, EEG

## References:

1. Blinowska, K., \& Durka, P. (2006). Electroencephalography (eeg). Wiley encyclopedia of biomedical engineering.
2. Crocker, R. L. (1964). Pythagorean mathematics and music. The Journal of Aesthetics and Art Criticism, 22(3), 325-335.
3. Wright, D. (2009). Mathematics and music (Vol. 28). American Mathematical Soc..
4. Karaçam, C., Serif, H. Y. K. E. A., \& Dartar, E. (2023). Effects of Musics Composed Using Mathematical Methods and DNA On the EEG Frequency Bands of Healthy Individuals. In Conference Proceedings of Science (Vol. 6, No. 1, pp. 109113).


# On Trigonometric approximation of continuous functions in two variables by almost Euler means of double conjugate Fourier series <br> Kejal Khatri* <br> Govt. College Simalwara 314403, Dungarpur, Rajasthan, India <br> Email: kejal0909@gmail.com <br> *Corresponding author 


#### Abstract

The theorems based on the degree of approximation of continuous functions in two variables by almost Euler means of double conjugate Fourier series have been determined via weighted Lipschitz class. Some corollaries also have been derived from our theorems.


Keywords: Degree of approximation, weighted Lipschitz class, Double conjugate Fourier series, Almost Euler means.

## References:

1. F. Móricz and B.E. Rhoades, Approximation by Nörlund means of double Fourier series for Lipschitz functions, J. Approx. Theory 50 (4), 341-358, 1987.
2. F. Móricz and B.E. Rhoades, Approximation by Nörlund means of double Fourier series to continuous functions in two variables, Constr. Approx. 3 (1), 281-296, 1987.
3. F. Móricz and X. Shi, Approximation to continuous functions by Cesàro means of double Fourier series and conjugate series, J. Approx. Theory 49 (4), 346-377, 1987. H.K. Nigam and K. Sharma, On double summability of double conjugate Fourier series, Int. J. Math. Math. Sci. 2012, 2012.
4. S.K. Srivastava and S. Devaiya, Error of approximation of functions, conjugate to the functions belonging to weighted Lipschitz class using matrix means, IAENG Int. J. Appl. Math. 51 (4), 837-841, 2021.


# Exploring counterexamples to Hamada's conjecture: Insights from nonisomorphic designs 

Kevser Soytürk ${ }^{l}$, Mustafa Gezek ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2Department of Mathematics, Tekirdağ Namık Kemal University, ksoyturk@nku.edu.tr mgezek@nku.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Let $G$ be a design defined by the flats of a given dimension in $P G(t, q)$ (or $A G(t, q)$ ) and $D$ be a design with the same parameters as $G$. In [3], it was conjectured that the $p$-rank of $D$ is less than or equal to the $p$-rank of $G$, and the equality holds if and only if $D$ is isomorphic to $G$. It was shown that 'only if' part of this conjecture is not true in general $[1,4,5]$. In this talk, we explore similarities among certain counterexamples of the conjecture, provide a summary of computational results from techniques outlined in [2,6], and offer insights into our investigation for counterexamples within higher-dimensional affine spaces.


Keywords: Geometric designs, Hamada's conjecture, resolvable designs.

## References:

1. Clark, D., Jungnickel, D., Tonchev, V.D. (2011). Affine geometry designs, polarities, and Hamada's conjecture. Journal of Combinatorial Theory, Series A, 118, 231-239.
2. Gezek, M. (2017). Combinatorial problems related to codes, designs and finite geometries. PhD thesis, Michigan Technological University.
3. Hamada, N. (1973). On the p-rank of the incidence matrix of a balanced or partially balanced incomplete block design and its applications to error-correcting codes. Hiroshima Math. J., 3, 153-226.
4. Jungnickel, D., Tonchev V.D. (2009). Polarities, quasymmetric designs, and Hamada's conjecture. Des.Codes Cryptogr. 51, 131-140.
5. Tonchev, V. D. (1986). Quasi-symmetric 2-(31, 7, 7) designs and a revision of Hamada's conjecture. Journal of Combinatorial Theory, Series A, 42(1), 104-110.
6. Tonchev, V. D. (2017). Linearly embeddable designs. Des. Codes Cryptogr. 85, 233-247.


# $q$-Stirling Sequence Spaces Associated with $\boldsymbol{q}$-Bell Numbers 

Koray İbrahim Atabey ${ }^{l}$, Muhammed Çınar ${ }^{2}$, Murat Karakaş ${ }^{3}$, Mikail Et ${ }^{4}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Muss Nizamülmülk Girl Anatolia İmam Hatip High School,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Muş Alparslan University<br>${ }^{3}$ Department of Mathematics, Bitlis Eren University,<br>${ }^{4}$ Department of Mathematics, Firat University<br>korayatabey7@gmail.com<br>muhammedcinar23@gmail.com<br>mkrks33@gmail.com<br>mikailet68@gmail.com

## Abstract

In this study, we build $q$-analogue of the $q$-Stirling matrix associated with $q$-Bell numbers $\mathbb{S}_{q}=\left(S_{n k}(q)\right)$ defined by

$$
S_{q}=\left(S_{n k}(q)\right)=\left\{\begin{array}{rl}
\frac{S_{q}(n, k)}{B_{q}(n)}, & 0 \leq k \leq n \\
0, & k>n
\end{array} \quad n, k \in \mathbb{N}=\{0,1, \ldots\} .\right.
$$

Next, we define the sequence spaces $c\left(\mathbb{S}_{q}\right), c_{0}\left(\mathbb{S}_{q}\right), \ell_{m}\left(\mathbb{S}_{q}\right), \ell_{p}\left(\mathbb{B}_{q}\right)(1 \leq p<\infty)$ using this analog. Then, we provide some inclusion relations for these spaces and examine a few topological characteristics. Furthermore, we construct a basis for the space $\ell_{p}\left(\mathbb{S}_{q}\right)$, calculate $\alpha$-, $\beta$-, $\gamma$ - duals of the same space and describe certain matrix classes.

Keywords: $q$-Stirling numbers, $q$-Bell numbers, $q$-analogue, Dual spaces, Matrix transform.

## References:

1. H. Aktuğlu, Ş. Bekar, On $q$-Cesaro matrix and $q$-statistical convergence, J. Comput. Appl. Math., 235(16) (2011) 47174723.
2. G. E. Andrews, $q$-Catalan identities, In The legacy of Alladi Ramakrishnan in the mathematical sciences. New York, NY: Springer New York, (2010) 183-190.
3. K.İ. Atabey, M. Çınar, M. Et, $q$-Fibonacci sequence spaces and related matrix transformations. Journal of Applied Mathematics and Computing (2023) 69:2135-2154.
4. Zsófia R. Kereskényiné Balogh, Michael J. Schlosser, $q$-Stirling numbers of the second kind and $q$-Bell numbers for graphs. Electronic notes in discrete mathematics 54 (2016): 361-366.


# An application of time scale with calculus of variations 

Lütfi Akın<br>Department of Business Administration, Mardin Artuklu University, lutfiakin@artuklu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Economics is a branch of science that has an important connection with the application areas of time scales. In addition to combining the standard discrete and continuous models in economics, the time scale approach also opens the door to unequally spaced payments, for example. In this study, we will present a time-scale model and use the calculus of variations to obtain a solution. Calculating time scales also allows many more situations and models to occur in the economy.


Keywords: Calculus of variation, Economy, Time scale

## References:

1. Tisdell, C.C., Zaidi, A. Basic qualitative and quantitative results for solutions to nonlinear dynamic equations on time scales with an application to economic modelling. Nonlinear Anal. 2008, 68, 3504-3524.
2. Atici F.M., Biles D.C., Lebedinsky A., An application of time scales to economics, Mathematical and Computer Modelling 43 (2006) 718-726.
3. Brigo, D., Mercurio, F. Discrete time vs continuous time stock-price dynamics and implications for option pricing. Financ. Stochast 2000, 4, 147-159.
4. Seadawy, A.R., Iqbal, M.; Lu, D. Nonlinear wave solutions of the Kudryashov-Sinelshchikov dynamical equation in mixtures liquid-gas bubbles under the consideration of heat transfer and viscosity. J. Taibah Univ. Sci. 2019, 13, 10601072.
5. Heris, J.M., Aghdaei, M.F. Equivalent HPM with ADM and Convergence of the HPM to a Class of Nonlinear Integral Equations. J. Math. Ext. 2013, 7, 33-49.


# Generalization of Szasz operators involving multiple Sheffer polynomials 

Mahvish Ali<br>Department of Mathematics, Women's College, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh, India<br>mahvishali37@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The present work deals with the mathematical investigation of some generalizations of the Szasz operators. In this work, the multiple Sheffer polynomials are introduced. The generalization of Szasz operators involving multiple Sheffer polynomials are considered. Convergence properties of these operators are verified with the help of the universal Korovkin-type result and the order of approximation is calculated by using classical modulus of continuity. Further, the convergence of these operators are also discussed in weighted spaces of functions on the positive semi-axis and estimate the approximation with the help of weighted modulus of continuity. The theoretical results are exemplified choosing the special cases of multiple Sheffer polynomials..


Keywords: Szasz operators, Modulus of continuity, Rate of convergence, Multiple Sheffer polynomials.

## References:

1. Ansari KJ, Mursaleen M, Rahman S, Approximation by Jakimovski-Leviatan operators of Durrmeyer type involving multiple Appell polynomials. RACSAM 2019; 113: 1007-1024.
2. Braha NL, Kadak U, Approximation properties of the generalized Szasz operators by multiple Appell polynomials via power summability method, Mathematical Methods in the Applied Sciences 2019; 1-20.
3. Costabile FA, Gualtieri MI, Napoli A, Some results on generalized Szasz operators involving Sheffer polynomials, Journal of Computational and Applied Mathematics 2018; 337: 244-255.
4. Lee DW, Properties of multiple Hermite and multiple Laguerre polynomials by the generating function, Integral Transforms and Special Functions 2007; 18(12): 855-869.


# Perfect Codes on the Zero-divisor Cayley Graphs Associated to the Residue Class Ring Modulon 

Mahwash Imtiaz ${ }^{1}$, Hazzirah Izzati Mat Hassim ${ }^{2}$, Nor Haniza Sarmin ${ }^{3}$, Mohammad Hassan Mudaber ${ }^{4}$<br>1,2,3 Department of Mathematical Sciences, Faculty of Science, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310 UTM Johor Bahru, Johor, MALAYSIA<br>${ }^{4}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Natural Science, Kabul Education University, Kabul, Afghanistan.

$\frac{1}{} \frac{\text { mahwash@ graduate.utm.my }}{{ }^{2} \text { hazzirah@utm.my }}$
${ }^{3}$ nhs@utm.my
${ }^{4}$ mhmudaber@keu.edu.af


#### Abstract

A zero-divisor Cayley graph of a ring $R$, where $R$ is the residue class ring modulo $n$, where $n$ is a positive integer, is a graph with vertex set $R$, and two distinct vertices $x$ and $y$ are adjacent if and only if $\boldsymbol{x}-\boldsymbol{y}$ or $\boldsymbol{y}-\boldsymbol{x}$ is a zero-divisor of $R$. A subset $S$ of the vertex set $V(G)$ in a graph $G$ is called a perfect code of $G$ if $S$ is an independent set such that every vertex in $V(G) \backslash S$ is adjacent to exactly one vertex in $S$. In this paper, we compute the perfect codes on the zero-divisor Cayley graphs associated to residue class ring modulo $n$. In addition, the necessary and sufficient conditions for the perfect code acceptance on the zero-divisor Cayley graphs are also characterized.


Keywords: Zero-divisors, Cayley graphs, Zero-divisor Cayley graphs, Perfect codes, Ring.

## References:

1. Mudaber, M. H., Sarmin, N. H., \& Gambo, I. (2022). Perfect codes in unit graph of some commutative rings. Adv. Appl. Math. Sci, 21, 1895-1905.
2. 

Mudaber, M. H., Sarmin, N. H., \& Gambo, I. (2021). Perfect codes over induced subgraphs of unit graphs of ring of integers modulo n. WSEAS Transactions on Mathematics, 20, 399-403.
Devendra, J., Madhavi, L., \& Nagalakshumma, T. (2019) The zero-divisor Cayley graph of the residue class ring $\left(Z_{n p} \oplus \cup\right)$ ).Malaya Journal of Matematik, S, (1), 590-594.
4.

Huang, H., Xia, B., \& Zhou, S. (2018). Perfect codes in Cayley graphs. SIAM Journal on Discrete Mathematics, 32(1), 548559.


# Analytical Approximate Solutions of (n+1)-Dimensional Fractional Generalized M-Burgers Equation via Variational Homotopy Perturbation Method 

Md. Asaduzzaman ${ }^{1}$, Adem Kilicman ${ }^{2}$, Faruk Özger ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Islamic University, Bangladesh, Kushtia-7003, Bangladesh<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Universiti Putra Malaysia, 43400 Serdang, Selangor, Malaysia<br>${ }^{3}$ Department of Computer Engineering, Şehit Bülent Yurtseven Campus, Iğdır University, Iğdır, Türkiye<br>asad@math.iu.ac.bd<br>akilic@upm.edu.my<br>farukozger@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The models with fractional Burgers' equation has huge applications in literature and it is still need to make some researches on the solution procedures of those models. In this article, we apply variational homotopy perturbation (VHP) method for finding the analytical approximate solutions of the $(n+1)$-dimensional fractional generalized M-Burgers ( $(n+1)$-DFGMB) equation with force term. Here, we involve Caputo fractional derivative to fractionalize the $(n+1)$ dimensional generalized M-Burgers equation with force term. Moreover, here we apply the well-known Banach fixed point theorem for checking the existence and uniqueness of the obtained solutions of the considered $(n+1)$ dimensional FOGMB equation with force term. In this study, we confirm that the VHP method is more effective, straightforward and suitable than the homotopy perturbation (HP) method for obtaining the analytical approximate solutions of the $(n+1)$-DFGMB equation with force term. The result of this article is an extension of the corresponding results of Kilicman et al. (2021) and Sripacharasakullert et al. (2019). Finally, we provide some 2D and 3D figures for showing the graphical comparison between the obtained analytical approximate solutions and the corresponding exact solutions for different parameter's values.


Keywords: Caputo fractional derivative, $(n+1)$-DFGMB equation with force term, VHP method, Banach fixed point theorem, Analytical approximate solutions.

## References:

1. H. Bateman, Some recent researches on the motion of fluids, Mon. Weather Rev., 43 (4) (1915), 163-170.
2. M. Burgers, A mathematical model illustrating the theory of turbulence, in: Advances in Applied Mechanics, Elsevier, 1 (1948), 171-199.
3. K.M. Saad, E.H.F. Al-Sharif, Analytical study for time and time-space fractional Burgers' equation, Adv. Differ. Eqs. (2017). Article number 300.
4. S. Bendaas, Periodic wave shock solutions of Burgers equations, Cogent Math. Stat., 5 (1) (2017). Art. ID: 1463597.
5. M.S. Joshi, N.B. Desai, M.N. Mehta, Solution of the Burger's equation for longitudinal dispersion phenomena occurring in miscible phase flow through porous, Media, 44 (1) (2012), 12-16.
6. D.D. Ganji, Y. Sabzehmeidani, Nonlinear Systems in Heat Transfer, Mathematical Modeling and Analytical Methods, Elsevier Science, 2017.
7. A. Kilicman, R. Shokhand, P. Goswami, On the solution of $(\mathrm{n}+1)$-dimensional fractional M-Burgers equation, Alexandria Engineering Journal, 60 (2021), 1165-1172.
8. D.D. Ganji, H. Tari, M.B. Jooybari, Variational iteration method and homotopy perturbation method for nonlinear evolution equations, Computers and Mathematics with Applications, 54(2007), 1018-1027.
9. J.H. He, Variational iteration method-a kind of nonlinear analytical technique: Some examples, International Journal of Non-linear Mechanics, 34 (4) (1999), 699-708.

# Weighted and Voronovskaja type approximation by q-Sz'asz-Kantorovich operators involving Appell polynomials 

Md. Nasiruzzaman<br>Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science, University of Tabuk, PO Box-4279, Tabuk-71491, Saudi Arabia, mfarooq@ut.edu.sa


#### Abstract

In this article, we concentrate on the Sz' asz-Jakimovski-Leviatan operators imposed by Appell polynomials using qcalculus. We analyze the classical Sz' asz-Jakimovski-Leviatan-Kantorovich and derive the approximation results connected to the non-negative parameters $\varsigma \in[1 / 2, \infty)$ in $q$-analogue. In order to combining with the earlier investigation by utilizing the Korovkin's theorem we study the local as well as global approximation theorems in terms of uniform modulus of continuity of order one and two. We calculate the rate of convergence by using of Lipschitz-maximal functions. Moreover, theVoronovskaja-type approximation theorem is also calculated here.


Keywords: Sz'asz-Mirakyan operators; Appell polynomials; Generated exponential function; q-integer; q-calculus; Modulus of continuity; Rate of convergence

## References:

1. A.Alotaibi, M. Mursaleen, Approximation of Jakimovski-Leviatan-Beta type integral operators via q-calculus, AIMS Mathematics 5 2020, 3019-3034.
2. W.A. Al-Salam, q-Appell polynomials, Ann. Mat. Pura Appl. 4 1967, 31-45.
3. P. Appell, Une classe de polynºmes, Ann. Sci. ' Ecole Norm. Sup. 9 1880, 119144.
4. C ,Atakut, N. Ispir, Approximation by modified Sz'asz-Mirakjan operators on weighted spaces, Proc. Indian Acad. Sci. Math. Sci. 112 2002, 571-578.
5. A.D. Gadziev, Theorems of the type of P.P. Korovkin's theorems, . Mat. Zametki 20 1976, 781-786 (in Russian), Math. Notes. 20 1976, 995-998 (Engl. Trans.).


# On basicity of the exponential system in grand variable exponent Lebesgue spaces 

Mehmet Özükanar ${ }^{1}$, Fatih Şirin ${ }^{2}$, Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, mehmet.ozknr13@gmail.com yzeren@yildiz.edu.tr<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Halic University fatihsirin@halic.edu.tr

In this study, the basicity of the exponential and trigonometric systems are considered in grand variable Lebesgue space $L^{p \omega i j}(\Omega)$. These spaces unify two non-standard function spaces: a variable exponent Lebesgue space and a grand Lebesgue space. And it is not easy to study basicity in these type spaces. Because this space is not a separable space.

Keywords: variable exponent space, theory of close base, basicity, second-order discontinuous spectral problem.

## Acknowledgements:

This study has been supported by Yildiz Technical University Scientific Research Projects Unit (BAP) under Grant No. FYL-2023-5684

## References:

1. Zeren, Yusuf, MIQDAD ISMAILOV, and FATİH ŞíRIN. "On basicity of the system of eigenfunctions of one discontinuous spectral problem for second order differential equation for grand-Lebesgue space." Turkish Journal of Mathematics 44.5 (2020): 1595-1611. doi:10.3906/mat-2003-20.
2. Bilalov, Bilal T., and Zafar G. Guseynov. "Basicity of a system of exponents with a piecewise linear phase in variable spaces." Mediterranean journal of mathematics 9 (2012): 487-498.
3. Bilalov, Bilal T., Ali A. Huseynli, and Miran I. Aleskerov. "On the basicity of unitary system of exponents in the variable exponent Lebesgue spaces." (2017).
4. Meskhi, Alexander, and Yoshihiro Sawano. "Density, duality and preduality in grand variable exponent Lebesgue and Morrey spaces." Mediterranean Journal of Mathematics 15 (2018): 1-15.


# Investigating the Mesh Intensity Effect and Orthogonal Symmetry on Cup Drawing Simulations with an Emphasis on Solution Time and Earing Perspective 

<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mechanical Engineering, Sakarya University, ${ }^{2}$ ASAS Aluminium, Sakarya, ${ }^{3}$ Department of Manufacturing Engineering, Sakarya University of Applied Sciences,<br>melih.caylak@asastr.com ardaaksen@sakarya.edu.tr<br>ykutucu@sakarya.edu.tr gorkem.ozcelik@asastr.com<br>firat@sakarya.edu.tr<br>Abstract


#### Abstract

The intensity of the mesh is essential for correctly representing the behavior of materials under intricate forming processes, such as cup drawing tests. This study investigated the influence of varying mesh intensities on the computational efficiency and accuracy of simulations, with a specific emphasis on in-plane and out-of-plane meshed geometries along with the orthogonal symmetric feature often used in cup drawing tests. In addition, the study examined the impact of the anisotropic constitutive model Hill48 producing convex yield locus on the simulation outcomes. The results were assessed for the AA6061-T4 aluminum alloy sheet from an engineering perspective, including the earing profiles, punch force-displacement responses and solution times. An essential component of this inquiry was the evaluation of the GPU usage and solution time. The numerical results were compared with each other in order to distinguish the influence of the mesh discretization. As a result, the element intensity in-plane and out-of-plane significantly affected the solution time. Moreover, a substantial reduction in solution time was observed when the symmetrical features were regarded.


Keywords: Finite element analysis, plasticity modeling, Hill48 yield criterion, cup drawing, AA6061-T4 alloy

## References:

1. Habraken AM, Aksen TA, Alves JL, et al. "Analysis of ESAFORM 2021 cup drawing benchmark of an Al alloy, critical factors for accuracy and efficiency of FE simulations". International Journal of Material Forming, 15, 1-96, 2022.
2. Hill R. "A theory of the yielding and plastic flow of anisotropic metals". Proceeding of the Royal Society London A, 193A, 291-297, 1948.
3. Yoon JW, Barlat F, Dick RE, Karabin ME. "Prediction of six or eight ears in a drawn cup based on a new anisotropic yield function". International Journal of Plasticity, 22, 174-193, 2006.
4. Yoon JH, Cazacu O, Yoon JW, and Dick RE, "Earing predictions for strongly textured aluminum sheets," International Journal of Mechanical Science, vol. 52, pp. 1563-1578, 2010, https://doi.org/10.1016/j. ijmecsci.2010.07.005
5. Park T, Chung K. "Non-associated flow rule with symmetric stiffness modulus for isotropic-kinematic hardening and its application for earing in circular cup drawing." International Journal of Solids and Structures. 49 (25), 3582-3593. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijsolstr.2012.02.015

# On a System of Difference Equations of Fifth-Order 

Melike Dilbeyen ${ }^{1}$, Merve Kara ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Karamanoğlu Mehmetbey University, melikedilbeyen@gmail.com mervekara@kmu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

We investigate the following system of difference equations $$
\begin{aligned} & x_{n}=\frac{x_{n-8} y_{n-4} x_{n-5}}{y_{n-1} x_{n-2}\left(x_{n}+\beta_{n} x_{n-8} y_{n-4} x_{n-5}\right)}, \\ & y_{n}=\frac{y_{n-8} x_{n-4} y_{n-5}}{x_{n-1} y_{n-2}\left(y_{n}+\delta_{n} y_{n-8} x_{n-4} y_{n-5}\right)}, n \in \mathbb{N}_{0} \end{aligned}
$$


where $\left(\alpha_{n}\right),\left(\beta_{n}\right),\left(y_{n}\right)$ and $\left(\delta_{n}\right)$ are real sequences and initial values, $x_{k v}, y_{k_{n}} k=\overline{-5,-1}$ are real numbers. Firstly, we obtain the general solutions of mentioned system of difference equations. The solutions of the above system of difference equations are obtained when the parameters are constant. Additionally, the solutions are acquired when the parameters $\alpha$ and $\gamma$ are equal to 1 or not equal to 1 . In addition, we study the asymptotic behavior of the well- defined solutions of aforementioned system of difference equations. Finally, the forbidden set of the initial conditions is defined by using obtained formulas.

## References:

1. Alzubaidi, M. M. \& Elsayed, E. M. (2019). Analytical and Solutions of Fourth Order Difference Equations. Communications in Advanced Mathematical Sciences, 2(1), 9-21.
2. Ghezal, A. (2023). Note on a Rational System of $(4 k+4)$ - Order Difference Equations: Periodic Solution and Convergence, Journal of Applied Mathematics and Computing, 69, 2207-2215.
3. Kara, M. \& Yazlık, Y. (2020). On The System of Difference Equations. Journal of Mathematical Extension, 14(1), 41-59
4. Kara, M. \& Yazlık, Y. (2019). Solvability of a System of Nonlinear Difference Equations of Higer Order. Turkish Journal of Mathematics, 43(3), 1533-1535.
5. Kara, M., Yazlık, Y., Touafek, N. \& Akrour, Y. (2021). On A Three-Dimensional System of Difference Equations with Variable Coefficients. Journal of Applied Mathematics and Informatics, 39(3), 381-403.
6. Stević, S., Diblik, J., Irićanin, B. \& Smarda, Z. (2016). On A Fifth-Order Difference Equation.

Journal of Computational Analysis and Applications, 20(7), 1214-1227.
7. Tollu, D. T., Yazlık, Y. \& Taşkara, N. (2017). On a Solvable Nonlinear Difference Equation of Higher Order. Turkish Journal of Mathematics, 42(4), 1765-1778.
8. Touafek, N. (2021). On a General System of Difference Equations Defined by Homogeneous Functions. Mathematica Slovaca, 71(3), 697-720.
9. Yazlık. Y. \& Güngör, M. (2019). On The Solvable Nonlinear Difference Equation of Sixth-Order. Journal of Science and Arts, 47(2), 399-414.

# Sampling Algorithms for the Pattern-avoiding Inversion Sequences 

Melis Gezer ${ }^{1}$, Gökhan Yıldırım ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Bilkent University, melis.gezer@bilkent.edu.tr gokhan.yildirim@bilkent.edu.tr


#### Abstract

An inversion sequence of length $n$ is an integer sequence $e=e_{1} \ldots e_{n}$ such that $0 \leq e_{i}<i$ for each $0 \leq i \leq n$. We use $I_{n}$ to denote the set of inversion sequences of length $n$. Let $[k]:=\{0,1, \ldots, k-1\}$ denote the alphabet and $\tau$ be a word of length $k$ over this alphabet. We say that an inversion sequence $e \in I_{n}$ contains the pattern $\tau$ if there is a subsequence of length $k$ in $e$ that is order isomorphic to $\tau$; otherwise, $e$ avoids the pattern $\tau$. For instance, $e=00221515 \in I_{8}$ avoids the pattern 0321 because there is no subsequence $\varepsilon_{i} e_{j} e_{k} e_{l}$ of length four in $e$ with $i<j<k<l$ and $e_{i}<e_{i}<e_{k}<e_{j}$. On the other hand, $e=01124216$ contains the patterns 0321 because it has subsequences $0---421$ - order isomorphic to 0321 . For a given pattern $\tau$, we let $I_{n}(\tau)$ denote the set of all $\tau$ avoiding inversion sequences of length $n$. Pattern-avoiding inversion sequences have been systematically studied by researchers during the last decade, see [1-6] and references therein. We provide sampling algorithms for pattern-avoiding inversion sequences and specifically apply them to the classes $I_{n}(0312), I_{n}(0321), I_{n}(0221)$, and $I_{n}(0212)$. Based on our random samples, we study some statistics such as the number of zeros, the number of distinct elements, the number of repeated elements, the maximum elements, and the number of left-to-right maximum elements. By using these sampling algorithms, we obtain training data and train a neural network to make predictions whether a given sequence contains a specific pattern or not. This project was partially supported by Tübitak-Ardeb grant no 120F352. The numerical calculations were partially performed at TUBITAK ULAKBIM, High Performance and Grid Computing Center (TRUBA resources).


Keywords: inversion sequences, pattern avoidance, random sampling

## References:

1. Mansour, T., Shattuck, M. (2015). Pattern avoidance in inversion sequences. Pure Mathematics and Applications, 25(2), 157-176. doi:10.1515/puma-2015-0016
2. Corteel, S., Martinez, M. A., Savage, C. D., \& Weselcouch, M. (2016). Patterns in inversion sequences I. Discrete Mathematics \& Theoretical Computer Science, Vol. 18 no. 2, Permutation...(Permutation Patterns). doi:10.46298/dmtcs. 1323
3. Kotsireas, I., Mansour, T., Yıldırım, G. (2024). An algorithmic approach based on generating trees for enumerating patternavoiding inversion sequences. Journal of Symbolic Computation, 120, 102231. doi:10.1016/j.jsc.2023.102231
4. Mansour, T., Yıldırım, G. (2023). Inversion sequences avoiding 021 and another pattern of length four. Discrete Mathematics \& Theoretical Computer Science, 25:2(Combinatorics). doi:10.46298/dmtcs. 10444
5. Hong, L., Li, R. (2022). Length-four pattern avoidance in inversion sequences. The Electronic Journal of Combinatorics, 29(4). doi:10.37236/10948
6. Kitaev, S. (2011). Patterns in permutations and words. Springer Science Business Media.

# A New Analytic Framework for Arithmetic Integrals: Proving the Prime Number Theorem 

Metehan Turan ${ }^{1}$, Serkan Onar ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematical Engineering, Yildiz Technical University, metehan.turan@yildiz.edu.tr serkan10ar@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The Prime Number Theorem, stating that the number of prime numbers less than x approximates $\frac{x}{\log (x)}$, forms a cornerstone of analytic number theory. We establish a framework where, given a monotonically increasing arithmetic function $\alpha$ and a monotonically decreasing analytic function $\beta$, there exists a differentiable and continuous analytic function $\eta$ such that, for all x in the domain $\int \quad \alpha(x) \beta(x) d x=\int \quad \eta(x) \beta(x) d x$ under a strong hypothesis $\eta(x) \sim \alpha(x)$. Utilizing this, a new proof of the Prime Number Theorem is provided. Moreover, the framework shows potential as a tool for formulating analytical counterparts to arithmetic functions in number theory.


Keywords: Analytic number theory, Arithmetic functions, Prime numbers

## References:

1. Newman, D. J. (1980). Simple Analytic Proof of the Prime Number Theorem. The American Mathematical Monthly, 87(9), 693-696.
2. Hadamard, J. (1896). Sur la distribution des zéros de la fonction $\zeta(\mathrm{s})$ de Riemann et ses conséquences arithmétiques. Bulletin de la Société Mathématique de France, 24.
3. Eberl, M., \& Paulson, L. C. (2018). The prime number theorem. Archive of Formal Proofs.
4. Kapoor, V. (2011). Asymptotic formulae for arithmetic functions (Doctoral dissertation, University of British Columbia).
5. Avigad, J., Donnelly, K., Gray, D., \& Raff, P. (2007). 'A'formally verified proof of the prime number theorem. ACM Transactions on Computational Logic (TOCL), 9(1), 2-es.
6. Harrison, J. (2009). Formalizing an analytic proof of the prime number theorem. Journal of Automated Reasoning, 43, 243261.


# Higher Order of Conformable Frational Shehu Transform, Generalization and its Application 

Mohamed Elarbi Benattia<br>Department of Mathematics, High Training School of Teacher's. Mostaganem - Algeria<br>mohamed.benattia74@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

In present work, we have been interested to generalizing the higher order of the Shehu transform to the conformable fractional which have been demonstrated, and we use it to find the general analytical solutions of conformable fractional differential equations with variable coefficients and a systems of fractional differential equations in the case nonhomogeneous. The illustrative examples indicate that the used transform is effective and applicable for solving the most difficult problems.


Keywords: Conformable fractional derivative, Conformable fractional Shehu transform, System of fractional differential equations.

## References:

1. Shehu Maitama, Weidong Zhao. New Integral Transform: Shehu Transform a Generlization of Sumudu and Laplace Transform For Solving Differential Equations.International Journal of Analysis and Applications. 2 (2019). 167-190.
2. M. Elarbi Benattia K. Belghaba. Shehu Conformable Fractional Transform: Theories And Applications. Journal of Sciences and Engineering. 18(1). 2021,24-32.
3. Fernando S. Silva, Davidson M. Moreira, Marcelo A. Moret. Conformable Laplace Transform of Fractional Differential Equations. Axioms. 7, 3 (2018),55;doi.org/10.3390/axioms7030055.
4. R. Belgacem, Khan , D. Baleanu , , A. Bokhari. Shehu Transform And Applications To Caputo -Fractional Differential Equations. International Journal of Analysis and Applications. 17(2019),917-927.


# Halpern-Type Inertial Iteration Methods with Self-Adaptive Step Size for Split Common Null Point Problem 

Mohammad Dilshad<br>Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science, University of Tabuk, PO Box-4279, Tabuk-71491, Saudi Arabia, mdilshad@ut.edu.sa


#### Abstract

In this paper, two Halpern-type inertial iteration methods with self-adaptive step size are proposed for estimating the solution of split common null point problems (SpCNPP) in such a way that the Halpern iteration and inertial extrapolation are computed simultaneously in the beginning of each iteration. We prove the strong convergence of sequences driven by the suggested methods without estimating the norm of bounded linear operator when certain appropriate assumptions are made. We demonstrate the efficiency of our iterative methods and compare them with some related and wellknown results [1,2,3,4]using relevant numerical examples.


Keywords: split common null point problem; Halpern; inertial; self adaptive algorithms; strong convergence.

## References:

1. Byrne, C.; Censor, Y.; Gibali, A.; Reich, S. Weak and strong convergence of algorithms for split common null point problem. J. Nonlinear Convex Anal. 2012, 13, 759-775.
2. Kazmi, K.R.; Rizvi, S.H. An iterative method for split variational inclusion problem and fixed point problem for a nonexpansive mapping. Optim. Lett. 2014, 8, 1113-1124
3. Akram, M.; Dilshad, M.; Rajpoot, A.K.; Babu, F.; Ahmad, R.; Yao, J.-C. Modified iterative schemes for a fixed point problem and a split variational inclusion problem. Mathematics 2022, 10, 2098
4. Dilshad, M.; Akram, M.; Ahmad, I. Algorithms for split common null point problem without pre-existing estimation of operator norm. J. Math. Inequal. 2020, 14, 1151-1163.


# Lupas Bernstein-Kantorovich operators using Jackson and Riemann type ( $\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}$ )-integrals. 

Mohammad Iliyas, Rameez A. Bhatt, Asif Khan, M. Mursaleen<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Aligarh Muslim University, iliyas2695@gmail.com<br>bhatrameez91@gmail.com<br>asifjnu07@hotmail.com<br>mursaleenm@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this paper, Lupas Bernstein-Kantorovich operators have been studied using Jackson and Riemann type (p, q)integrals. It has been shown that ( $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ ) -integrals as well as Riemann type ( $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ )-integrals are not well defined for $0<\mathrm{q}<\mathrm{p}<1$ and thus further analysis is needed. Throughout the paper, the case $1 \leq \mathrm{q}<\mathrm{p}<\infty$ has been used. Advantages of using Riemann type ( $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ )-integrals are discussed over general ( $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ )-integrals. Lupas Bernstein-Kantorovich operators constructed via Jackson integral need not be positive for every $f \geq 0$. So, to make these operators based on general ( $p, q$ )integral positive, one needs to consider strictly monotonically increasing functions, and to handle this situation Lupas Bernstein-Kantorovich operators are constructed using Riemann type (p, q)-integrals. However, Lupas (p, q)-BernsteinKantorovich operators based on Riemann type (p, q)-integrals are always positive linear operators. Approximation properties for these operators based on Korovkin's type approximation theorem are investigated. The rate of convergence via modulus of continuity and function of f belonging to the Lipschitz class is computed.


Keywords: ( $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ )-integers, Riemann type ( $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ )-integrals, Lupas ( $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ )-Bernstein-Kantorovich operators, Korovkin type approximation, modulus of continuity.

## References:

1. T. Acar, A. Aral, S.A. Mohiuddine, On Kantorovich modification of (p, q)-Baskakov operators, Jour. Ineq. Appl., 2016: 98.
2. T. Acar, A. Aral, S.A. Mohiuddine, On Kantorovich modification of (p, q)-Bernstein operators, Iranian Jour. Sci. Techn., Trans. A: Sci., 42(3) (2017) 1459-1464.
3. Q.-B. Cai, G. Zhoub, On (p, q)-analogue of Kantorovich type Bernstein-Stancu-Schurer operators, Appl. Math. Comput., 276(5) (2016) 12--20.
4. M.N. Hounkonnou, J.D.B. Kyemba, R(p, q)-calculus:differentiation and integration, SUT Journal of Mathematics, 49(2) (2013) 145-167.


# ON $s_{l}$-OPEN SETS IN IDEAL TOPOLOGICAL SPACES 

Mohammed Jaadan ${ }^{1}$, Amin Saif ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Education, University of Saba Region, Mareb, Yemen, ${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Sciences, Taiz University, Taiz, Yemen<br>mohummedragehjaadaan@gmail.com<br>alsanawyamin@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

This paper presents the concept of $S_{r}$-open set and explores its relationship with other known sets. The $S_{i}$-open sets are introduced as a new class of sets, and their properties and characteristics are examined. Additionally, the interior operator and closure operator are studied in relation to the class of $S_{r}$-open sets. The findings contribute to a deeper understanding of the $S_{t}$-open sets and their implications in the field of topological spaces.


Keywords: SI-open set, interior and closure operators, ideals.

## References:

1. J. Dontchev, Contra-continuous functions and strongly S-closed spaces, Int. J. Math. Math. Sci., 19, (1996), 303-310.
2. F. Arenas, J. Dontchev and M. Puertas, Idealization of some weak separation axioms, Acta Math. Hungar., 89(1), (2000), 47-53.
3. E. Ekici and T. Noiri, On subsets and decompositions of continuity in ideal topological spaces, Arab. J. Sci. Eng. Sect. A Sci. 34, (2009), 165-177.
4. W. Al-Omeri, M. Noorani, and A. Al-Omari, on e-I-open sets, e-I-continuoues functions and decomposition of continuity, Journal of Mathematics and Applications, 38, (2015), 15-31.
5. T. Noiri, A. Al-omari and M. Noorani, Weak forms of $\Omega$-open sets and decompositions of continuity, European Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics. 1, (2009), 73-84.
6. N. Levine, Semi-open sets and semi-continuity in topological spaces, Amer. Math. Monthly, 70, (1963), 36-41.
7. E. Ekici, On ACI -sets, BCI -sets, $\beta * \mathrm{I}$-sets and decompositions of continuity in ideal topological spaces, Creat. Math. Inform, 20(1), (2011), 47-54.
8. E. Hatir, A note on $\delta \alpha$ - I-open sets and semi* - I-open sets, Math. Commun. 16, (2011) 433-445.


# Solving AL-Hasani Differential Equation by Adomian Decomposition Method 

Mohammed Mohsen ${ }^{1}$, Yahya Qaid ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Education, University of Saba Region, Mareb, Yemen, alhassnymohammed31@gmail.com<br>yahya217@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

This paper introduces the Hassani differential equation, a novel extension of both Chebyshev's and Hermit's differential equations. The Adomian decomposition method is employed to solve this newly proposed equation. Additionally, the paper presents the Hasani polynomials. Several examples are provided to demonstrate the effectiveness of the Adomian decomposition method in solving the Hassani differential equations.


Keywords: Hasani Differential Equation, Chebyshev Differential Equation, Hermite Differential Equation.

## References:

1. H. M. Ahmed. Numerical solutions for singular lane -Emden Equations using shifted Chebyshev polynomials of the first kind, Contemporary Mathematics, 4(1), (2023), 132-149.
2. M. Alabdullati. Adomian decomposition method for nonlinear reaction-diffusion system of LotkaVolterra type, International Mathematical Forum, 2(2), (2007), 87-96.
3. R.Askey, J. Wimp. Associated Laguerre and Hermite polynomials, Proc. Roy. Soc. Edinburgh Sect. A, 96(12), (1984), 15-37.
4. Y.Q. Hasan, Solving second order ordinary differential equations with constant coefficients by Adomian decomposition method, JCAAM., 7(4), (2009), 70-378.
5. S.Gh. Othman and Y.Q. Hasan, New development of Adomian Decomposition Method for solving second order ordinary differential Equations, EPH-International Journal of Mathematics and Statistics, 6(2), (2020), 28-48.
6. S.S. Salim and Y.Q. Hasan, By Adomian Decomposition Method solving the second order ordinary differential equations with singular points, International Journal of Recent Scientific Research, 13(5), (2022), 1247-1250.


# On the Hop Domination Number of Fuzzy Graphs 

Haifa Ahmed ${ }^{l}$, Mohammed Alsharafi ${ }^{3}$, Saad Tobaili ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Aden University, Yemen<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, Turkey<br>${ }^{3}$ Department of Mathematics, Hadhramout University, Mukalla, Yemen<br>haifaahmed010@gmail.com<br>alsharafi205010@gmail.com<br>saadaltobaili@yahoo.com<br>Abstract


#### Abstract

Let $G=(V, \mu, \rho)$ a fuzzy graph. A subset $H \subseteq V(G)$ of a fuzzy graph $G$ is a hop-dominating set of $G$ if every $\nu \in V-H$ is a hop dominated by at least one vertex in $H$. The minimum cardinality of a hop-dominating set of $G$ is called a hop-domination number of $G$ and is denoted by $\gamma_{h}(G)$. In this paper, we initiate the study on the hop domination number of a fuzzy graph. We obtain some bounds on the hop domination number. We also characterize the family of paths, trees, and cyclic graphs. We determine the hop number $\gamma_{h}(G)$ for several classes of fuzzy graphs and obtain Nordhaus-Gaddum-type results for this parameter. Further, some bounds of $\gamma_{n}(G)$ are investigated. Also, the relations between $\gamma_{n}(G)$ and other known parameters in fuzzy graphs are investigated.


Keywords: fuzzy graph, hop number, hop-domination number.

## References:

1. S. Tobaili, H. Ahmed, M. Alsharafi. An Analysis of Hub Number in Various Fuzzy Graphs. Commun. Combin., Cryptogr. \& Computer Sci., 2, (2023), 110-119.
2. V. Ramaswmy. Product fuzzy graph, Int. Jon. of Com. Sci. and Net.Sec, 9(1), (2009), pp. 114-118.
Q.M. Mahioub. Domination in product fuzzy graph, ACMA, 1(2), (2012), pp. 119-125.
E. Sampathkumar. The global Domination Number of A Graph, Jour. Math. Phy. Sci. 23(5), (1989), 377-385.
M. Q Shubatah, H. Ahmed. The Global Domination Number in Product Fuzzy Graphs, EPH, International Journal of Mathematics and Statistics, (2020), 60-76.


# Modified Adomian decomposition method for the Solution of the Partial Differential Equations in the First-order 

Mubark Saleh Yahya Raanal , Yahya Qaid Hasan²<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Al Baydha University, Yemen,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Saba Region University, Yemen, ranhmbark@gmail.com yahya217@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

This paper explores the applicability of the Modified Adomian Decomposition Method (MADM) for solving first-order partial differential equations, encompassing both singular and non-singular cases. We present a comprehensive discussion on the utilization of the Adomian Decomposition Method (ADM) for tackling this class of equations. Subsequently, illustrative examples are provided to demonstrate the efficacy of ADM in obtaining solutions for both singular and non-singular first-order partial differential equations.


## Keywords:

Modified Adomian Decomposition Method (MADM), Adomian Decomposition Method (ADM), First-order PDE; singular and nonsingular PDE.

## References:

1. G. Adomian, Solving Frontier Problems of Physics, The Decomposition Method, Kluwer, Boston (1994).
2. Y.Q. Hasan. Solving first-order ordinary differential equations by Modified Adomian decomposition method, Advances in Intelligent Transportation Systems (AITS), 1(4), (2012) 2167-6399.
3. O.H. Lerma, Modified Decomposition Method with New Inverse Differential Operators for Solving Singular Nonlinear IVPs in First- and Second-Order PDEs Arising in Fluid Mechanics, International Journal of Partial Differential Equations Dep of Mech Eng, 7, (2014).
4. A. M. Wazaz, A First Course in Integral Equation, World Scientific, Singapore (1997).


# Numerical Study of Nanofluid Flow through a Porous Stretchable Surface in the Existence Motile Microorganisms Subject to Convective Boundary Conditions 

Muhammad Abdul Basit ${ }^{1}$, Muhammad Imran ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2Department of Mathematics, Government College University Faisalabad, Pakistan mabdulbasit50581@gcuf.edu.pk drmimranchaudhry@gcuf.edu.pk


#### Abstract

Nanotechnology booming day by day and have number of applications in the field of engineering especially in the heat and mass transfer domain. In this work, nanofluid flow through a stretching surface under the influences of various physical parameters namely thermal radiation, activation energy and motile microorganisms is scrutinized. Most importantly the impact of convective boundary conditions is considered. The basic goal is to evaluate the increment in heat and mass transfer numerically due to the presence of motile microorganisms. For mathematical treatment, the model is developed in the form of partial differential equations along with boundary conditions then this model transformed into ordinary differential equations by making use of suitable similarity variables. Finally, numerical outcomes are computed by implementing 'bvp4c' built command of MATLAB with the aid of shooting approach. Evaluated results are presented graphically and described in the results and discussion section adjacently numeric values are tabulated in the tables. From results the increment in the flow profiles are noticed due to the involvement of porosity and bioconvection Rayleigh number variables. Also at the end our computed results are validated with published results in comparison table.


Keywords: Stretching Surface, Maxwell Nanofluid, Numerical Analysis, Porous media, Convective Boundary Conditions.

## References:

1. Choi, S. U. S. (1998). Nanofluid technology: current status and future research (No. ANL/ET/CP-97466). Argonne National Lab.(ANL), Argonne, IL (United States).
2. Ahmed, S. E., Mohamed, R. A., Abd Elraheem, M. A., \& Soliman, M. S. (2019). Magnetohydrodynamic Maxwell nanofluids flow over a stretching surface through a porous medium: effects of non-linear thermal radiation, convective boundary conditions and heat generation/absorption. International Journal of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, 13(6), 436-443.
3. Sharma, R., Hussain, S. M., Raju, C. S. K., Seth, G. S., \& Chamkha, A. J. (2020). Study of graphene Maxwell nanofluid flow past a linearly stretched sheet: A numerical and statistical approach. Chinese Journal of Physics, 68, 671-683.
4. Salawu, S. O., Fatunmbi, E. O., \& Okoya, S. S. (2021). MHD heat and mass transport of Maxwell Arrhenius kinetic nanofluid flow over stretching surface with nonlinear variable properties. Results in Chemistry, 3, 100125.
5. Prasannakumara, B. C. (2021). Numerical simulation of heat transport in Maxwell nanofluid flow over a stretching sheet considering magnetic dipole effect. Partial Differential Equations in Applied Mathematics, 4, 100064.

# Generalization of Hermite-Hadamard-Mercer Type Inequalities for Generalized Convex Functions on the Co-ordinates with Their Computational Analysis 

Muhammad Toseef ${ }^{1 *}$, Abdul Mateen ${ }^{1}$ and Huseyin Budak ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Ministry of Education Key Laboratory for NSLSCS, School of Mathematical Sciences, Nanjing Normal University, Nanjing, 210023, China,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science and Arts, Duzce University, Duzce-Turkey,

toseefrana95@gmail.com
aabdulmateen1996@gmail.com
hsyn.budak@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this paper, we establish Jensen-Mercer Inequality for coordinated h-convex functions. Hermite-Hadamard-Mercer type inequalities for h-convex functions on the co-ordinates on the rectangle from the plane are obtained, with the help of newly established inequality. The generalization of Hermite-Hadamard-Mercer type inequalities for generalized convex functions on coordinates enriches the theoretical foundation of convex analysis and provides valuable tools for solving optimization problems and analyzing data. We conduct a computational analysis to illustrate the applicability and effectiveness of the generalized inequalities in practical scenarios on the coordinates.


Keywords: Jensen Inequality, Jensen Mercer Inequality, Hermite-Hadamard-Mercer type inequalities, coordinated convex functions

## References:

1. S. S. Dragomir, On the Hadamard's inequality for convex functions on the co-ordinates in a rectangle from the plane. Taiwanese Journal of Mathematics, 2001, 5 (4) 775-788.
2. M. A. Latif, M. W. Alomari, On Hadamard-type inequalities for h-convex functions on the co-ordinates. International Journal of Mathematical Analysis, 2009, 3 (33), 1645-1656.
3. M. Toseef, Z. Zhang, M. A. Ali, Refinement of Jensen Inequality and Hermite-Hadamard-Mercer Type Inequalities for coordinated convex functions with their applications. Journal of Mathematical Analysis in Applied Sciences. (Submitted)
4. M. Alomari, Mercer's Inequality for h-convex functions. Turkish Journal of Inequalities, 2018, 2 (1), 38-41.
5. A.M. Mercer, A variant of Jensen Inequality. Journal of Inequalities in Pure and Applied Mathematics, 2003, 6 (4), 73.


# On Generalized I.V-m Convex Functions and Associated Fractional Integral Inequalities 

Muhammad Zakria Javed ${ }^{1}$, Muhammad Uzair Awan ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Government College University, Faisalabad, Pakistan.<br>zakriajaved071@gmail.com<br>awan.uzair@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The main focus of the current study is to introduce the idea of generalized m-convex set based on a monotone mapping. This class of convex sets unifies several all ready known and new notion of convexity. Based on the significance our developed generalized m-convex set, we introduce the idea of generalize interval-valued (I.V) m-convex functions. Moreover, by considering the our proposed definition, we construct I.V Jensen inequality, unified fractional Hermite-Hadamard inequality, Hermite-Hadamard-Fejer inequality and its variant for the product of two generalized I.Vm convex functions. Later on we present some applications, graphical and numerical demonstration of our primary findings as well.


Keywords: m-convex set, m-convex functions, Fractional calculus, Jensen inequality, Hermite-Hadamard inequality.

## References:

1. G. TOADER, On a generalization of the convexity, Mathematica, 30, 53 (1988), 183-87.
2. Dragomir, S. S. (2002). On some new inequalities of Hermite-Hadamard type for $m$-convex functions. Tamkang journal of mathematics, 33(1), 45-56.


# The Risk Assessment of Wastewater Treatment with an Integrated Decision-Making Method 

Murat Kirişci ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Biostatistics and Medical Informatics, Istanbul University-Cerrahpaşa, mkirisci@hotmail.com


#### Abstract

The effectiveness of the traditional risk analysis approach is enhanced by the integration of fuzzy logic and Multi-Criteria Decision Making (MCDM) methods. Human decisions are ambiguous and blurred and do not fit to express with absolute numerical values. For this reason, using verbal variables in modeling human decisions is more realistic. This paper proposes a new fuzzy-based hazard evaluation approach to deal with the risk assessment process. The proposed methodology consists of MCDM with a fuzzy system, which includes a hybrid structure consists the Fermatean Fuzzy Analytic Hierarchy Process (FFAHP) method with cosine similarity and also the Neutrosophic Analytic Hierarchy Process (NFAHP) to support the facing of uncertainty in the risk assessment. This study aims to present a new integrated approach based on some MCDM methods in the FFS environment to recognize and rank environmental risks. The proposed approach can provide complete rankings and more logical results using the benefits of FFS.


Keywords: Risk Analysis, Group decision-making Fermatean Fuzzy Set, Neutrosophic Set, Envinronment, Sustainability

## References:

1. S. D., Attri, S., Singh, A., Dhar, and S. Powar. Multi-attribute sustainability assessment of wastewater treatment technologies using combined fuzzy multi-criteria decision-making techniques. Journal of Cleaner Production, 357, (2022), 131849.
2. T. Senapati and R.R. Yager, Fermatean Fuzzy Sets, Journal of Ambient Intelligence and Humanized Computing. 11 (2020) 663-674.
3. M. Kirişci. New Cosine Similarity and Distance Measures for Fermatean Fuzzy Sets and TOPSIS Approach, Knowledge and Information Systems 65 (2), (2023), 855-868


# Multi-Criteria Group Decision-Making with Application: Fermatean Fuzzy Soft Sets Approaches 

Murat Kirişci $i^{1}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Biostatistics and Medical Informatics, Istanbul University-Cerrahpaşa, mkirisci@hotmail.com


#### Abstract

This study presents a new algorithm for group decision-making solutions using Fermatean Fuzzy Soft Matrices (FFSMs), and experts give confidence weights. Fermatean Fuzzy Set (FFS) is a generalization of the intuitionistic fuzzy set (IFS) and the Pythagorean fuzzy set(PFS). Therefore, in real-life problems of uncertainty, the decision-making mechanism in FFS outcomes is better than IFS and PFS decision-making. Fermatean Fuzzy Soft Set (FFSS) is derived from the combination of FFS and Soft Set. FFSM is also the matrix representation of FFSSs. Based on the cardinalities of the FFSS, experts have been given a new method that assigns confident weight. Confident weight is given according to the experience and knowledge of each expert. The choice matrix and the combined choice matrix are created first for this process. FFSMs and choice matrices given for each expert are multiplied, and the matrices obtained are summed. Fermatean distance measurements were used to check the accuracy of the results by applying the algorithm. Problems with portfolio selection are ideally suited for multi-attribute decision-making algorithms. Within the multi-attribute decision-making paradigm, complicated subjective preferences and diversified financial indices influence investment decisions. The application of the algorithm based on an FFSM was selected for the investment portfolio selection problem.


Keywords:Group decision-making Fermatean Fuzzy Soft Set, Fermatean Fuzzy Soft Matrix, Distance measurements, Cardinal matrix, portfolio selection

## References:

1. M. Kirişci, Measures of Distances and Entropy Based on the Fermatean Fuzzy-Type Soft Sets Approach, Univ. J. Math. Appl. 7 (2024) 12-29.
2. T. Senapati and R.R. Yager, Fermatean Fuzzy Sets, Journal of Ambient Intelligence and Humanized Computing. 11 (2020) 663-674.
3. F. Feng, H. Fujita, M.A. Ali, R.R. Yager, and X. Liu. Another view on generalized intuitionistic fuzzy soft sets and related multi-attribute decision-making methods, IEEE Trans. Fuzzy Syst., 27 (3) (2017), 474-488


# A Note On $A_{a}^{j}$-Statistical Convergence <br> Mustafa Gülfirat ${ }^{1}$ <br> ${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Ankara University, mgulfirat@ankara.edu.tr 


#### Abstract

This study deals with a generalized statistical convergence via ideals. Let $A=\left(a_{n k}\right)$ be a non-negative regular summability matrix and $a=\left(a_{n}\right)$ be a positive non-increasing sequence. First of all, we define the concepts of $A_{a}^{j}-$ statistical convergence and $A_{a}^{J^{x}}$-statistical convergence. We then present a result that $A_{a}^{J^{x}}$-statistical convergence implies $A_{a}^{J}$-statistical convergence.


Keywords: $\mathcal{J}^{\mathcal{T}}$-convergence, $A_{\Omega}^{J}$-statistical convergence, $A_{\alpha}^{J^{*}}$-statistical convergence.

## References:

1. O. Duman, M.K. Khan and C. Orhan, A-statistical convergence of approximating operators, Math. Inequalities and Appl. 6 (2003) 689-699.
2. O. H. Edely and M. Mursaleen, On A-statistical convergence and A-statistical Cauchy via ideal. Carpathian Math. Publ. 14(2) (2022) 442-452.
3. M. Gülfirat, A-statistical convergence with a rate and applications to approxima-tion, Filomat, 36(15) (2022) 5323-5335.
4. E. Savaş, P. Das and S. Dutta, A note on strong matrix summability via ideals. Appl. Math. Lett. 25(4) (2012) 733-738.


# A Result Concerning The Summability 

Mustafa Gülfirat ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Ankara University, mgulfirat@ankara.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Buck gave that a sequence that is $C_{1}$-summable to its limit superior is statistically convergent. Some statistical analogues of the result were given by Orhan and Khan in 1997 and by Demirci in 1998. Motivated by these results, we obtain a new result for the $A$-statistical convergence with the rate of $0\left(a_{n}\right)$ where $A=\left(a_{n k}\right)$ is a non-negative regular summability matrix and $a=\left(a_{n}\right)$ is a positive non-increasing sequence.


Keywords: $A$-statistical convergence, $A$-statistical convergence with the rate of $o\left(a_{n}\right), A$-summability

## References:

1. R. C. Buck, Generalized asymptotic density, American Journal of Mathematics, 75(2) (1953) 335-346.
2. K. Demirci, A-Statistical Convergence and Multiplier Spaces, Ankara University, Ph.D. Thesis, 1998.
3. O. Duman, M.K. Khan and C. Orhan, A-statistical convergence of approximating operators, Math. Inequalities and Appl. 6 (2003) 689-699.
4. J. Fridy and C. Orhan, Statistical limit superior and limit inferior, Proc. Amer. Math. Soc. 125(12) (1997) 3625-3631.
5. M. Gülfirat, A-statistical convergence with a rate and applications to approxima-tion, Filomat, 36(15) (2022) 5323-5335.


# Deferred Statistical Convergence in Partial Metric Spaces 

Nazlım Deniz Aral ${ }^{1}$, Hacer Şengül Kandemir ${ }^{2}$, Mikail Et ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Bitlis Eren University,<br>${ }^{2}$ Faculty of Education, Harran University, ${ }^{3}$ Department of Mathematics, Firat University, ndaral @ beu.edu.tr<br>hacer.sengul@hotmail.com<br>mikailet68@gmail.com


#### Abstract

\section*{Abstract}

Partial metric space and basic properties of this space were given by Matthews as a generalization of the usual concept of metric space. In this study, we investigate the concept of deferred statistical convergence and deferred strongly Cesaro summability in partial metric spaces. Also, some inclusion relations between these concepts are given.


Keywords: Deferred statistical convergence, Cesaro convergence, Partial metric space.

## References:

1. S.G. Matthews, Partial metric topology, Ann. New York Acad. Sci. 728 (1994) 183-197.
2. M. Küçükaslan, M. Yılmaztürk On deferred statistical convergence of sequences, Kyungpook Math. J. 56 (2016), 357366.
3. F. Nuray, Statistical convergence in partial metric spaces, Korean J. Math. 30(1) (2022) 155-160.


# Land Price Prediction Using Machine Learning 

Nebiye Gedik ${ }^{1}$, Özgür Yıldırım ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, ozgury @yildiz.edu.tr<br>nebiyecorekci3@hotmail.com


#### Abstract

In the study models built on land pricing in certain locations were analyzed with the help of machine learning. In this context, many models have been produced and the model that gives the best results has been determined. The supervised and unsupervised learning algorithms are also studied.


Keywords: Machine Learning, Land Price Prediction, Regression

## References:

1. Abigail Bola Adetunji, Oluwatobi Noah Akande, Funmilola Alaba Ajala, Ololade Oyewo, Yetunde Faith Akande, Gbenle Oluwadara.House Price Prediction using Random Forest Machine Learning Technique.ScienceDirect Procedia Computer Science 199(2022) 806-813.
2. Mehar Vijh, Deeksha Chandola, Vinay Anand Tikkiwal, Arun Kumar.Stock Closing Price Prediction using Machine Learning Techning Techniques. ScienceDirect Procecia Computer Science 167 (2020) 599-606.
3. Quang Truong, Minh Nguyen, Hy Dang, Bo Mei.Housing Price Prediction via Improved Machine Learning Techniques. ScienceDirect Procecia Computer Science 174 (2020) 433-442.
4. Yılmazel Özgür, Afşar Aslı, Yılmazel Sibel (2018), Konut Fiyat Tahmininde Yapay Sinir Ağları Yönteminin Kullanılması.


# Different Constructions of the Pentagon Fractal by Escape Time Algortihm 

Nisa ASLAN<br>Department of Mathematics, Eskişehir Technical University, Türkiye nisakucuk@eskisehir.edu.tr


#### Abstract

There are different types of methods to construct the self-similar sets. Iterated function systems (IFS), L-systems, escape time algorithm can be given the examples of these methods. In this study, we aim to obtain Pentagon fractal by using expanding and different folding mappings via escape time algorithm.


Keywords: Pentagon fractal, escape time algorithm, Iterated function system

## References:

1. N. Aslan, M. Saltan and B. Demir, A different construction of the classical fractals via escape time algorithm, Journal of Abstract and Computational Mathematics 3(4) (2018) 1-15.
2. M. F. Barnsley, Superfractals, Cambridge University Press: New York, USA, 2012.
3. M. F. Barnsley, Fractals Everywhere, San Diego, CA, USA: Academic Press, 1988.
4. P. Prusinkiewicz, Graphical applications of L-systems, Proceedings of graphics interface (1986), 247-253.
5. H. O.Peitgen, H. J"urgens and D. Saupe, Chaos and fractals; New frontiers of science, Springer-Verlag, 2004.


# Existence Resultsfor Mixed Type Fractional Boundary Value Problem 

Noureddine Bouteraa<br>Oran Graduate School of Economics, Laboratory of Fundamental and Applied Mathematics of Oran (LMFAO), University of Oran1, Ahmed Benbella. Algeria

bouteraa-27@hotmail.fr


#### Abstract

Fractional differential equations including both left and right fractional derivatives are also attracting much attention, there are many results on boundary value problems concerning mixed fractional derivatives of different types. For instance we refer the reader to $[3,4]$.

The concept of the conformable fractional derivative was introduced in 2014 by Khalil et al. [2]. Benmezai et al. [1] introduced in 2019 a new fixed point theorem using strongly positive-like operators and then apply their fixed point theorem to a nonlinear fractional differential equation involving Riemann-Liouville derivative. In this paper, we introduce the concept of the conformable fractional derivative in such mixed nonlinear fractional boundary value problem and apply their recent fixed point theorem to our problem.


Keywords: Conformable fractional derivative, Fractional differential equations, Existence, Nonexistence, fixed point theorem.

## References:

. A. Benmezai, S. Chentout and J. Henderson, Strongly positive-like operators and eigenvalue
2. criteria for existence and nonexistence of positive solutions for a-order fractional boundaryvalue problems, J. Nonlinear Funct. Anal. (2019), Article ID 24, 1-14.
3. R. Khalil, M. A. Horani, A. Yousef and M. Sababheh, A new definition of fractional derivative.J. Comput. Appl. Math. 264 (2014), 65-70.
4. E. T. Karimov and B. H. Toshtemirov. Tricomi type problem with integral conjugation condition for a mixed type equation with the hyper-Bessel fractional differential operator, Bulletenof the Institute of Mathematics, 4(1) 9-14, (2019).
5. B. Toshtemirov. Frankl-type problem for a mixed type equation associated hyper-Bessel differential operator. Montes Taurus J. Pure Appl. Math. 3(3), 2021, pp. 327-333.


# Conjugate Gradient Method Associated with Smoothing Technique to Solve Image Restoration Problems 

Nurullah Yılmaz ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Süleyman Demirel University, nurullahyilmaz@sdu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this study, total variation and $l_{1}$-norm regularization-based non-smooth image restoration problems are considered. Two new-generation smoothing techniques are modified for the regularization terms. A smoothing conjugate gradient method (SCGM) is proposed by combining the conjugate gradient method with new generation smoothing techniques. A numerical algorithm for the SCGM is provided. Additionally, numerical applications of the algorithm to test images with various types of noise are demonstrated and the results are compared with similar algorithms. Experimental results show the effectiveness of the proposed algorithm.


Keywords: Nonlinear conjugate gradient algorithm, smoothing function, image restoration.

## References:

1. Chen, X., \& Zhou, W. (2010). Smoothing nonlinear conjugate gradient method for image restoration using nonsmooth nonconvex minimization. SIAM Journal on Imaging Sciences, 3(4), 765-790.
2. Peyré, G. (2011). The numerical tours of signal processing-advanced computational signal and image processing. IEEE Computing in Science and Engineering, 13(4), 94-97.
3. Wu, C., Zhan, J., Lu, Y., \& Chen, J. S. (2019). Signal reconstruction by conjugate gradient algorithm based on smoothing 11 -norm. Calcolo, 56(4), 42.
4. Cao, J., \& Wu, J. (2020). A conjugate gradient algorithm and its applications in image restoration. Applied Numerical Mathematics, 152, 243-252.
5. Ma, G., Lin, H., Jin, W., \& Han, D. (2022). Two modified conjugate gradient methods for unconstrained optimization with applications in image restoration problems. Journal of Applied Mathematics and Computing, 68(6), 4733-4758.


# A Smoothing Newton Algorithm for Solving Nonlinear Complementarity 

Nurullah Yılmaz ${ }^{1}$, Pınar Değirmenci ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Süleyman Demirel University, nurullahyilmaz@sdu.edu.tr<br>pnrdgrmnc12@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this study, we deal with solving the nonlinear complementarity problem (NCP). We first reformulate the NCP problem as a system of non-smooth and non-linear equations. Then, we propose two different types of smoothing functions for the new formulation of the NCP. The relations between the original and smoothing problems are analyzed. A new smoothing Newton algorithm is developed to solve smoothed problems, and the efficiency of our algorithm is illustrated by some numerical examples. Finally, the comparison of the obtained results with the same-class methods is presented.


Keywords: Nonlinear complementarity problem, Smoothing functions, Newton algorithms.

## References:

1. H.-D. Qi and Z.-Z. Liao, A smoothing Newton method for general nonlinear complementarity problems, Computational Optimization and Applications, 17, (2000) 231-253.
2. C. Ma and X. Chen, The convergence of a one-step smoothing Newton method for P0-NCP based on a new smoothing NCP-function, Journal of Computational and Applied Mathematics, 216(1), (2008) 1-13.
3. Q. Li and D. H. Li, A smoothing Newton method for nonlinear complementarity problems. Advanced Modeling and Optimization, 13(2), (2011) 141-152.
4. J. Zhu and B. Hao, Y. A non-monotone inexact regularized smoothing Newton method for solving nonlinear complementarity problems. International Journal of Computer Mathematics, 88(16), (2011) 3483-3495.
5. J. Zhang and K. C. Zhang, A variant smoothing Newton method for P0-NCP based on a new smoothing function. Journal of Computational and Applied Mathematics, 225(1), (2009) 1-8.


# Direct Scattering Problem of Discontinuous Sturm-Liouville Operator on the Positive Half Line 

Özge Akçay ${ }^{l}$, Nida Palamut Koşar ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Computer Engineering, Munzur University, ${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics and Science Education, Gaziantep University ozge.akcy@gmail.com<br>npkosar@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this work, we consider Sturm-Liouville operator with piecewise continuous coefficient and transmission conditions at some point on the positive half-line. The new integral representation of Jost solution is given. The scattering data of this problem is investigated. The resolvent operator is constructed and the eigenfunction expansion formula of this boundary value problem is obtained.


Keywords: Sturm-Liouville equation, direct scattering problem, scattering data, eigenfunction expansion.

## References:

1. O. Akcay, On the investigation of a discontinuous Sturm-Liouville operator of scattering theory, Math. Commun. 27(1) (2022) 33-45.
2. Ö. Akçay, Inverse scattering problem for Sturm-Liouville operator with discontinuity conditions on the positive half line, Int. J. PureAppl. Sci. 7(3) (2021) 401-409.
3. Kh. R. Mamedov and N. P. Kosar, Inverse scattering problem for Sturm-Liouville operator with nonlinear dependence on the spectral parameter in the boundary condition, Math. Meth. Appl. Sci. 34(2) (2011) 231-241.
4. Kh. R. Mamedov and N. P. Kosar, Continuity of the scattering function and the Levinson type formula of a boundary value problem, Int. J. Contemp. Math. Sci 5(4) (2010) 159-170.
5. V. A. Marchenko, Sturm-Liouville Operators and Applications, AMS Chelsea Publishing, Providence, Rhode Island, 2011.


# Computation of H-Bases via Full QR Decomposition 

Özlem Altunbezel ${ }^{1}$, Sibel Cansu ${ }^{2}$, Uğur Ustaoğlu ${ }^{3}$, Erol Yılmaz ${ }^{4}$<br>1,2,3,4 Department of Mathematics, Bolu Abant İzet Baysal University, altunbezelozlem@gmail.com<br>kilicarslan_s@ibu.edu.tr<br>ugur.ustaoglu@ibu.edu.tr<br>yilmaz_e2@ibu.edu.tr

An H-basis is a specific generating set for a polynomial ideal. In this study, we describe a method to compute Hbasis which is based on the computing a basis for the module of syzygies using full QR -decomposition of matrices. We illustrate the method by several examples.

Keywords: H-basis, Syzygy, QR Decomposition.

## References:

1. Möller, H.M., Sauer, T.: H-bases for polynomial interpolation and system solving. Adv. Comput. Math. 12(4), 335-362 (2000).
2. Möller, H.M., Sauer, T.: H-bases II: Applications to numerical problems. In: Cohen, A., Rabut, C.,Schumaker, L.L. (eds.) Curve and Surface fitting: Saint-Malo 1999, pp. 333-342. Vanderbilt University Press, Nashville (2000).
3. Cox D, Little J, O'Shea D. Ideals, varieties, and algorithms. An introduction to computational algebraic geometry and commutative algebra. 3rd ed. New York (NY): Springer; 2007.
4. Amir Hashemi \& Masoumeh Javanbakht (2018): Computing H- bases via minimal bases for syzygy modules, Linear and Multilinear Algebra.
5. Masoumeh Javanbakht \& • Tomas Sauer (2019): Numerical computation of H-bases, BIT Numerical Mathematics (2019) 59:417-442.


# Trace Regularization Problem for a Fourth Order Differential Operator on Separable Banach Space 

Özlem Bakşi $i^{1}$, Yonca Sezer ${ }^{2}$, Seda Kızılbudak Çalışkan ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University,<br>baksi@yildiz.edu.tr<br>ysezer@yildiz.edu.tr<br>skizilb@yildiz.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In our study, we derive second regularized trace formula of the fourth-order operator with unbounded operator coefficient on Banach space.


Keywords: Separable Banach space, Dense embedding, Trace class operator, Regularized Trace, Resolvent operator.

This research was supported by Scientific Research Project Coordination Unit of Yıldız Technical University (Project ID:5985, Project Code FBA-2024-5985).

## References:

1. O. Baksi, Y. Sezer, "The second regularized trace of even order differential operators with operator coefficient", 36,4,1069-1080, FILOMAT, 2022
2. E. Gül, T.L. Gill, "Regularized trace for operators on a separable Banach space", Mediterr. J. Math. 19, 156, 2022.
3. C.F. Yang, "Trace formulae for the Matrix Schrodinger Equation with Energy-dependent Potential" Journal of Mathemtical Analysis and Applications, 393/2 p.526-533, 2012.


# Dickson Collocation Method For Approximate Solutions Of Mass-Spring System with Two Freedom Degree 

Suayip Yuzbasi ${ }^{1}$, Ozlem Karaagacli ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Bartin University, Bartin, Turkey, ${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Akdeniz University, Antalya, Turkey,<br>suayipyuzbasi@gmail.com<br>ozlem.karaagacli@hotmail.com


#### Abstract

In this paper, the approximate solutions of freedom vibration equations of the mass-spring system with two freedom degree are investigated. The system is modeled by a system of the second order linear ordinary differential equations. To obtain approximate solutions, a collocation method based on the Dickson polynomials is presented. The forms of approximate solutions and their derivatives are expressed in the matrix forms. By aiding of the required matrix forms and collocation points, the problem is reduced to a system of algebraic linear equations. Numerical applications are made to demonstrate the effectiveness and practicability of the technique. The results obtained are compared with the results of other methods in literature. The calculations for the example have been made using MATLAB.


Keywords: Approximate solutions, Collocation method, Collocation points, Dickson polynomials, The mass-spring system with two freedom degree, Vibration equations.

## References:

1. Kurt, A., Yalcinbas, S., \& Sezer, M., İki Serbestlik Dereceli Kütle-Yay Sisteminin Fibonacci Matris Yöntemi İle Serbest Titreşim Analizi, Theoretical and Applied Mechanical Turkish National Committee, Manisa. (2013) 408-419.
2. Zhuo, M., Xia, M., \& Sun, Q., Analytical solution of a mass-spring system containing shape memory alloys: Effects of nonlinearity and hysteresis. International Journal of Solids and Structures, Vol. 171, (2019) 189-200.
3. Yildizhan, I., Kurkcu, O. K., \& Sezer, M., A numerical approach for solving pantograph-type functional differential equations with mixed delays using Dickson polynomials of the second kind. Journal of King Saud University-Science, 18(3) (2018) 667-680.,


# A New Approach to Ostrowski Inequalities on Time Scale with Nabla Calculus 

Lütfi Akın ${ }^{1}$, Öznur Çıtrık ${ }^{2}$, Ayşe Sena Aball ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Business Administration,Mardin Artuklu University, lutfiakin@artuklu.edu.tr oznursuleymanogluu@gmail.com aysenabali45@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The theory of time scales has recently become prominent in many disciplines of the scientific world. It has become the field of study of many researchers working in mathematics and economics, physics, optics, engineering, and other fields. In this study, we bring a new approach to the generalized Ostrowski inequality using the nabla calculus on time scales.


Keywords: Time scale, Ostrowski inequality, Nabla calculus.

## References:

1. Ostrowski, A."Uber die Absolutabweichung einer Differenzierbaren Funktion von Ihrem Integralmittelwert, Commentarii Mathematici Helvetici, 1937, vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 226-227. DOI: 10.1007/BF01214290.
2. Hassan, A., Khan, A. R., Mehmood, F. and Khan, M. BF-Ostrowski Type Inequalities via ---Convex Functions, International Journal of Computer Science and Network Security, 2021, vol. 21, no. 10,pp. 177-183. DOI: 10.22937/IJCSNS.2021.21.10.24
3. Hassan, A., Khan, A. R., Mehmood, F. and Khan, M. Fuzzy Ostrowski Type Inequalities via h-Convex,Journal of Mathematical and Computational Science, 2022, vol. 12, pp. 1-15. DOI: 10.28919/jmcs/6794.
4. Bohner, M., Khan, A. R., Khan, M., Mehmood, F. and Shaikh, M. A. Generalized Perturbed Ostrowski-Type Inequalities, Annales Universitatis Mariae Curie-Sklodowska, Sectio A Mathematica, 2021,vol. 75, no. 2, pp. 13-29. DOI: 10.17951/a.2021.75.2.13-29.


# Normal Differential Operators for First Order in the Weighted Hilbert Spaces 

Pembe Ipek Al ${ }^{1}$, Zameddin I. Ismailov ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Karadeniz Technical University, ipekpembe@gmail.com<br>zameddin.ismailov@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The relationship between the formal normality properties of the minimal operator generated by the differential operator expression and operator coefficient of this differential operator expression is established in this work. Later on, the general form of all normal extensions of the minimal operator in the weighted Hilbert space of vector-functions on finite interval is found. Finally, the structure of spectrum of these type extensions is investigated.


Keywords: Weighted Hilbert space, formal normal and normal operator, extension, spectrum.

Acknowledgement: The present research was supported by the TÜBİTAK (Project Number: 123F039), the Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey.

## References:

1. V. I. Gorbachuk and M. L. Gorbachuk, Boundary Value Problems for Operator Differential Equations, Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht (1991).
2. Z. I. Ismailov, Compact inverses of first-order normal differential operators, Journal of Mathematical Analysis and Applications, 320(1), 266-278 (2006).
3. J. von Neumann, Allgemeine eigenwerttheorie hermitescher funktionaloperatoren, Math. Ann. 3102, (1929-1930) 49131 (in German).
4. F. S. Rofe-Beketov and A. M. Kholkin, Spectral Analysis of Differential Operators, World Scientific Monograph Series in Mathematics, World Scientific Publishing Co. Pte Ltd., New Jersey (2005).
5. A. Zettl and J. Sun, Survey article: self-adjoint ordinary differential operators and their spectrum, Rocky Mountain Journal of Mathematics, 45(3), (2015) 763-886.


# Mathematical Modeling by Machine Learning and Improvement Suggestions 

Filiz Kanbay ${ }^{1}$, Pinar Dasdemir ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, fkanbay @yildiz.edu.tr<br>pinardasdemir1@gmail.com


#### Abstract

Machine learning algorithms have been applied on many fields such as finance, data mining, banking, and automotive sector, health for classification, prediction, clustering [1]. There are plenty of studies in the literature on the subject [2], [3]. In this study, "Early Stage Diabetes Risk Prediction" data set from the UCI Machine Learning Repository generated by Islam et al. was used; the dataset contains some diabetic information about 520 people with 15 categorical and 1 numerical totaly 16 attributes and 2 labels [4], [5]. Machine learning models were created by various machine learning algorithms such as K-Nearest neighbor, Naive bayes, Support vector machines, Random Forest, Decision trees and Boosting algorithms. In order to maximize the model performance metrics, the hyperparameters of the machine learning algorithms were investigated by grid search. As a result, model achievements were compared each other.


Keywords: Machine learning, k-nearest neighbor algorithm, random forest algorithm, support vector machines, Naive bayesian algorithm.

This study was supported by Yildiz Technical University Scientific Research Projects Coordination Unit. Proje Number: FYL-2024-6295.

## References:

1. Alpaydin, E. (2020). Introduction to machine learning. MIT press.
2. Zaigham Mushtaq, Muhammad Farhan Ramzan, Sikandar Ali, Samad Baseer, Ali Samad, Mujtaba Husnain, "Voting Classification-Based Diabetes Mellitus Prediction Using Hypertuned Machine-Learning Techniques", Mobile Information Systems, vol. 2022, Article ID 6521532, 16 pages, 2022. https://doi.org/10.1155/2022/6521532
3. Şen, Özge \& Bozkurt, Sinem \& Keskin, Kemal. (2023). Early stage diabetes prediction using decision tree-based ensemble learning model. International Advanced Researches and Engineering Journal. 10.35860/iarej.1188039.
4. Islam, M. M., Ferdousi, R., Rahman, S., \& Bushra, H. Y. (2020). Likelihood prediction of diabetes at early stage using data mining techniques. In Computer vision and machine intelligence in medical image analysis (pp. 113-125). Springer, Singapore.
5. Early-Stage Diabetes Risk Prediction. (2020). UCI Machine Learning Repository. https://doi.org/10.24432/C5VG8H


# On Multiplication Module Over Non-commutative Rings 

Bayram Ali ERSOY ${ }^{1}$, QUSSAI HAJ HUSSEIN ${ }^{1,2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, Turkey<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Idlib University, Idlib, Syria<br>ersoya@yildiz.edu.tr<br>nasemalrouh20@gmail.com


#### Abstract

Multiplication modules have been widely studied over commutative rings, with numerous results characterizing their properties. However, the exploration of multiplication modules in the context of non-commutative rings has been comparatively limited. This paper aims to address this gap by conducting a thorough investigation into the key aspects of multiplication modules in the realm of non-commutative ring theory. We provide a definition of multiplication modules over non-commutative rings, wherein a module $M$ is multiplication if every submodule $N$ can be generated by an ideal of the ring R. Additionally, nilpotent submodules are defined as those submodules $N$ for which $N^{k}=0$ for some $k$ in $\mathbb{Z}$. A definition is also given for the product of submodules in multiplication modules under the condition that ideal multiplication is commutative in the ring. Through the derivation of various associated results, this work is a generalization of multiplication module theory to non-commutative settings.


Keywords: Multiplication modules, Product of submodules, non-commutative rings, Nilpotent.

## References:

1. Tuganbaev, A. A. (2003). Multiplication modules over non-commutative rings. Sbornik: Mathematics, 194(12), 18371864.
2. Tuganbaev, A. A. (2004). Multiplication modules. Journal of Mathematical Sciences, 123(2), 3839-3905.
3. Lam, T. Y. (1991). A first course in noncommutative rings (Vol. 131). New York: Springer-Verlag.
4. Çallıalp, F., \& Tekir, Ü. (2009). Değişmeli halkalar ve modüller. Birsen Yayınevi.
5. Burton, D. M. (1970). A first course in rings and ideals.
6. Sharp, R. Y. (2000). Steps in commutative algebra (No. 51). Cambridge University Press.
7. Dummit, D. S., \& Foote, R. M. (2004). Abstract algebra (Vol. 3). Hoboken: Wiley.
8. Yeşilot, G., \& Özavşar, M. (2012). Soyut cebir çözümlü problemleri. Nobel Akademik.


# On the solutions of a higher-order difference equation with quadratic term 

F. Hilal Gümüş ${ }^{1}$ and Raafat Abo-Zeid ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{\text {1. }}$ Department of Finance and Banking, School of Applied Sciences, Zonguldak Bülent Ecevit University, Zonguldak, Türkiye<br>${ }^{2}$. Department of Basic Science, The Higher Institute for Engineering \& Technology, Al-Obour, Cairo, Egypt,<br>gumus@beun.edu.tr<br>abuzead73@yahoo.com


#### Abstract

We aim to derive the closed-form solutions to a higher-order difference equation with arbitrary real parameters and arbitrary real initial conditions. We show that under certain conditions, every well-defined solution is unbounded, converging to zero or converging to a periodic solution. We show the existence of periodic solutions.


Keywords: Difference equations, stability, boundedness character, periodicity.

## References:

1. F. Hilal Gümüş and R. Abo-Zeid, On the qualitative and quantitative analysis for two fourth-order difference equations, J. Appl. Math. Comput. (2024).https://doi.org/10.1007/s12190-024-02010-w
2. M. Berkal and R. Abo-Zeid, On a rational (P+1)th order difference equation with quadratic term, Univers. J. Math. Appl., 5(4) (2022), 136-144.
3. R. Abo-Zeid, On the solutions of a higher order difference equation, Georgian Math. J., 27(2), (2020), 165-175.
4. R. Abo-Zeid, Forbidden set and solutions of a higher order difference equation, Dyn. Contin. Discrete Impuls. Syst. Ser. B Appl. Algorithms, 25 (2018), 75-84.


# Multidimensional Lacunary Statistical Convergence of Rough Variables in Trust 

Rabia Savaş<br>Department of Mathematics and Science Education, Istanbul Medeniyet University, Istanbul<br>rabiasavass@hotmail.com


#### Abstract

Li presented a definition of rough space in 2003. Also he served four kind kinds of convergence concepts for rough variable such as convergence almost surely, convergence in trust, convergence in mean and convergence in distribution. The goal of this paper is to present the notions of double lacunary statistical convergent sequence, double lacunary statistically Cauchy sequence for fuzzy variables in trust. Additionally, some results are examined.


Keywords: Double lacunary statistical convergence, double lacunary sequences, rough space, trust.

## References:

1. B. Avşar and E. Savaş, Statistical convergence of rough variables, Konuralp J. Math., 9 (2) (2021), 268-273.
2. H. Fast, Sur la convergence statistique, Colloq. Math., 2 (1951), 241-244.
3. J. Li, Inequalities and Convergence Concepts of Fuzzy and Rough Variables, Fuzzy Optim. Decis. Mak., 2 (2003), 87100.
4. M. Mursaleen and M. Basarir, Some sequence spaces of fuzzy numbers generated by infinite matrices, J. Fuzzy Math., 11 (2003), 757-764.
5. A. Pringsheim, Zur theorie der zweifach unendlichen zahlen folgen, Mathematische Annalen, 53 (1900), 289-321.


# Generalization of Asymptotically Deferred Equivalent Theorems 

Rabia Savaş<br>Department of Mathematics and Science Education, Istanbul Medeniyet University, Istanbul rabiasavass@hotmail.com


#### Abstract

In 1998 Kolk introduced the concept of B-statistical convergence by using a sequence of infinite matrices. By considering his definition, our goal is to present a natural combination of the definitions of B-statistical convergence and asymptotically deferred statistical equivalent sequences. To achieve this, we will examine which type of summability matrices preserve asymptotically deferred statistical equivalent sequences. Additionally, some important regularity type theorems will be presented.


Keywords: B- statistical convergence, rates of convergence, deferred Cesaro means, asymptotic regular matrix.

## References:

1. H. Fast, Sur la convergence statistique, Colloq. Math., 2 (1951), 241-244.
2. E. Kolk, Matrix summability of statistically convergent sequences, Analysis, 13 (1993), 77-83.
3. E. Kolk, Inclusion relations between the statistical convergence and strong summability, Acta Comment. Univ. Tartu. Math., 2 (1998), 39-54.
4. M. S. Marouf, Asymptotic equivalence and summability, International Journal of Mathematics and Mathematical Sciences, 16 (4) (1993), 755-762.


# Generation of Julia sets, Mandelbrot sets and Biomorphs using a new approximation method 

Rimsha Babar ${ }^{I}$, Wutiphol Sintunavarat ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics and Statistics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Thammasat University (Rangsit Center), Pathum Thani, Thailand<br>rimsha.bab@dome.tu.ac.th<br>wutiphol@mathstat.sci.tu.ac.th


#### Abstract

Fractals are known as the most engaging and charming field of study due to their unique characteristics and selfsimilarity. Iterative techniques have been demonstrated to significantly improve fractal formation. We present a novel method for visualizing Julia and Mandelbrot sets for complex polynomials of the form $G(z)=z^{m}+a z+b$, where $\boldsymbol{z}$ is a complex variable, $\boldsymbol{a}, \boldsymbol{b} \in \mathbb{C}$, and $\boldsymbol{m} \in \mathbb{N} \cup\{\mathbf{0}\}$. This work proposes a novel escape criterion for Julia and Mandelbrot sets using a recently proposed approximation technique. To generate biomorphs, we employ the escape time methodology and the proposed iteration method. We conduct graphical and numerical experiments to analyze how iteration parameters affect the geometry of created sets. Moreover, we examine the fascinating behavior of Julia and Mandelbrot sets for different $m$ for certain fixed input parameter values. The examples provided show how this modification may result in a wide range of shapes.


Keywords: Fractals, Julia sets, Mandelbrot sets, Biomorphs, Iterative methods.

## References:

1. C. Pickover, Biomorphs: Computer displayes of biological forms generated from mathematical feedback loops, Comput Graph Forum 5 (1986) 313.
2. A. Moudafi, Viscosity approximation methods for fixed-points problems, J. Math. Anal. Appl. 241 (2000) 46-55.
3. A. J-Bussea, M. W. Janowicz, L. Ochnioc, J. M. A. Ashbourn, Pickover biomorphs and non-standard complex numbers, Chaos, Solitons and Fractals, 113 (2018) 46-52.
4. S. Kumari, K. Gdawiec, A. Nandal, M. Postolache, R. Chugh, A novel approach to generate Mandelbrot sets, Julia sets and biomorphs via viscosity approximation method, Chaos, Solitons and Fractals 163 (2022) 112540.
5. S. Kumari, K. Gdawiec, A. Nandal, N. Kumar, R. Chugh, On the viscosity approximation type iterative method and its non-linear behaviour in the generation of Mandelbrot and Julia sets, Numer. Algor. 023 (2023) 01644.


# A New Generating Functions For Products of Some Numbers With Symmetric Functions 

Rokiya Sahali ${ }^{l}$, Ali Boussayoud ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Mohamed Seddik Ben Yahia University, rokasali18@gmail.com aboussayoud@yahoo


#### Abstract

In this paper, we introduce a new generating functions for the product of symmetric functions in several variables with (p,q)-numbers such as: (p,q)-Fibonacci, (p,q)-Lucas, (p,q)-Pell, (p,q)-Pell Lucas, (p,q)-Jacobsthal and (p,q)-Jacobsthal Lucas numbers.


Keywords: Symmetric functions, Generating functions, (p,q)-Fibonacci, (p,q)-Pell, (p,q)-Jacobsthal.

## References:

1. A. Abderrezzak, Generalisation de la transformation d'Euler d'une série formelle. Adv. Math. 103, 180-195, 1994.
2. A. Boussayoud, A. Abderrezzak, Complete homogeneous symmetric functions and Hadamard product, Ars Comb.144, 81-90, 2019.
3. H. Zerroug, A. Boussayoud, A. Abderrezzak, M. Kerada, Complete and elementary symmetric functions in several variables and orthogonal polynomials, Nonlinear Studies, 29(1), 329-346, 2022.
4. N. Saba, A. Boussayoud, A. Abderrezzak, Symmetric and generating functions of generalized (p,q)-numbers, Kuwait J. Sci., 48, 1-15, 2021.


# Applied model for increasing the security of work files used in the Industry 4.0 

Golev Angel ${ }^{1}$, Hristev Rosen ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Software Technology, University of Plovdiv Paisii Hilendarski, angelg@uni-plovdiv.bg<br>hristev@uni-plovdiv.bg


#### Abstract

Nowadays, the modeling is one of the basic tools applied in many practical areas such as Engineering. An industrial mathematics tool helps to improve the efficiency of the industry operation. The Industry 4.0 represents today's trend in the development of automation and data exchange in production technologies ([1],[2]). This includes cyber-physical systems, the Internet of Things and cloud computing Industry 4.0 creates the so-called smart factory. Industry 4.0 opens up new challenges to the industrial as well as to applied scientists. With the advent of Industry 4.0 , more and more enterprises in the manufacturing spheres are looking to go through automation processes, with the main objective of reducing production costs and increasing productivity. For these processes to exist, a constant exchange of data and work files between machines and highly skilled employees is required [3]. It requires an extensive application of the modern technologies such as Internet and Windows. Note the majority of production machines in factories are now supported by older versions of the Windows operating system, some of which even doesn't have security updates to the operating system to ensure seamless communication with other parts of the system. This in turn invariably leads to system vulnerabilities and increased risk of process downtime for longer periods of time [4]. Some of the official documentation on production machines recommends that a parallel IT infrastructure be built to ensure machine encapsulation and limit the opportunities for cyber attacks, explicitly stating that bringing the machine into a segmented network is not secure enough. This, in turn, leads to the complication of standard IT infrastructure workflows. The study proposes a working model by which the communication process between highly skilled employees and machines in production can be facilitated and automated without compromising security. The model involves an intermediate secure cloud server between the employee and the production machine to avoid direct communication. The purpose of the cloud server is to automate the process of communication, as well as provide the ability to restore the information data sets stored on employees and production machines. The paper proposes a rigorous method to calculate the required disk space on the intermediate server to ensure the recovery of information sets due to deletion or cyber attacks caused by malware. After integrating the proposed operating model, it is not necessary to create a parallel infrastructure to encapsulate the production machines, while not compromising the security of the IT infrastructure. The proposed model and methods could be applied not only to Industry 4.0. It could be the main goal of our research in the future.


Keywords: Industry 4.0, vulnerabilities, network, security, scientific modeling.

This research is funded by the Bulgarian National Science Fund under Project No. KP-06 PN 62/1, "Mathematical and Information Modeling of Dynamic Processes - New Theoretical Results, Research Methods, and Applications,".

## References:

1. M. Ram, Advances in Mathematics for Industry 4.0, 2020, Elsevier, https://doi.org/10.1016/C2018-0-04770-2
2. K. Vinitha, R. Ambrose Prabhu, Radhika Bhaskar, R. Hariharan, Review on industrial mathematics and materials at Industry 1.0 to Industry 4.0, Materials Today: Proceedings, vol. 33, 7, 2020, 3956-3960, doi.org/10.1016/j.matpr.2020.06.331.
3. Červený L, Sloup R, Červená T, Riedl M, Palátová P. Industry 4.0 as an Opportunity and Challenge for the Furniture Industry—A Case Study. Sustainability. 2022; 14(20):13325. https://doi.org/10.3390/su142013325
4. V. Mullet, P. Sondi and E. Ramat, "A Review of Cybersecurity Guidelines for Manufacturing Factories in Industry 4.0," in IEEE Access, vol. 9, pp. 23235-23263, 2021, doi: 10.1109/ACCESS.2021.3056650.

# Hopf Bifurcation Analysis of Time-Delay Zika Virus Model 

Rukiye Kara ${ }^{1}$, Müge Meyvacı ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Mimar Sinan Fine Arts University, rukiye.kara@msgsu.edu.tr muge.meyvacı@msgsu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

The Zika virus is transmitted to humans by mosquitoes and sexually, causing a disease known as Zika fever or Zika disease. The virus was first detected in a human in Nigeria in 1954, after being previously seen in monkeys in 1947. To develop a time-delayed dynamic model, an infection delay was added to an ODE model that describes the dynamics of the Zika virus spread between human and mosquito populations. The aim of this study is to investigate the stability and bifurcation of the endemic equilibrium with respect to a non-zero delay. If the delay exceeds a critical value, the system becomes unstable and experiences a Hopf bifurcation. The theoretical analysis is validated through numerical simulation.


Keywords: Stability, Hopf bifurcation, Modeling of epidemic disease.

## References:

1. Kucharski, A.J., Funk, S., Eggo, R.M., Mallet, H.-P., Edmunds, W.J., Nilles, E.J.: Transmission dynamics of zika virus in island populations: a modelling analysis of the 2013-14 french polynesia outbreak. PLoS neglected tropical diseases 10(5), 0004726 (2016).
2. Agusto, F.B., Bewick, S., Fagan, W.: Mathematical model of zika virus with vertical transmission. Infectious Disease Modelling 2(2), 244-267 (2017).
3. Biswas, S.K., Ghosh, U., Sarkar, S.: A mathematical model of zika virus transmission with saturated incidence and optimal control: A case study of 2016 zika outbreak in puerto rico. International Journal of Modelling and Simulation, 118 (2023).
4. Dohare, R., Kumar, M., Sankhwar, S., Kumar, N., Sagar, S.K., Kishore, J.: Sir-si mathematical model for zika virus progression dynamics in india: A case study. Journal of Communicable Diseases (E-ISSN: 2581-351X \& P-ISSN: 00195138) 53(2), 100-104 (2021).
5. Usman, S., Adamu, I.I., Babando, H.A.: Mathematical model for the transmission dynamics of zika virus infection with combined vaccination and treatment interventions. Journal of Applied Mathematics and Physics 5(10), 1964-1978 (2017).
6. Kammanee, A., Tansuiy, O.: A mathematical model of transmission of plasmodium vivax malaria with a constant time delay from infection to infectious. Communications of the Korean Mathematical Society 34(2), 685-699 (2019).
7. Rihan, F.A., Anwar, M.N., et al.: Qualitative analysis of delayed sir epidemic model with a saturated incidence rate. International Journal of Differential Equations (2012)
8. Liancheng, W., Xiaoqin, W.: Stability and hopf bifurcation for a seir epidemic model with delay. Advances in the Theory of Nonlinear Analysis and its Application 2(3), 113-127 (2018).
9. Moya, E.M.D., Plata, R.A.: Mathematical model for the zika epidemic using ordinary equations and with temporary delay. Proceeding Series of the Brazilian Society of Computational and Applied Mathematics 6(2) (2018).
10. Rakkiyappan, R., Latha, V.P., Rihan, F.A.: A fractional-order model for zika virus infection with multiple delays. Complexity 2019, 1-20 (2019).

# A Study on the Approximation by Generalized Max-Product Bleimann-Butzer-Hahn Operators of Fuzzy Numbers 

Saleem Yaseen Majeed ${ }^{l}$, Sevilay Kırcı Serenbay ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Garmian University, College of Education, Department of Mathematics, 46021, Kalar, Iraq<br>${ }^{2}$ Harran University, Faculty of Arts and Sciences, Department of Mathematics, 63300, Sanliurfa, Turkey saleem.yaseen@garmian.edu.krd<br>sevilaykirci@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this work, the max-product (non-linear) Bleimann-Butzer-Hahn operators were generalized to encompass any compact interval $\left[a_{n n}, b_{n}\right]$ such that $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} b_{n}=\infty, \lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{b_{n}}{n}=0$, as it was proven that they had the same order of uniform approximation as in the specific case of the interval $[0, \infty)$. Furthermore, it was proven that the monotonicity and shape properties were preserved by these operators on $\left[a_{n}, b_{n}\right]$ such that $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} b_{n}=\infty, \lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{b_{n}}{n}=0$. Moreover, for applications, a fuzzy number $\tilde{H}_{n}^{(M)}\left(\rho ;\left[a_{n}, b_{n}\right]\right)(t)$ was generated, preserving the support and the core of an arbitrary $\rho$ , and they were utilized through metrics $D_{C}$ to improve convergence estimates. Several direct conclusions were also obtained. Finally, a comparison and an illustrative graphic were presented, demonstrating how these operators converged to a fuzzy function.


Keywords: Non-linear Bleimann-Butzer-Hahn on [a_n,b_n], Improved estimation of approximation, shape-preserving properties..

## References:

1. A. I. Ban and L. Coroianu, Existence, uniqueness and continuity of trapezoidal approximations of fuzzy numbers under a general condition, Fuzzy Sets and Systems 257(2014) 3-22.
2. B. Bede, L. Coroianu and S. G. Gal, Approximation and shape preserving properties of the nonlinear Bleimann-ButzerHahn operators of max product kind, Comment. Math. Univ. Carol. 51(3)(2010) 397-415.
3. B. Bede, L. Coroianu and S. G. Gal, Approximation by max-product type operators, Springer, New York, 2016.
4. E. Acar, Ö.Ö.Güller and S. K. Serenbaya, Approximation by Nonlinear Bernstein Chlodowsky operators of Kantorovich type, Filomat, 37(14)(2023), 4621-4627.
5. S.M. Alavi, Nearest fuzzy number of type L-R to an arbitrary fuzzy number with applications to fuzzy linear system, Iranian Journal of Numerical Analysis and Optimization, 13(3) (2023) 532-552.


# Stepanov-Like Pseudo Almost Periodic Solution for Competitive and Cooperative Nicholson's Blowflies system 

Hajjaji Salsabil ${ }^{1}$, Chérif Farouk ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2, University of Sousse, Laboratory of Mathematical Physic, Specials Functions and Applications LR11ES35, Higher School of Sciences and Technology of Hammam Sousse, 4011, Hammam Sousse, Tunisia. faroukcheriff@yahoo.fr salsabilhajjaji@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this paper, we explore a type of competitive and cooperative Nicholson's blowflies systems. Using Lyapunov functional and analytical methods, we determine the conditions for the existence and exponential convergence of Stepanov pseudo almost periodic solutions. Additionally, we provide an example and numerical simulations to support our theoretical findings.


Keywords: exponential dichotomy, competitive and cooperative Nicholson's blowflies system, Stepanov-Like pseudo periodic.

## References:

1. Farouk Chérif. Pseudo almost periodic solution of nicholson's blowflies model with mixed delays. Applied Mathematical Modelling, 39, 042015.
2. William Gurney, Steve Blythe, and Roger Nisbet. Nicholson's blowflies revisited. Nature, 287:17-21, 081980.
3. Xinhua Hou and Lian Duan. New results on periodic solutions of delayed nicholson's blowflies models. Electronic Journal of Qualitative Theory of Differential Equations, 24, 032012.
4. AJ Nicholson. An outline of the dynamics of animal populations. Australian Journal of Zoology, 2(1):9, 1954.
5. Wentao Wang. Positive almost periodic solution for competitive and cooperative nicholson's blowflies system. AIMS Mathematics, 9(5):10638-10658, 2024


# An Investigation of Entire Topological Indices in Selected Graph Families. 

Sarah Alraddadi ${ }^{1}$, Buthinah A. Bin Dehaish ${ }^{2}$, Anwar Saleh ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Mathematics and Statistics, Jeddah University, sraddadi.stu@uj.edu.sa<br>bbindehaish@uj.edu.sa<br>asaleh1@uj.edu.sa


#### Abstract

In this research, we study some entire Zagreb indices by elucidating their behavior within three prominent graph families: subdivision graphs, central graphs, and corona products. We unveil the enigmatic properties of these complex structures by deriving explicit formulae for the first, second, and modified first entire Zagreb indices within each family. For subdivision graphs, we unveil a remarkably elegant expression unveiling the index's dependence on the base graph and its subdivision level. Central graphs yield a concise formula capturing the intricate interplay between the degree of the central vertex and the vertex degrees in the periphery. Finally, we traverse the complex network of corona products, revealing a formula that integrates the indices of the constituent graphs. Our findings offer valuable insights into the structural fingerprints encoded by entire Zagreb indices within these diverse graph families, paving the way for further exploration and applications in domains such as chemical modeling and network analysis.


Keywords: Modified first entire Zagreb index, first entire Zagreb index, second entire Zagreb index, forgotten entire Zagreb index, central graph of a graph, subdivision graph.

## References:

1. Alwardi, A., Alqesmah, A., Rangarajan, R., \& Cangul, I. N. (2018). Entire Zagreb indices of graphs. Discrete mathematics, algorithms and applications, 10(03), 1850037.
2. Mondal, S., De, N., Siddiqui, M. K., \& Pal, A. (2020). Topological properties of para-line graph of some convex polytopes using neighborhood M-polynomial. Biointerface research in applied chemistry, 11(3), 9915-9927.
3. Alsinai, A., Alwardi, A., Ahmed, H., \& Soner, N. D. (2021). Leap Zagreb indices for the Central graph of graph. Journal of Prime Research in Mathematics, 17(2), 73-78.
4. Saleh, A., \& Alsulami, S. H. (2024). On the Entire Harmonic Index and Entire Harmonic Polynomial of Graphs. Symmetry, 16(2), 208.


# Solving Congruence Equations through Imprimitive Actions 

Seda Öztürk<br>Department of Mathematics, Karadeniz Technical University, seda.ozturk@ktu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In the paper, it is shown that for all primes numbers $p$ of the form $p \equiv 1(\bmod 4)$ and for all integers $x$ there exist some integers $y$ such that $x^{2}+y^{2} \equiv 0(\bmod p)$, by using an imprimitive action of the modular subgroup $\Gamma_{0}(p)$ on the set $\left\{\left.\frac{k}{l p} \right\rvert\, k_{n}, l \in \mathbb{\mathbb { Z }},(k, l p)=1\right\}$ with respect to the group $\Lambda_{p}(p)$.


Keywords: Congruence equations, imprimitive action, modular subgroup, prime numbers.

## References:

1. Biggs, N. L., White, A. T. Permutation groups and combinatorial structures, LMS Lect. Note Ser., CUP, Cambridge (1979).
2. Jones, G. A., Singerman, D., \& Wicks, K. The modular group and generalized Farey graphs, LMS Lect. Note Ser. 160 (1991) 316-338.
3. Öztürk, S., Kesicioğlu, Y., \& Şengül, H. Solutions of congruence equations via an imprimitive action of some modular subgroups. Advanced Studies: Euro-Tbilisi Mathematical Journal, 16 (3) (2023), 139-143.


# On the Asymptotic Behaviour of the Unstable Bloch Eigenvalues of a Polyharmonic Matrix Operator 

Sedef Karakılıç, Sedef Özcan², Setenay Akduman ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Dokuz Eylül University,<br>${ }^{, 3}$ Department of Mathematics, İzmir Demokrasi University,<br>sedef.erim@deu.edu.tr<br>sedef.taskin@deu.edu.tr<br>setenay.akduman@idu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

We explore the asymptotic behaviour of the so-called unstable Bloch eigenvalues of the Polyharmonic matrix operator $(-\Delta)^{1}+V(x)$ with $\frac{1}{2}<l<1$, in the single resonance domain which is a subset of resonance domain- the set of eigenvalues situated close to the diffraction hyperplanes. The single resonance domain approaches full measure asymptotically across the entire resonance domain. In our analysis, we discover a significant trend: as energy levels increase, the eigenvalues are related to those of a Sturm-Liouville operator. Our methodology builds upon perturbation theoretic techniques developed by Veliev, which is presented in [1].


Keywords: Perturbation theory, system of poyharmonic operators, eigenvalue, asymptotic, resonance domain.

## References:

1. Veliev, O. A., Multidimensional periodic Schrödinger operator: Perturbation theory and applications, Springer, Vol. 263 (2015).
2. Karakılıç, S. and Akduman, S., On the eigenvalues of a polyharmonic matrix operator near diffraction planes, AIP conference Proceedings 2321, 030017 (2021); https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0040407.
3. Karakılıç, S., Perturbation of the Non-Resonance Eigenvalue of a Polyharmonic Matrix Operator, DEU FMD, 22(66) (2020) 725-733;https://doi.org/10.21205/deufmd. 2020226607.
4. Veliev, O. A., On the spectrum of the Schrödinger operator with periodic potential, Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR., Vol. 268, No. 6 (1983).


# Empowering Preservice Teachers: Integrating Digital Tools for College-Level Mathematics Instruction 

Selim Yavuz<br>Indiana University<br>syavuz@iu.edu


#### Abstract

In an era marked by technological advances, the integration of digital tools into university-level mathematics teaching has become increasingly vital. The study examines the selection and integration strategies that secondary mathematics teacher candidates use to enhance the teaching and learning experience in higher education. The study aims to explore the symbiotic relationship between technology and pedagogy, showcasing innovative approaches and best practices for effectively using digital tools in college-level mathematics courses. The study navigates the evolving landscape of mathematics education, where digital tools empower preservice teachers to shape the future of learning in higher education.


Keywords: Digital Tools, College-Level Mathematics, Preservice Teachers, Integration Strategies, Technology in Education

## References:

1. Harland, D. J., Pérez, Y., \& Toledo, C. (2012). A call for the use of technology within mathematics and science preservice teacher methods courses. In Developing technology-rich teacher education programs: Key issues (pp. 357-377). IGI Global.
2. Niess, M. L. (2005). Preparing teachers to teach science and mathematics with technology: Developing a technology pedagogical content knowledge. Teaching and teacher education, 21(5), 509-523.
3. Mishra, P., \& Koehler, M. J. (2006). Technological pedagogical content knowledge: A framework for teacher knowledge. Teachers college record, 108(6), 1017-1054.
4. Dick, T. P., \& Hollebrands, K. F. (2011). Focus in high school mathematics: Technology to support reasoning and sense making (pp. xi-xvii). Reston, VA: National Council of Teachers of Mathematics.


# A Novel Pentagonal Formation: Exploring the Properties of the Isosceles Pentagon and Isosceles Pentagon Prizm (Bird House) 

Selim Yavuz<br>Indiana University<br>syavuz@iu.edu


#### Abstract

This study introduces novel pentagonal formations for both 2D and 3D shapes, namely the Isosceles Pentagon (İkizkenar Beşgen) and Isosceles Pentagon Prism (Bird House) (İkizkenar Beşgen Prizma (Kuş Evi)). The Isosceles Pentagon is distinguished by its unique symmetry, comprising two isosceles right triangles and three equilateral triangles. The central point, denoted as "S," maintains equal distances from each vertex.

This study aims to elucidate the properties of these innovative 2D and 3D shapes and explore their potential applications within the geometry curriculum. By analyzing their geometric characteristics and structural attributes, we endeavor to provide insights into the rich mathematical concepts embodied by these formations. Additionally, we discuss the relevance and implications of incorporating these shapes into educational contexts, offering new perspectives for geometric instruction and exploration.

Keywords: Geometry, Pentagonal Formations, Isosceles Pentagon, Isosceles Pentagon Prism, Geometric Properties, Mathematical Exploration

\section*{References:} 1. ARNAS, Y. A., \& ASLAN, A. G. D. (2010). Children's classification of geometric shapes. Çukurova Üniversitesi Sosyal Bilimler Enstitüü̈ Dergisi, 19(1), 254-270. 2. Jorge, J. A., \& Fonseca, M. J. (1999, September). A simple approach to recognise geometric shapes interactively. In International Workshop on Graphics Recognition (pp. 266-274). Berlin, Heidelberg: Springer Berlin Heidelberg. 3. Laga, H., Mortara, M., \& Spagnuolo, M. (2013). Geometry and context for semantic correspondences and functionality recognition in man-made 3D shapes. ACM Transactions on Graphics (TOG), 32(5), 1-16. 4. Mucke, E. P. (1994). Shapes and implementations in three-dimensional geometry. University of Illinois at UrbanaChampaign.




# On Modified Diophantine Equation of Balancing Numbers 

Selin Sarr ${ }^{1}$, Gül Karadeniz Gözeri ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Institue of Graduate Studies in Sciences, Istanbul University,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science, Istanbul University,<br>selin.sari@ogr.iu.edu.tr<br>gulkaradeniz@istanbul.edu.tr


#### Abstract

The terms of the sequence of balancing numbers $n$ are the solutions of the Diophantine equation


$$
1+2+\cdots+(n-1)=(n+1)+\cdots+(n+r)
$$

for some positive integers $r$, which is called the balancer of $n$ [1]. In this study, we examine a new Diophantine equation constructed by making a slight modification to the Diophantine equation given above. Also, we investigate some basic properties of the new integer sequence obtained by using this Diophantine equation and derive algebraic identities that the terms of this sequence provide. Moreover, we present some algebraic relations between this sequence and the other integer sequences.

Keywords: Balancing numbers, Diophantine equation, Integer sequence.

This study supported by the Scientific and Technological Research Council of Türkiye (TÜBİTAK), grant number 123 F048.

## References:

1. A . Behera and G.K. Panda, On the square roots of triangular numbers, Fibonacci Quarterly 37(2) (1999) 98-105.
2. G.K. Panda and P.K. Ray, Cobalancing numbers and cobalancers, Int. J. Math. Math. Sci. 8 (2005), 1189-2000.
3. R.K. Davala and G.K. Panda, Subbalancing numbers, Matematika 34(1) (2018) 163-172.
4. R.K. Davala and G.K. Panda, Supercobalancing numbers, Matematika 32 (1) (2016), 31-42.
5. S. Sarı and G. Karadeniz-Gözeri, $b_{3}$-Subbalancing and $b_{2}$-Lucas subbalancing numbers, Filomat 37(22) (2023), 7623-7639.


# Approximation Of Schwartz Differentiable Functions Of Several Variables By The Sequence Of Integral Operators 

Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{1}$, Senanur Benli ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, yzeren@yildiz.edu.tr senabenli77@gmail.com


#### Abstract

The problem of approximation of differentiable functions by the sequences of integral operators with positive kernels were studied by many authors. This stuy is devoted to approximation of functions of several variables having derivatives


in Schwartz sense.

Let $R^{m}$ be the m-dimensional Euclidean space of points $x=\left(x_{1}, \ldots, x_{m}\right),\|x\|^{2}=\sum_{i=1}^{m} x_{i}^{2}$.
Recall that a function $\mathrm{f}: R^{m m} \rightarrow R$ defined in a neigbourhood of fixed point $x_{0} \in R^{m m}$
Has a Schwartz derivative $f_{6}^{f}\left(x_{0}\right)$, if

$$
f\left(x_{0}+h\right)-f\left(x_{0}-h\right)=2 f_{6}^{0}\left(x_{0}\right) h+o(h), \quad h \rightarrow 0
$$

And has a second Schwartz derivative $f_{6}^{f t}\left(x_{0}\right)$, if

$$
f\left(x_{0}+h\right)-2 f\left(x_{0}\right)+f\left(x_{0}-h\right)=f_{6}^{t g}\left(x_{0}\right) h h+o\left(|h|^{2}\right) \quad h \rightarrow 0
$$

Keywords: integral oparators, Schwartz derivatives, generalized derivatives.

## References:

1. Zeren Y., Approximation of functions, having derivatives in generalized sense, by the sequences of integral operators.
2. Butzer, P.L. Rolf J. Nessel (1971) Fourier Analysis and Approximation, Academic Press, New York and London.
3. Korovkin, P.P. (1960), Linear Positive Operators and Aproximation, Acdemic Press, New York and London.
4. Akın L., İntegral Operatör Aileleriyle Genelleştirilmiş Türevlere Yaklaşim.


# Investigation of Traveling Wave Solutions of Combined pKP-BKP equation 

Sercan ŞEN ${ }^{l}$, Melih ÇINAR ${ }^{2}$, Yusuf ZEREN ${ }^{3}$<br>1,2,3 Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, seco-kale@hotmail.com mcinar@yildiz.edu.tr yzeren@yildiz.edu.tr


#### Abstract

This study delves into the realm of nonlinear partial differential equations, focusing on the analysis of traveling wave solutions of the potential Kadomtsev-Petviashvili and B-type Kadomtsev-Petviashvili (pKP-BKP) equations. This equation describes interactions between exponentially localized structures and has been used as a model for shallow water fluctuations and for the electrostatic wave potential in plasmas. To obtain solutions of the pKP-BKP equation, both the classical and the new Kudryashov methods are employed. It has been tested that the obtained solutions provide equations using the computer algebraic system. Besides, the traveling wave solutions are analyzed through their 2dimensional, 3-dimensional profiles, and contour plots.


Keywords: Combined pKP-BKP equation, The classical Kudryashov method, the new Kudryashov method.

## References:

1. Z.-Y. Ma, J.-X. Fei, W.-P. Cao, H.-L. Wu, "The explicit solution and its soliton molecules in the (2+1)-dimensional pkp-bkp equation," Results in Physics, vol. 35, p. 105 363, 2022, 1ssn: 2211-3797.
2. A.-M. Wazwaz, "New Painlevé Integrable (3+1)-Dimensional Combined pKP-BKP Equation: Lump and Multiple Soliton Solutions," Chinese Physics Letters, vol. 40, no. 12, p. 120 501, Dec. 2023, 1ssn: 0256-307X.
3. N. A. Kudryashov, "One method for finding exact solutions of nonlinear differential equations," Communications in Nonlinear Science and Numerical Simulation, vol. 17, no. 6, pp. 2248-2253, 2012, 1ssn: 1007-5704.
4. M. Ozisik, A. Secer, M. Bayram, H. Aydin, "An encyclopedia of kudryashov's integrability approaches applicable to optoelectronic devices," Optik, vol. 265, p. 169 499, 2022, 1ssn: 0030-4026.


# A High-Order Hybrid Computational Scheme for Solving the RLW Equation 

Emre Kirll ${ }^{l}$, Serpil Clkit ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Haliç University, serpilcikit@halic.edu.tr emrekirli@halic.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Regularised Long Wave (RLW) Equation is introduced by Peregrine and Benjamin et al. [1,2,3] to define the nonlinear dispersive waves and is given in the form $$
u_{\mathrm{t}}+u_{x}+e w u_{x}-\mu u_{x x t}=0
$$

The analytical solutions of the RLW equation are only available on the restricted solution interval of the boundary and initial conditions. Therefore, the approximate solutions of this equation are of increasing importance to see the nature of solitary waves. In this work, in order to obtain the numerical solutions of RLW equation, a high-order hybrid computational method is developed. Our proposed approximation technique is based on combining cubic B-spline and fourth-order compact finite difference scheme for the spatial discretization, while Adam's Moulton scheme is utilized for the temporal discrezation. To see the efficiency and compatible of the method, a test problem is choosen and results are shown in tables and graphs with the results in previous works. The error norm of $L_{\mathrm{ms}}$, the invariants of the solitary wave and rate of the convergence are calculated to show the accuracy of the proposed method and are given with their analytical values for the comparison. The obtained results verify that the suggested scheme displays high accuracy in obtaining the approximate solution of the RLW equation.


Keywords: RLW equation, Solitary waves, Cubic B-spline, Finite difference method, Adam's Moulton sheme.

## References:

1. D. H. Peregrine, Calculations of the development of undular bore, J. Fluid Mech. 25 (1996) 321-330
2. T. B. Benjamin, J. L. Bona, J. J. Mahony, Model equations for long waves in nonlinear systems, Philos. Trans. Royal Soc. London Ser. A 272 (1972) 47-78.
3. S. I. Zaki, Solitary waves of the splitted RLW equation. Comput. Phys. Commun. 138 (2001) 80-91


# Relation-theoretic fixed point results for nonlinear rational contractions with an application on its dislocated Metric Spaces 

Shahbaz Ali ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh, India, shahbazali4786@gmail.com<br>\section*{Abstract}

Weighted In this paper, we prove the results on the existence and uniqueness of fixed points in the setting of dislocated metric space under the aspects of new generalized (phi, psi) -rational contraction using a binary relation. We also provide an example to illustrate our newly proven results. Finally, we give an application to the fractional differential equation.

Keywords: Binary relation, (phi-psi)-rational contraction, Dislocated metric spaces, functional differential equation.

## References

1. A . Alam and M. Imdad, Relation-theoretic contraction principle, J. Fixed Point Theory Appl., 17 (2015), 693-702.
2. A.H. Ansari, Note on phi- psi contractive type mappings and related fixed point, The 2nd regional conference on mathematics and applications, Payame Noor University, (2014), 377-380.
3. M. S. Khan, M. Swaleh, and S. Sessa, Fixed point theorems by altering distances between the points, Bulletin of the Australian Mathematical Society, 30(1) (1984) 1-9.


# Exitence of solution of Integral Equations in Cone metric spaces 

Shiv Kant Tiwari ${ }^{I}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Lukhdhirji Engineering College, Morbi, Gujarat-363642, India<br>shivkant.math@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this study, we use comparison mapping for contractive conditions in cone metric spaces to demonstrate the existence of a solution to mixed type integral equations. We use examples to show how our findings can be put to use.


Keywords: Integral equation, Cone metric spaces, Contractive condition.

## References:

1. D.P. Shukla, S.K. Tiwari, S.K. Shukla, Fixed point theorems for a pair of compatible mappings in integral type equation, Int. J. of Math. Sci. \& Engg. Appls., 7(VI)(2013), 413-419.
2. Z. Kalkan, A. Sahin, Some New Results in Partial Cone b-Metric Space, Communications in Advanced Mathematical Sciences, III(2)(2020),67-73.
3. Benmezai, Krasnoselskii-type fixed point theorem in ordered Banach spaces and application to integral equations, Advances in Pure and Applied Mathematics, 13(1)(2022),50-61
4. G. C. Done, K. L. Bondar, P. U. Chopade, Existence and uniqueness of solution of summation-difference equation of finite delay in cone metric space, Communications in Mathematics and Applications 11(3)(2020),325-334.
5. J. Fernandez, N. Malviya, A. Savic, M. Paunovic, Z.D. Mitrovic, A. Hussain, V. Parvaneh, The extended cone b-metric-like spaces over Banach algebra and some applications, $\Sigma$ Mathematics (2022) https://doi.org/10.3390/math10010149.


# Main concepts of Ulam stability to differential equations 

Snezhana Hristova ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1,2,3}$ Department of Computer Technologies, Plovdiv University, snehri@uni-plovdiv.bg


#### Abstract

The main goal of this talk is to emphasize on the application of Ulam type stability for boundary value problems for differential equations with various types of derivatives, such as ordinary derivatives and fractional derivatives. We will give the basic concepts of the idea of Ulam type stability and we will discuss the main points in the proofs of Ulam type stability. The considerations will include Ulam-Hyers stability, Ulam-Hyers-Rassias stability of boundary value problems for the mentioned above differential equations with various derivatives. We will point out how a common misunderstanding in some published papers could be avoided. The new ideas about the application of Ulam type stability will give a tool for further studies in this area. It will help many authors to avoid common mistakes maked in the proofs of this types of stability..


Keywords: Ulam type stability, differential equations, boundary value problem.

## References:

1. Ulam S.M., A Collection of Mathematical Problems; Interscience Tracts in Pure and Applied Mathematics, no. 8; Interscience Publishers: New York, NY, USA, 1960.
2. D.H. Hyers, G. Isac, Th.M. Rassias, Stability of Functional Equations in Several Variables, Birkhauser, 1998.
3. Rus, I.A., Ulam stability of ordinary differential equations, Studia Univ. "Babes-Bolyai", Mathematica, vol. LIV, No. 4, (2009), 125--133.
4. R. Agarwal. S. Hristova, D. O'Regan, Ulam type stability results for non-instantaneous impulsive differential equations with finite state dependent delay, Dynamic Syst. Appl., vol. 28, No. 1, (2019), 47-61.
5. Agarwal, R.P.; Hristova, S., Ulam-Type Stability for a Boundary-Value Problem for Multi-Term Delay Fractional Differential Equations of Caputo Type, Axioms (2022), vol. 11, 742.


# A Finite difference Scheme for two-point Fractional Boundary Value Problem of Conformable Fractional Derivative 

Suayip TOPRAKSEVEN ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Yozgat Bozok University, suayip.toprakseven@yobu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

The conformabal fractional derivative is a new class of fractional derivative. It does not hold memory effect and it is a natural extention of the ordinary derivative to a non-integer differentiation. The present work considers two-point boundary value problems with convection term and the highest-order derivative of the conformable derivative on [0, L]. We solve the problem numerically using a finite difference method on a uniform mesh. We prove that the method is of first order convergent. Numerical experiments are carried out to verify the theory.


Keywords: Conformable fractional derivative, finite difference method, convergence, singular solution

## References:

1. Baeumer, B., Kovács, M., Meerschaert, M.M., Sankaranarayanan, H.: Boundary conditions for fractional diffusion. J. Comput. Appl. Math. 336, 408-424 (2018)
2. Ervin, V.J., Heuer, N., Roop, J.P.: Regularity of the solution to 1-D fractional order diffusion equations. Math. Comput. 87(313), 2273-2294 (2018)
3. Gracia, J.L., O’Riordan, E., Stynes, M.: Convergence in positive time for a finite difference method applied to a fractional convection-diffusion problem. Comput. Methods Appl. Math. 18(1), 33-42 (2018)
4. Gracia, J.L., O'Riordan, E., Stynes, M.: A fitted scheme for a Caputo initial-boundary value problem. J. Sci. Comput. 76(1), 583-609 (2018).


# On Extension of a N-wave Solution Procedure 

Sukri Khareng ${ }^{l}$, Ömer Ünsal ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics and Computer Sciences, Eskisehir Osmangazi University, sukriyou99@gmail.com ounsal@ogu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

We present an extension of a well known analytical technique which employs wave transformation and logarithmic transformation [1,2,3]. In this approach, dispersion relations and phase shifts play important role in finding various solutions. Obtained solutions are visualized by plotted graphs.


Keywords: N-wave solutions, mixed solutions, logarithmic transformation.

## References:

1. Wang, X., Huang, J. (2024). Diversity of rogue wave solutions to the (1+1)-dimensional Boussinesq equation. Journal of Applied Mathematics and Physics, 12, 458-467.
2. Han, P. F., Bao, T. (2022). Bilinear auto-Backlund transformations and higher-order breather solutions for the (3+1)dimensional generalized KdV-type equation. Nonlinear Dynamics, 110, 1709-1721.
3. Liu, J. G., Yang, X. J., Feng, Y. Y., Cui, P. (2022). Nonlinear dynamic behaviors of the generalized (3+1)-dimensional KP equation. Journal of Applied Mathematics and Mechanics, 102, e202000168.


# Lucas Difference Sequence spaces defined by Orlicz function in 2-normed spaces 

Sunil K. Sharma<br>School of Mathematics, Shri Mata Vaishno Devi University, Katra-182320, Jammu and Kashmir, India<br>sunilksharma42@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this paper, we define the new sequence spaces defined by Orlicz function over 2 -normed space by Lucas difference matrix and its matrix domain and examine some topological and geometrical properties related to these concepts and find some inclusion relation among these spaces.


Keywords: Difference sequence space, Lucas numbers, Orlicz function, Banach Saks property, infinite matrix.

## References:

1. B. Altay and F. Başar, Some Euler sequence spaces of non-absolute type, Ukraïn. Mat. Zh. 57(1) (2005) 3-17.
2. B. Altay and F. Başar, The fine spectrum and the matrix domain of the difference operator $\Delta$ on the sequence space $\ell p(0$ $<\mathrm{p}<1)$, Commun. Math. Anal. 2(2) (2009) 1-11.
3. M. Mursaleen and Abdullah K. Noman, On some new difference sequence spaces of non-absolute type, Math. Comput. Modelling 52(3-4) (2010) 603-617.
4. S. Pehlivan and B. Fisher, On some sequence spaces, Indian J. Pure Appl. Math. 25(10) (1994) 1067-1071.


# Solvability Problems of Elliptic Equations in non-standart Banach Sobolev Function Spaces 

Yusuf Zeren ${ }^{1}$, Seyma Cetin ${ }^{1,2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University<br>${ }^{2}$ İstanbul Medipol University<br>yzeren@yildiz.edu.tr<br>seyymacetin@gmail.com<br>seyma.cetin@medipol.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this work, the results about the local existence theorems in "non-separable case" in grand Sobolev spaces and local solvability in "separable case" in weighted grand Sobolev spaces are expressed for m -th order elliptic equations. In addition, the results obtained for concepts such as extension theorem, trace operator, trace space, which are necessary for existence theorems for elliptic equations, are given.


Keywords: Grand Sobolev spaces, weighted grand Sobolev spaces, elliptic operator, local solvability, extension theorem, trace space

Acknowledgement: This work is supported by Yıldız Technical University Scientific Research Projects Coordination Unit(BAP), Project Code: FDK-2023-5677.

## References:

1. Bilalov, B.T., Sadigova, S., Zeren, Y., Cetin S. 2023. "On Solvability in the small and Schauder-type Estimates for higher order Elliptic Equations in grand-Sobolev Spaces(nonseparable case)", Applicable Analysis, 102(11), 3064-3077, Doi no: 10.1080/00036811.2022.2052859.
2. Bilalov, B.T., Zeren, Y., Sadigova, S., Cetin S. 2022. "Solvability in the small of m-th order Elliptic Equations in weighted grand-Sobolev Spaces", Turkish Journal of Math, 46(6), 2078-2095, Doi no: 10.55730/1300-0098.3255
3. Bilalov, B.T., Sadigova, S., Cetin S. 2022. The Concept of a Trace and the Boundedness of the Trace Operator in Banach Sobolev Function Spaces, Numerical Functional Analysis and Optimization, 43(9), 10691094, Doi no: 10.1080/01630563.2022.2085744.


# Stability of Perturbed Set Differential Equations Related to Unperturbed Set Differential Equations with Initial Time Difference 

Coşkun YAKAR ${ }^{l}$,Tuba SATILMIŞ̧ ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Gebze TechnicalUniversity, cyakar@gtu.edu.tr t.satilmis2022@gtu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

We have investigatedthat the qualitative behavior of a perturbed set differential equation that differs in the initial position and initial time concerning the unperturbed set differential equation. We compare the classical notion of stability criteria to the notion of initial time difference stability of set differential systems. We present some comparison results.


Keywords:Set differential equations, perturbed differential systems, initial time difference, stability, comparison results.
AMS (MOS) subject classification: 34D10, 34D99.

## References:

1. Yakar, C. Boundedness criteria with the initial time difference in terms of two measures, Dynamics of Continuous, Discrete \& Impulsive Systems. Series A, vol. 14, supplement 2, (2007) 270--274.
2. Yakar C. and Çiçek M. and Gücen, M.B. "Boundedness and Lagrange stability of fractional order perturbed system related to unperturbed systems with the initial time difference in Caputo's sense." Advances in Difference Equations 2011:54. Doi:10.1186/1687-1847-2011-54. ISSN: 1687-1847.
3. Yakar C., Çiçek M. and Gücen M. B. "Practical Stability in Terms of Two Measures for Fractional Order Dynamic Systems in Caputo's Sense with Initial Time Difference" Journal of theFranklinInstitute.PII: S0016-0032(13)00377-3 DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jfranklin.2013.10.009. Ref.: FI1903. (2013). (SCI)
4. Yakar C., Çiçek M. and Gücen M. B. "Practical Stability, Boundedness Criteria and Lagrange Stability of Fuzzy Differential Systems" Journal of Computers and Mathematics with Applications. 64 (2012) 2118-2127. Doi: 10.1016/j.camwa.2012.04.008. (2012).
5. Yakar, C. Strict stability criteria of perturbed systems concerning unperturbed systems in terms of initial time difference. Complex Analysis and Potential Theory, World Scientific, Hackensack, NJ, USA (2007) 239--248.


# On the annihilators of holonomic D-modules 

Tuğba Mahmutçepoğlu ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Mathematics, Gebze Technical University, t.mahmutcepoglu@gtu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Let $R$ be either a polynomial ring $k\left[x_{1}, x_{2}, \ldots, x_{n}\right]$ or a formal power series ring $k\left[\left[x_{1}, x_{2}, \ldots, x_{n}\right]\right]$ with $n$ variables over a field k of characteristic zero. Then the ring of $k$-linear differential operators $D=D(R, k)$ consists of $k$ space endomorphisms of $R$ generated by multiplications of elements in $R$ and the usual differential operators $\partial_{\mathrm{i}}=\frac{\partial}{\partial_{i}}$ for $1 \leq i \leq n$.

In this study, we examine the holonomic modules over $D(R, k)$ and give an elementary proof of the well known fact that the annihilator of a holonomic D -module is zero.

Keywords: D-modules, holonomic modules, faithful modules

\section*{References:} 1. J.-E. Björk, "Rings of Differential Operators", North-Holland, 1979. 2. G. Lyubeznik, "Finiteness properties of local cohomology modules (an application of $D$ - modules to Commutative Algebra)", Invent. math., 113, 1993, p.p 41-55. 3. W. Zhang, "Fe-modules with applications to D-modules", J.Algebra, 617, 2023, p.p. 340-351




# Weighted Hardy Inequalities - Equivalent Characterizations 

Tuğçe Ünver ${ }^{1}$
${ }^{1}$ Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Department of Mathematics, Kirikkale University, 71450, Yahsihan, Kirikkale, Türkiye
tugceunver@kku.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this talk we will primarily focus on the characterizations of weighted Hardy inequalities. Hardy inequalities can be characterized using a variety of well-known techniques, and there are several equivalent conditions. In this presentation, we will discuss new methods for obtaining equivalent conditions.


Keywords: Weighted inequalities, Hardy operator, equivalent conditions, discretization

## References:

1. A. Gogatishvili, A. Kufner, An equivalence theorem for integral conditions related to Hardy's inequality, Real Analysis Exchange, 29 (2004) 867-880.
2. A. Gogatishvili, A. Kufner and L.E. Persson, Some new scales of characterization of Hardy's inequality, Proceedings of the Estonian Academy of Sciences 59 (1) (2010) 7-18.
3. A. Kufner, L.E. Persson and N. Samko, Weighted inequalities of Hardy type. Second edition. World Scientific Publishing Co. Pte. Ltd., Hackensack, NJ, 2017. xx+459 pp.
4. A. Gogatishvili, L. Pick, The two-weight Hardy inequality: A new elementary and universal proof, Proceedings of the American Mathematical Society, Early view (2023). https://doi.org/10.1090/proc/16409


# Improvement of Rough Approximations Using Somewhat Open Sets 

Ümit Can KÖMÜR ${ }^{l}$, Oya Bedre ÖZBAKIR ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Ege University umitcankomur@gmail.com<br>oya.ozbakir@ege.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this paper, we introduce new rough set models leveraging the concepts of somewhat open sets. We define Pj somewhat open and Cj -somewhat open sets obtained using j-adhesion and containment neighbourhoods. Then, based on these sets, we define new types of rough approximations and accuracy measures. We also compare this approach with the previous ones, and show that it is more accurate than those in the case of reflexive relations. Finally, we show that the rough approximations based on Pj -somewhat open sets are more accurate than those based on Cj -somewhat open sets.


Keywords: Rough sets, lower and upper approximations, somewhat open sets, neighbourhood spaces.

## References:

1. Abu-Gdairi, R., El-Gayar, M. A., Al-shami, T. M., Nawar, A. S., \& El-Bably, M. K. (2022). Some topological approaches for generalized rough sets and their decision-making applications. Symmetry, 14(1), 95.
2. AL-SHAMI, Tareq M. An improvement of rough sets' accuracy measure using containment neighborhoods with a medical application. Information Sciences, 2021, 569: 110-124.
3. Al-shami, T. M. (2022). Topological approach to generate new rough set models. Complex \& Intelligent Systems, 8(5), 4101-4113.


# On the existence and uniqueness of a solution to a mixed problem for one class of equations 

Vagif Mastaliyev ${ }^{1,2,3}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Control for Intelligent Systems, Academy of Public Administration under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan, ${ }^{2}$ Azerbaijan State Pedagogical University, Baku, Azerbaijan<br>${ }^{3}$ Azerbaijan State Oil and Industry University<br>vagiftrk1@rambler.ru<br>Abstract


#### Abstract

It is known that mixed problems both for equations correct according to I.G. Petrovsky may turn out to be incorrect, and for incorrect equations they may be correct. In this article, we study the existence and uniqueness of a solution to a mixed problem for a class of equations with complex-valued coefficients that behave as parabolic, despite the fact that over time they can switch from parabolic type to Schrödinger type, or even to antiparabolic type.

Note that the main characteristic property of these equations is that for the equations of the corresponding spectral problems, the argument of the roots of the characteristic polynomial of J. Birkhoff is not constant.


Keywords: Cauchy problem, parabolic equation, classical solution, existence, uniqueness.

## References:

1. Mamedov Yu.A. On Sturm-Liouville problem in the case of complex plane, Vestnik BSU, 1998, №1, p.133-142.
2. Mamedov Yu.A. Investigation of the well-defined of linear one-dimensional mixed problems for general systems of patical differential equations in particular derivatives with constant coefficients. - Baku, 1988. (Preprint of the Institute of Physics AN Azerbaijan. SSR. 20. -67 p.).
3. Mamedov Yu.A. On the well-defined of general mixed problems. Differential. equations. -1990. -vol. 26, no 3. p. 534537.
4. Rasulov M.L. "Contour integral method" M., Nauka - Elm 1964, 462 pp.
5. Mamedov Yu.A. On the Sturm-Liouville problem in the case of complex density, Vestnik BSU, 1998, No. 1, pp. 133-142.
6. Yu.A. Mamedov, V.Yu. Mastaliyev On the existence of a solution to a mixed problem for one class of equations with typical degeneration NEWS OF BAKU UNIVERSITY №1.2019
7. Yu.A. Mamedov, V.Yu. Mastaliyev On Solvability of a Mixed Problem for a Class of Equations That Change Type Azerbaijan Journal of Mathematics V. 14, No 1, 2024, January


# Novel Perspectives on Hermite-Hadamard Inequalities with Tempered Fractional Integrals 

Wali Haider ${ }^{l}$, Huseyin Budak ${ }^{2}$, Asia Shehzadi ${ }^{l}$, Fatih Hezenci ${ }^{2}$, Haibo Chen ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ School of Mathematics and Statistics, Central South University, Changsha 410083, China, ${ }^{2}$ Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science and Arts, Duzce University, Duzce-Turkey,

haiderwali416@gmail.com<br>hsyn.budak@gmail.com<br>ashehzadi937@gmail.com fatihezenci@gmail.com<br>math chb@csu.edu.cn


#### Abstract

This research delves into the derivation of midpoint-type and trapezoid-type inequalities via tempered fractional integrals by utilizing functions whose second derivatives are bounded. Furthermore, we obtain a new version of the Hermite-Hadamard inequality, incorporating tempered fractional integrals. Notably, our approach diverges from conventional methods by evolving the condition $F^{v}(\sigma+\rho-\eta) \geq F^{v}(\eta)$, for all $\eta \in\left[\sigma_{s} \frac{\sigma+\rho}{2}\right]$, instead of relying on the convexity of the function.


Keywords: Hermite-Hadamard inequality, integral inequalities, bounded functions, tempered fractional integrals.

## References:

1. Budak, H., Kara, H., Sarikaya, M. Z., \& Kiriş, M. E. (2020). New extensions of the Hermite-Hadamard inequalities involving Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals. Miskolc Mathematical Notes, 21(2), 665-678.
2. Budak, H., Hezenci, F., Tunc, T., \& Kara, H. (2024). On new versions of Hermite-Hadamard-type inequalities based on tempered fractional integrals. Filomat, 38(7), 2361-2379.
3. Chen, F. (2016). Extensions of the Hermite-Hadamard inequality for convex functions via fractional integrals. J. Math. Inequal, 10(1), 75-81.
4. Dragomir, S. S., Cerone, P., \& Sofo, A. (1998). Some remarks on the midpoint rule in numerical integration. RGMIA research report collection, 1(2).
5. Dragomir, S. S., Cerone, P., \& Sofo, A. (1999). Some remarks on the trapezoid rule in numerical integration. RGMIA research report collection, 2(5).


# An Interconnected system of difference equations with coefficients linked to Fibonacci numbers 

Yacine Halim ${ }^{1}$, Amira Khelifa ${ }^{2}$, Mehmet Gümüşs ${ }^{3}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Abdelhafid Boussouf University Center of Mila, Algeria,<br>${ }^{2}$ Mohamed Seddik Ben Yahia University, Jijel, Algeria,<br>${ }^{3}$ Bülent Ecevit University, Zonguldak, Turkey

halyacine@yahoo.fr
amkhelifa@yahoo.com m.gumus@beun.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this work we solve a system of difference equation. We give a representation of its general solution in terms of Fibonacci numbers and the initial values. Some theoretical justifications related to the representation for the general solution are also given.


Kyewords: System of difference equations • General solution • Fibonacci sequence, stability.

## References:

1. Y. Halim, A. Khelifa, M. Berkal and A. Bouchair, On a solvable system of p difference equations of higher order. Periodica Mathematica Hungarica, 85, 109-127 (2022).
2. M. Gümüş, The global asymptotic stability of a system of difference equations, Journal of Difference Equations and Applications, 24:6, 976-991(2018).
3. A . Khelifa, Y. Halim and M. Berkal, On the solutions of a system of $(2 p+1)$ difference equations of higher order. Miskolc Mathematical Notes. 22 (2), 331-350 (2021).
4. A . Khelifa, Y. Halim, A. Bouchair and M. Berkal, On a system of three difference equations of higher order solved in terms of Lucas and Fibonacci numbers. Mathematica Slovaca. 70(3), 641-656 (2021).
5. A. Khelifa and Y. Halim, General solutions to systems of difference equations and some of their representations. Journal of Applied Mathematics and Computing. 67, 439-453 (2021).


# Generalized Complex Francois Numbers 

Yasemin ALP ${ }^{l}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Mathematics and Science Education, Selcuk University, yaseminalp66@gmail.com


#### Abstract

In this paper, we introduce the generalized complex Francois numbers and provide some of their properties, such as Binet's formula, the generating function, Cassini, Catalan, and d'Ocagne identities. Furthermore, we compute summation formulas for generalized complex Francois numbers. Keywords: Binet's formula, Fibonacci numbers, Francois numbers, complex Fibonacci numbers.


## References:

1. P. Catarino and A. Borges, On Leonardo numbers, Acta Math. Univ. Comen. 89(1) (2019) 75-86.
2. A . F. Horadam, Complex Fibonacci numbers and Fibonacci quaternions, Am. Math. Mon., 70(3) (1963) 289-291.
3. Diskaya, O., Menken, H. \& P. Catarino (2023). On the hyperbolic Leonardo and hyperbolic Francois quaternions, Journal of New Theory, 42, 74-85.
4. T. Koshy, Fibonacci and Lucas Numbers with Applications, John Wiley\&Sons, 2001.
5. S. Vajda, Fibonacci and Lucas Numbers and the Golden Section: Theory and Applications, Halsted Press, 1989.


# Interaction Between Grains And Surrounding Fluid: Impact Phenomena 

Yasin Sefa Aslan ${ }^{1}$, Samire Yazar ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Gebze Technical University, yaslan@gtu.edu.tr<br>syazar@gtu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

The interaction between fluid and a single grain or two grains in a straight thin channel is investigated both analytically and numerically. A two-way nonlinear 2D unsteady interaction takes place between the fluid and the grain. The study consists of the following stages; In the first stage, the nonlinear interaction between a small particle with a certain thickness and/or camber and the fluid is modelled and the characterisation of this model will be described. Then, a possible impact between the body and the channel walls is discussed in detail and some analytical approach is presented. Finally, small-time behaviour of the interacting two bodies is analysed analytically.

This mathematical study is expected to provide improvements in the analysis and simulation studies of some problems in the industrial field and contribute to innovative approaches in the related field. Particle separation systems that provide the separation of foreign particles that can damage aircraft engines and food separation in the field of food technologies are among the main application areas of the model. The study includes numerical and analytical studies and comparisons between those two.


Keywords: Fluid-Body Interaction, Impacts, Particle Movement

Acknowledgements: The authors wish to thank TUBITAK, The Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey, for supporting the conduct of this study under the grant number of 121 C 437 .

## References:

1. Smith, F. T., \& Wilson, P. L. (2011). Fluid-body interactions: clashing, skimming, bouncing. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences, 369(1947), 3007-3024.
2. Smith, F. T., \& Ellis, A. S. (2010). On interaction between falling bodies and the surrounding fluid. Mathematika, 56(1), 140-168.
3. Balta, S., \& Smith, F. T. (2018). Fluid flow lifting a body from a solid surface. Proceedings of the Royal Society A, 474(2219), 20180286.
4. Smith, F. T., \& Wilson, P. L. (2013). Body-rock or lift-off in flow. Journal of fluid mechanics, 735, 91-119.


# Asymptotic behavior and blow up of solutions for a p-Biharmonic equation with logarithmic source term 

Yavuz Dinç ${ }^{1}$,<br>${ }^{l}$ Department of Business Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences, Mardin Artuklu University, Mardin yavuzdinc@artuklu.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this presentation, we consider p -Biharmonic equation with logarithmic source term. This type equation arises many branches of sciences such as inflation cosmology, nuclear physics, supersymmetric field theories and quantum mechanics. Firstly, we prove the asymptotic behavior of solutions. Later, we consider the blow up of solutions.


Keywords: Asymptotic behavior, Blow up, p-Biharmonic equation, Logarithmic term.

## References:

1. Y. Dinç, E. Pişkin, C. Tunç, Upper bounds for the blow up time for the Kirchhoff-type equation, Communications Faculty of Sciences University of Ankara Series A1: Mathematics and Statistics, 72 (2) (2023) 352-362.
2. E. Pişkin, Z. Çalışır, Decay and blow up at infinite time of solutions for a logarithmic Petrovsky equation, Tbilisi Mathematical Journal, 13 (4) (2020) 113-127.
3. Y. Chu, Y. Wu, L. Cheng, Blow up and Decay for a Class of p-Laplacian Hyperbolic Equation with Logarithmic Nonlinearity, Taiwanese Journal of Mathematics, 26 (4) (2022) 741-763.


# Heart Sound Time-Frequency Feature Extraction for Improved Heart Disease Detection Using the Short-Time Fourier Transform, S-Transform, and MFCCs 

Zaied Al-Haj ${ }^{I^{\prime 2}}$, Mahmut Ozturk ${ }^{1}$, and Mohammed Alsharafi ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Department of Biomedical Engineering, Istanbul University- Cerrahpasa, Turkey,<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Biomedical Engineering, University of Science and Technology, Yemen,<br>zalhaj@ogr.iuc.edu.tr<br>mahmutoz@iuc.edu.tr<br>alsharafi205010@gmail.com


#### Abstract

Accurate analysis of heart sounds is crucial for diagnosing and monitoring cardiovascular diseases. This study presents a comprehensive approach to extracting informative time-frequency features from heart sound signals, leveraging advanced signal processing techniques. The Short-Time Fourier Transform (STFT) is employed to obtain time-varying spectral representations, revealing frequency variations and intensity changes across cardiac cycles. Spectrogram analysis provides visual representations of the frequency content and temporal evolution, enabling the identification of spectral peaks, bandwidth, and temporal patterns associated with cardiac events. Furthermore, the S-transform, a hybrid of the STFT and wavelet transform, offers high-resolution time-frequency representations. It captures subtle changes in frequency content and temporal dynamics, crucial for detecting abnormalities in heart sounds. Mel-Frequency Cepstral Coefficients (MFCCs) are derived from the Mel-frequency scale, known to mimic the human auditory system's response. MFCCs encode spectral and temporal characteristics of heart sound signals, providing a compact representation of the spectral envelope and temporal variations. By leveraging these state-of-the-art signal processing techniques, this study aims to extract comprehensive time-frequency features from heart sound signals. These features can be used to train machine learning models for accurate classification and anomaly detection, ultimately improving the diagnosis and monitoring of cardiovascular diseases.


Keywords: Short-Time Fourier Transform (STFT), S-transform, Mel-Frequency Cepstral Coefficients (MFCCs).

## References:

1. M.A.A. Yousif, M. Ozturk, (2024). "ConceFT-based epileptic seizure detection via transfer learning". Signal, Image and Video Processing Journal-Springer(SIViP).
2. V. Namias, (1980). "The fractional order Fourier transform and its application to quantum mechanics," J. Inst. Math. Appl., vol. 25, no. 3, pp. 241-265,
3. L. B. Almeida, (1994). "The fractional Fourier transform and time-frequency representations," IEEE Trans. Signal Process., vol. 42, no. 11, pp. 3084-3091.
4. A. Serbes, (2017). "Compact fractional Fourier domains," IEEE Signal Process. Lett., vol. 24, no. 4, pp. 427-431.
5. Z. Aloui, K. Brahim, (2023). Fractional Fourier Transform, Signal Processing and Uncertainty Principles. Circuits Syst Signal Process 42, 892-912.

# Mathematical Modelling of The Effects on Educational Success By Machine Learning Algorithms 

Zeynep Bakan ${ }^{1}$, Filiz Kanbay ${ }^{2}$<br>1,2 Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, zeyno.cuk@hotmail.com<br>fkanbay@yildiz.edu.tr


#### Abstract

Nowadays, machine learning, which is used for classification, clustering and prediction in many fields such as health, media, banking, industry and finance, is also used in the field of education [1]. There are many studies in the literature examining the factors affecting the educational success of students with machine learning [2], [3], [4], [5], [6], [7], [8]. In this study, the data set called "Higher Education Students Performance Evaluation" which contains 145 information from the https://archive.ics.uci.edu/dataset/ website and has no missing data, was used to investigate the factors affecting the academic success of students by using machine learning methods k-nearest neighbor, naïve bayes, random forest, support vector machines, decision tree and boosting [9]. Modeling was developed using the Python language in the Anaconda Navigator environment [10]. Hyperparameters maximizing the model success of the established mathematical models was identified and model success criteria was determined.


Keywords: Machine learning, k-nearest neighbor, random forest, naïve bayes, support vector machines, education and training.

## References:

1. Alpaydın, E. (2010). Introduction to Machine Learning. The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, London, England.
2. Yılmaz, N.\& Şekeroğlu, B. (2019, Ağustos, 27-28). Student Performance Classification Using Artificial Intelligence Techniques. 10 th International Conference on Theory and Application of Soft Computing, Computing with Words and Perceptions-ICSCCW-2019, Prag, 596-603.
3. Şekeroğlu, B., Dimililer, K., Tuncal, K. (2019) Student Performance Prediction and Classification Using Machine Learning Algorithms ICEIT 2019: Proceedings of the 2019 8th International Conference on Educational and Information Technology 7-11
4. Bezek Güre, Ö. (2023). Investigating the Performance of Feature Selection Methods in Classifying Student Success, International Journal of Education Technology and Scientific Researches, 8(24), 2695-2728
5. Phatai, G., \& Luangrungruang, T. (2023, March, 18-20). A Comparative Study of Hybrid Neural Network with Metaheuristics for Student Performance Classification. In 2023 11th International Conference on Information and Education Technology (ICIET) (pp. 448-452). IEEE. Fujisawa, Japan
6. Jabardi, M. H. (2022). Machine learning techniques for assessing students'environments'impact factors on their academic performance. International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer Science, 13(2). http://dx.doi.org/10.26483/ijarcs.v13i2.6813
7. Hengpraprohm, K., Hengpraprohm, S., \& Sudjitjoon, W. (2022). A Study of Factors Affecting Learning Efficiency on Higher Education Student Performance Evaluation Dataset Using Feature Selection Techniques. Information Technology Journal, 18(2), 34-43. https://ph01.tci-thaijo.org/index.php/IT_Journal/article/view/251051
8. Pallathadka H., Wenda, A., Ramirez-Asís E., Asís-López M., FloresAlbornoz J. and Phasinam K. (2021). Classification and prediction of student performance data using various machine learning algorithms, Mater. Today Proc.doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.matpr.2021.07.382.
9. Albon, C. (2018) Machine Learning with Python Cookbook: Practical Solutions from Preprocessing to Deep Learning (1. Baskı). O'Reilly Media
10. Jake, V. (2017), Python Data Science Handbook: Essential Tools for Working with Data, O'Reilly Media, Inc.

# Some Dunford-Pettis Operators in Banach Lattices 

Omer Gok ${ }^{1}$, Zeynep Yavuz ${ }^{2}$<br>${ }^{1,2}$ Department of Mathematics, Yildiz Technical University, gok@yildiz.edu.tr<br>zeynep.yavuz@std.yildiz.edu.tr


#### Abstract

In this talk, we introduce and study some Dunford-Pettis Operators in Banach Lattices. For example, weak Dunford-Pettis operator, weak* Dunford-Pettis operator, almost Dunford-Pettis operator, order (L)-Dunford-Pettis operator and so on.

Keywords: Banach Lattice, Dunford-Pettis operator, Banach Space, Topological Space, weak Dunford-Pettis operator, weak* Dunford-Pettis operator, almost Dunford-Pettis operator


## References:

1. Aliprantis, C.D. , Burkinshaw, O. : Positive Operators. Reprint of the 1985 original. Springer, Berlin (2006)
2. El Fahri, K. , Machrafi, N. , G’Michane, J. , Elbour, A. : Application of (L) Sets to Some Classes of Operators. Mathematica Bohemica, No. 3, 327-338 (June 16, 2016)
3. Meyer-Nieberg, P. : Banach Lattices. Universitext. Springer, Berlin, 1991.


## A

Baharchin Akhmedli - 55
Bakhtiyor J. Kadirkulov - 26
Bayram Ali Ersoy - 103, 152
Begüm Çalışkan Desova - 56
Berrabah Bendoukha - 34
Betul Yildirim - 57
Beyzanur Topkara - 58
Burhan Tiryakioglu - 80
Buthinah A. Bin Dehaish - 162
Büşra Çelebi - 59
Aboubaker El-Saddik Bouziane - 34
Adem Kızıltepe - 35, 36
Adem Kilicman - 118
Adnan Tercan - 72
Ahmad al-Omari - 37
Ahmed M. Al-Audhahi - 38
Aldin Baş - 61
Alexander Meskhi - 18
Ali A. Shukur - 41
Ali Ahmed Abdullah - 39
Ali Boussayoud - 40, 69, 157
Ali Eren Karakulak - 81
C

Cemil Karaçam - 42, 60, 61, 111
Chahnaz Zakia Timimoun - 62
Chérif Farouk - 161
Cihan Unal - 64
Coşkun Yakar - 178

Alper Vural-42
Alperen Kızılay - 43
Amer Ibrahim Al-Omari - 44
Amin Saif - 29, 38, 128
Amina Boucenna - 45, 47
Amira Khelifa - 46, 184
Amira Rouaghi - 47
Amiran Gogatishvili - 19
Anwar Saleh - 162
Arslan Munir - 48
Asia Shehzadi - 49, 183
Asif Khan - 127
Atakan Tuğkan Yakut - 43
Aynur Çöl-50
Aysenur Busra Cakay - 51
Ayşe Fidan - 52
Ayşe Sena Abalı - 53, 149

## B

Bağdagül Kartal Erdoğan - 104
Bahar Doğan Yazıcı - 54
$C$
Çiğdem Seçkin Gürel - 84

## D

Dariusz Wardowski - 65
David Cruz-Uribe - 20, 91
Diana Audi - 66
Didem Tozkan - 67
Dilara Karslığlu - 68
Dounya Hamek - 69
Döne Karahan Dinsever - 70
$\boldsymbol{E}$
Ebru Öztürk - 71
Edanur Tastan - 72
Efruz Özlem Mersin - 73
Ekrem Aljimi - 74
Elif Demir - 75
Elif Eryaşar - 82
Emine Funda Okumuş - 76
Emre Kırlı - 170
Eralp Akay - 42

Erhan Deniz - 35, 36
Erhan Pişkin - 52, 96, 97
Erhan Solmazgül - 77
Erol Yılmaz - 146
Esma Dirican Erdal - 78
Esmael Ahmed AL-Junid - 79
Esmanur Yıldız - 80
Esra Göv-81
Esra Öztürk Sözen - 82
Eylem Öztürk - 83
Ezgi Engin Kıraç - 84

F
F. Hilal Gümüș - 153

Farman Mamedov - 21
Faruk Özger - 85, 86, 118
Faten H. Damag - 87
Fatih Hezenci - 183
Fatih Hezenci - 49
Fatih Sirin - 88, 120
Fatih Ulas - 81
Feray Hacivelioglu - 89
Ferit Gürbüz - 90
Feyza Elif Dal - 91
Figen Takıl Mutlu - 72
Filiz Kanbay - 151, 189
Filiz Ocak - 92
Fuat Gurcan - 93
Funda Babaarslan - 94
Funda Özdemir - 103

## $G$

Gary F. Birkenmeier - 72
Golev Angel - 158
Gökhan Yıldırım - 123
Görkem Özçelik - 121
Gulden Karshygina - 95
Gül Karadeniz Gözeri - 167
Gülistan Butakın - 96, 97
Gülşah Paf Şahin - 98

H

Habib Djourdem - 99
Hacer Şengül Kandemir - 139

Haibo Chen - 49, 183
Haifa Ahmed - 100, 130
Hajjaji Salsabil - 161
Halil Yakıt - 111
Hamid Beddani - 101
Haqiqat Ashirova - 102
Harrat Chahrazed - 63
Hatice Çay - 103
Hazzirah Izzati Mat Hassim - 117
Hikmet Seyhan Özarslan - 104
Hilal Orhan - 53
Hristev Rosen - 158
Huseyin Budak - 49, 133, 183
Huseyin Tuna - 57
Hüseyin Budak - 48

I

Imad Jaradat - 105
Imran Talib - 106

## $\dot{I}$

İlknur Erdurmuş - 107

## J

Jasbir Singh Manhas - 108

## K

Kader Șimşir Acar - 109
Kalyan Das - 110
Kayra Ege Altun - 111
Kejal Khatri-112
Kevser Soytürk - 113
Khanlar R. Mamedov - 50
Koray İbrahim Atabey - 114

## L

Lütfi Akın - 53, 115, 149

## M

Mahmut Ozturk - 188
Mahvish Ali - 116

Mahwash Imtiaz - 117
Md. Asaduzzaman - 118
Md. Nasiruzzaman - 119

Mehmet Firat - 121
Mehmet Gümüş - 184
Mehmet Özükanar - 120
Melih Çaylak - 121
Melih Çınar - 169
Melike Dilbeyen - 122
Melis Gezer - 123
Merve Kara - 122
Metehan Turan - 124
Migdad I. İsmailov - 109
Mikail Et-114, 139
Mohamed Elarbi Benattia - 125
Mohammad Dilshad-126
Mohammad Hassan Mudaber - 117
Mohammad Iliyas - 127
Mohammad Mursaleen - 22, 75, 127
Mohammed Alsharafi - 32, 100, 130, 188
Mohammed Jaadan - 128
Mohammed Mohsen - 129
Mubark Saleh Yahya Raana - 131
Muhammad Abdul Basit - 132
Muhammad Imran - 132
Muhammad Toseef - 133
Muhammad Uzair Awan - 134
Muhammad Zakria Javed - 134
Muhammed Çınar - 114
Muhammed Mustafa Akyol - 60
Murat Karakaş - 114
Murat Kirişci - 135, 136
Mustafa Bahşi - 73
Mustafa Gezek - 113
Mustafa Gülfırat - 137, 138
Mustafa Polat - 56
Mutlu Akar - 71
Müge Meyvacı - 159
Müzeyyen Ertürk - 98

## $N$

Nayil Kilic - 72
Nazlım Deniz Aral - 139
Nebiye Gedik - 140
Nida Palamut Koşar - 145

Nisa Aslan - 141
Nizamettin Aydın - 23
Nor Haniza Sarmin - 117
Noureddine Bouteraa - 142
Nurullah Yılmaz - 143, 144

## 0

Oigul A. Matchanova - 26
Oktay Deveci - 94
Omer Gok - 58, 190
Oya Bedre Özbakır - 181

## $\ddot{O}$

Ömer Ünsal - 175
Özge Akçay - 145
Özgür Yıldırım - 140
Özlem Altunbezel -146
Özlem Bakşi - 147
Özlem Karaagacli - 148
Öznur Çıtrık - 149

## $\boldsymbol{P}$

Pembe Ipek Al-150
Pınar Albayrak - 107
Pınar Değirmenci - 144
Pinar Dasdemir - 151

## $Q$

Qussai Haj Hussein - 152

## $\boldsymbol{R}$

Raafat Abo-Zeid - 153
Rabia Savaș - 154, 155
Ramazan Eyyubov - 102
Ramazan Yasar-72
Rameez A. Bhatt - 127
Rimsha Babar - 156
Rokiya Sahali - 157
Ruhan Zhao - 108
Rukiye Kara - 159

Tuba Satılmıs - 178
Tuğba Mahmutçepoğlu - 179
Tuğçe Ünver - 19, 180
Tunahan Dundar - 60
Saleem Yaseen Majeed - 160
Sami Sezer Arbağ - 77
Samire Yazar - 186
Sarah Alraddadi - 162
Scott Rodney - 24
Sebahat Ebru Das - 59
Seda Kızılbudak Çalışkan - 147
Seda Öztürk - 163
Sedef Karakılıç - 164
Sedef Özcan - 164
Selim Yavuz - 165, 166
Selin Sarı - 167
Selmahan Selim - 51
Senanur Benli - 168
Sercan Kazımoğlu - 36
Sercan Șen - 169
Serkan Onar - 124
Serpil C1kıt - 170
Setenay Akduman - 164
Sevilay Kırcı Serenbay - 70, 160
Seyma Cetin - 177
Shahbaz Ali - 171
Shiv Kant Tiwari - 172
Sibel Cansu - 146
Snezhana Hristova - 173
Sofiène Tahar - 25
Suayip Toprakseven - 174
Suayip Yuzbasi - 148
Sukri Khareng - 175
Suliman Dawood-38
Sultan Yamak - 76
Sunil K. Sharma - 176

## $S$

Şerif Efe Dartar - 111
$T$
Taylan Şengül - 80
Telman Gasymov - 55
Toros Arda Akșen - 121

Tursun K. Yuldashev - 26

## $U$

Uğur Tuğra Kızılöz - 81
Uğur Ustaoğlu - 146
Ümit Can Kömür - 181

## V

Vagif Mastaliyev-182
Varga Kalantarov - 27

W
Wali Haider - 49, 183
Wutiphol Sintunavarat - 156

## Y

Yacine Halim - 46, 184
Yahya Qaid Hasan - 79, 129, 131
Yasemin Alp - 185
Yasin Kuddusi Kutucu - 121
Yasin Sefa Aslan - 186
Yavuz Dinç - 187
Yonca Sezer - 147
Yoshihiro Sawano - 28
Yusuf Zeren - 21, 61, 75, 91, 120, 168, 169,
177
Yücel Özkan - 35

## Z

Zaied Al-Haj - 188
Zameddin I. Ismailov - 150
Zeynep Bakan - 189
Zeynep Yavuz - 190


[^0]:    7th International HYBRID Conference on Mathematical Advances and Applications May 8-11, 2024, İstanbul / TÜRKİYE https://2024.icomaas.com/

[^1]:    7th International HYBRID Conference on Mathematical Advances and Applications May 8-11, 2024,

[^2]:    7th International HYBRID Conference on Mathematical Advances and Applications May 8-11, 2024, İstanbul / TÜRKİYE https://2024.icomaas.com/

